THE LOWELL SUN

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1897. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

CHIEF OF MALAYS

PATRICK O'LEARY, ONCE AN AMERICAN RESIDENT, NOW THE BIG CHIEF OF THE MALAY TRIBES. AN ILLUSTRATED ARTICLE OF PECULIAR INTEREST IN TOMORROW'S SUN. THERE ARE LOTS OF GOOD THINGS IN THE SUN.

BIGGEST CROSS

SOME OF THE PICTURED FEATURES OF TOMORROW'S SUN ARE THE LARGEST CROSS IN THE WORLD, THE NEW MINISTER TO SIAM, THE CHINESE MINISTER, AND O'LEARY THE CHIEF OF THE MALAYS.

FIRST EDITION

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for New England: Cloudy weather, probably with occasional showers; southwesterly winds.

WITH THE POLICE

Numerous Cases Now Occupying Their Attention.

CONSTABLE GATELY RECOVERS A STOLEN BICYCLE.

A Couple of Local Horse Cases.

Inspector Allen went to New Haven, Conn., yesterday, and brought Charles Carthy of this city who was arrested there two weeks ago for alleged embezzlement of a horse and wagon from his uncle in this city. Requisition papers were received yesterday.

DUCHARME FINED $20.

When both sides of the Ducharme-McGuskell assault case had been heard yesterday in police court, Judge Pickman fined the defendant $20.

STOLE 13 WATCHES.

The watch repairing shop of Thomas Barnes on Gorham street was broken into by breaking the glass in a door and 13 watches were stolen. No arrest have been made.

CHASE FOR FURNITURE.

Elie Delisle, the Tucker street furniture dealer, states that he was obliged to get up at 1 o'clock Monday morning to look after H. H. May, who the Nashua police attempted to raid. May was taking a load of furniture, belonging to Mr. Delisle from Nashua. Mr. Delisle drove to Nashua where he met May at the deserted house. Mr. Delisle asked where the furniture was. May replied that the furniture was sent to Lowell.

Mr. Delisle knew May's statement to be untrue, and obtaining the assistance of two officers, he drove toward Manchester. When eleven miles from Nashua the load of furniture was overtaken and brought to Lowell.

Mr. Delisle arrived home at 5 o'clock Monday evening. He had driven 55 miles, and his horse carried three men nearly all the distance.

"BRICK END" RAIDED.

Chief of police Jones of Methuen and a squad of officers raided the shanty adjoining the ruins of the Brick End house and found a quantity of liquor but no owner. The raid occurred on Sunday.

BICYCLE DETECTIVE GATELY.

Constable H. F. Gately appears to be meeting with success as a private detective in the bicycle line, for he has succeeded in recovering a couple of stolen bikes for local dealers with considerable skill. His latest is the recovery of a $50 wheel for T. B. Whitcher, the Shattuck street dealer.

Two months ago a woman named Mary Howarth, residing in Centralville obtained a wheel from Mr. Whitcher on a lease and a short time ago it is alleged, got out of town with her family and the wheel. Constable Gately has put on the case and he succeeded in locating the Howarths in Montreal where, he learned, the son of Mrs. Howarth had sold the wheel for $2.25. Today he received a letter from Silas H. Carpenter, chief of the Montreal detective bureau, to the effect that the wheel had been recovered.

ARRESTED IN LYNN.

Inspector Laflamme went to Lynn today to get John H. Harding of this city, who is under arrest there on complaint of Mr. Hanson, the local stable keeper. It is alleged that Harding sold a team on which Hanson held a mortgage to a man named Corcoran.

J. F. O'DONNELL
UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street.
Telephone.

FOUND—A BROWN CHECKED COAT cor. of Jewett and Hildreth streets. Owner can have by calling at No. 6 Allston street.

SUMMER BOARDERS WANTED AT 1008 Washington street, Lynn, Mass. Rates reasonable. Three minutes' walk from the beach. Mrs. J P. Fitzgerald.

GOOD SATISFACTION. Our Teas and Coffees give good satisfaction to our patrons. If you are not already one of our many customers we would like to have you begin now. DICKSON BROS., 68 Merrimack street.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.
The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.
M. H. Carey. {Clerks} H. Gerrets.

SOMETHING YOU WANT. A HARD WOOD WASH BOARD given away with 1 pound of our 60c. tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers 177 E. Merrimack street. Telephone 60-3.

LARGE, ELEGANT
Boarding and Lodging House
on one of the main streets for sale or will exchange for a cottage in city.
DONOVAN & MANSUR,
Room 1, Swan Building, 28 Central street.
Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

JOSEPH WARD, Delegate From Lowell to Letter Carriers' Convention at San Francisco.

BERNARD RILEY, Delegate From Lowell to Letter Carriers' Convention at San Francisco.

POLITICAL NOTES

Ward Two Democrats Begin to Hustle.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD.

The Councilmanic Aspirants Getting Into Line.

The only ward in the city for real hustling is ward two, formerly ward one, the stronghold of democracy, where good men come from and the cuckoos are summarily dealt with if any show their colors. The politicians in ward two know by experience that "all comes to him who waits," while very pretty and often true, was never written in the annals of ward two and that even part of all can only be acquired by the most persevering and systematic hustling. Hence it is not surprising to learn that already the ward two candidates for municipal offices this fall are around among their friends and neighbors canvassing actively. Of course there will be others in the field later who have not as yet buckled on their armor, but still one could not be around the ward long before he became aware that the happy and busy campaign days are at hand.

To begin with, there is the school board fight, which is being most actively contested by Messrs. C. A. Daly, Thomas Murphy, and Joseph J. Johnson, all well known, capable and desirable men. Mr. Daly held the position with great credit to himself and his constituents for one year, and is seeking another term with strong backing. He is being amicably opposed by Messrs. Murphy and Johnson, the former having run formerly and the latter being a newcomer in the field. They promise to make a most interesting contest.

Then there's the council matter. Last year with only one chance for a new man, there were seven candidates in all, Councilman James J. Kennedy winning the third place by a pretty fight. This year Messrs. Dunn and Pendergast will complete their second terms and may leave two open places for new men. As the present year is Mr. Kennedy's first and he has proved himself a faithful servant there is little question of his renomination. His friends say he will go back flying. Mr. Hearn, one of last year's candidates, is out of the fight and it is said that another of them, Mr. Higgins, will not be in it this year, although he may decide to run again. But if he withdraws, there will be Messrs. Patrick Donohue, who came out fourth last year, and Daniel J. Desmond, the well known tea merchant as the only ones who ran last year still in the fight. But there are new aspirants prominent among them being Michael F. O'Brien, the well known member of the Mathews and Michael Lyons and all these together with the new ones yet to be heard from will guarantee that the caucuses will not slip by without a little fun for the boys.

CYCLING NEWS.

The meet of the Spindle City Wheelmen Saturday, the last of the present season, is expected to be one of the best events of the kind ever held in Lowell. The entries sent in lead the managers to look for close races and fast time. The following are the men who will compete in the various events:

Novice race—Harry Cullen, J. J. Baker, Lowell; Robert Rawson, Cambridge; F. J. Metcalf, Leominster; A. W. Shattuck, Charles G. Schicks, Charles Wyman, Mark Bentley, Lowell; C. A. Blethen, Newton; Alex. P. Chadwick, Herbert Lefebvre, Lowell; Geo. W. Drury, Winchendon; Amos Savage, Leominster; E. McCormack, O. Allard, Lowell; Charles J. Holmes, Winthrop; Thomas McDermott, John Stackpole, Robert Hardman, E. Lynds, E. M. McKenzie, Wm. A. Webb, John Brodley, Oscar N. Walsh, and A. Brown, Lowell.

One-half mile open—Robert A. Lyon, Leominster; Martin Lindequist, Cambridge; Thomas Williston, Lowell; Dan Daley, Taunton; James J. Rutherford, Winchendon; A. H. Sawyer, Winchendon; C. W. Colburn, Leominster; Chas. Leighton, Clinton; Fred W. Harris, Irving C. Lewis, Lowell; Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; M. Murphy, Henry McArthur, P. Ferron, F. W. Stevens, W. A. Chase, Lowell; Frank A. Fish Keene, N. H.

One mile open—Henry McArthur, P. Ferron, Lowell, Mass.; Frank Fish, Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; Robert A. Lyon, Leominster, Mass.; Dan Daley, Taunton, Mass.; James J. Rutherford, A. H. Sawyer, Geo. W. Drury, Winchendon; F. W. Harris, Lowell; Mass.

One mile handicap—Robert Hardman, E. Lynds, Arthur Rhodes, W. A. Chase, Lowell; Frank Fish, Keene, N. H.; Allie Orcutt, Hyde Park; Irving C. Lewis, Clifton Wilson, Charles Wyman, Lowell; Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; Robert A. Lyon, F. J. Metcalf, burn, Leominster; Chas. Leighton, Chas. Blanchard, Tewksbury; W. A. Kelley, Clinton; Robt. Rawson, Cambridgeport; Patrick Keegan, Thomas Williston, Mark Bentley, Fred W. Harris, T. S. Murphy, Lowell; Dan Daley, Taunton; James J. Rutherford, A. H. Sawyer, Winchendon; C. W. Colburn, Leominster; Chas. Leighton, Clinton; Geo. A. Dunham, Plymouth.

Two mile handicap—Robt. A. Lyon, Leominster; Charles Blanchard, Wakefield; F. J. Carley, Tewksbury; Clifton Wilson Lowell; W. J. Kelby, Clinton; Martin Linderquist, Cambridge; T. J. Metcalf, C. F. McCumiskey, Leominster; Patrick Keegan, Lowell; Wm. Daley, Taunton; J. J. Rutherford, A. H. Sawyer, Winchendon; C. W. Colburn, Leominster; George A. Dunham, Plymouth; Geo. W. Drury, Winchendon, Mass.; T. S. Murphy, Lowell; Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; P. Ferron, M. Murphy, F. W. Stevens, W. H. Chase, Lowell; Frank Fish, Keene, N. H.

Club race entries—M. Murphy, Robt. Hardman, E. Lynds, E. McKenzie, Chas. F. McCumiskey, Leominster; Ferron, F. W. Stevens, Clifton Wilson, Chas. Wyman, Thomas Williston, Mark Bentley.

From the Factory to the Foot.

OUR OWN MAKE.

$2 Ladies' Boots

Pay No Tribute to the Jobber.

Always reliable, stylish and comfortable, made in all widths of toe, lace and button.

Our name is stamped on the sole of each pair. We sell to no other dealer.

For School Wear.

We make them of Box Calf and heavy Dongola with medium toes and tips of same. If they wear better than other goods you want them; ask any one who has tried our Shoes—they have stood all kinds of competition for over twenty years, looks as if they had merit.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.
OPP. CITY HALL.

BROWN AND PRES. ANDREWS

The Corporation Wants Andrews to Withdraw His Resignation.

Now Appear Unwilling to Part With Him—No Desire to Control His Views.

Providence, Sept. 2.—The corporation of Brown university voted yesterday, after a long meeting, to request of President Andrews that he withdraw his resignation as president of the institution. The request was embodied in a resolution containing the following letter:

To the President of Brown University:

"The corporation of Brown university has this day received, with the greatest regret, your resignation as president. It most earnestly desires that you will withdraw it. It conceives that it was written without full knowledge of the position of the corporation. With the earnest hope that a statement by it, bearing the formal sanction and approval of the governing body of the university as a whole, may bring us again into hearty accord, the corporation desires to assure you that it in no way sought the severance of our official relations, which, so far as it knows, have been most cordial from the time of your acceptance of the presidency of the university.

"The only vote and only expression hitherto made by the corporation bearing upon the question at issue was at the last June meeting and consisted of the appointment of a committee to 'confer with you as to the interests of the university.' The extent of authority thus given its committee was that of conference, which it fully believes you would unhesitatingly admit was a legitimate and friendly exercise of its privilege, relating, in the terms of the vote, to the 'interests of the university,' which you and the corporation have closely at heart.

"It is perfectly true that the vote in question was occasioned by the differing views entertained, on the one hand, by you, and on the other hand by most, and probably all, of the members of the corporation as to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by the United States, — — — at least as affecting the interests of the university, and the fear that your views with reference to it, publicly known or expressed, might, perhaps, in some degree, be assumed to be representative and not merely individual.

"It was not in our minds to prescribe the path in which you should tread, or to administer to you any official rebuke or to restrain your freedom of opinion or reasonable liberty of utterance, but simply to intimate that it would be the part of wisdom for you to take a less active part in exciting partisan discussions and apply your energies more exclusively to the affairs of the college.

"Having, as it believes, removed the misapprehensions that our individual views on this question represent those of the corporation and the university, for which misapprehension you are not responsible, and which it knows you, too, would seek to dispel, the corporation, affirming its rightful authority to conserve the interests of the university at all times by every honorable means, and especially desiring to avoid, in the conduct of the university, the imputation even of the consideration of party questions or of the dominance of any class, but that in the language of its charter 'in this liberal and catholic institution ....all members hereof shall enjoy full, free, absolute and uninterrupted liberty of conscience,' which includes freedom of thought and expression, it cannot feel that the divergence of views upon the 'silver question' and of its effects upon the university between you and the members of the corporation is an adequate cause of separation between us, for the corporation is profoundly appreciative of the great services you have rendered to the university and of your great sacrifice and love for it. It therefore renews its assurances of highest respect for you and expresses the confident hope that you will withdraw your resignation."

The vote on the subject was practically unanimous, and was taken after speeches had been made by nearly every member of the corporation. Joseph H. Walker advocated the action in the following words: "The committee of conference report that they regard the paper they presented to President Andrews as a private paper presented as a basis of a private interview between the corporation and its president. I understand that the appointment of the committee of three was decided upon rather than that any written communication should be made to President Andrews in order that our action should not take an official aspect that might be misunderstood rather than a friendly conference on matters of grave import to the university.

"Every care was taken at the meeting of June 17 to so frame our action as to avoid anything that should in any way embarrass President Andrews before the corporation, before the alumni or before the general public. I gave no information whatever to any person of the action of the corporation, or any hint of it except one interview that was thoroughly misreported."

A letter was received by the corporation from Dr. Andrews explaining his views on the silver question and stating the position he had taken with reference to the request of the committee that was appointed last June to confer with him. This letter was presented previous to the general discussion.

LOWELL MEN WON

A FIFTY DOLLAR PRIZE TAKING FOURTH PLACE.

The Veteran Firemen's contest at Springfield yesterday resulted as follows:

The playout on Hampden park, which followed the parade, was witnessed by 15,000 spectators. The first prize, $200 in gold, was won by the Baw Beese of South Gardiner. The White Angel of Salem won second prize, $150 in gold. The third prize, $100 in gold, went to the Nonantum company of West Newton, and the fourth prize, $50 in gold, to the Vixen association of Lowell.

Getting boys ready for school this season will be an easy and inexpensive matter. Notwithstanding the advance in woolens under the new tariff, Putnam & Son offer boy's new fall suits for $1.25; all-wool suits for $1.50 and natty golf caps for 12½ cents.

Hood's Pills
Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

2 O'CLOCK

OPPOSED TO LOW

Republicans Will Stand by the Machine.

BOSS PLATT IS NOT YET VANQUISHED.

Sketch of Mr. Low's Past Career.

New York, Sept. 2.—The boroughs committee of the Citizens' union yesterday nominated Seth Low for mayor of Greater New York.

John C. Clark left this city last night for Northwest Harbor, Me., with the letter of the union.

The Lincoln Republican club, which is presided over by Postmaster Cornelius Van Cott, put itself on record at its monthly meeting last night as being strongly opposed to the action of the committee in nominating Mr. Low.

Seth Low is a native of Brooklyn, and in his 48th year. His grandfather, after whom he was named, was the first mayor of Brooklyn. The second Seth Low was given a business training in the importing house of which his father was the head, and of which, six years after graduating from Columbia university, the son became a member. Mr. Low was elected mayor of Brooklyn in 1881 and again in 1883. He has been president of Columbia university since 1889. About two years ago he gave the university $1,000,000, said to have been about half of his fortune.

UNCLE SAM'S TREASURY.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Yesterday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $218,561,206; gold reserve, $144,216,376; net silver, $23,497,584; United States notes in the treasury, $28,973,702; treasury notes of 1890, $29,626,968; total receipts this month, $500,611; total receipts this month, $500,611; total receipts this year, $58,900,829; total expenditures this day, $2,813,000; total expenditures this month, $2,813,000; total expenditures this year, $85,591,950; deposits in national banks, $16,461,578.

Fall and winter suits rightly made and at right prices.

Not too early for you to see the good things for the season.

Buy now or buy later we are ready to serve you.

YOUNG MEN'S all wool suits $4.50 and up.

MEN'S all wool suits $4.95 and up.

Rogers, Peet & Co. new suits $15.00 and up.

PUTNAM & SON,
No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

FAILED FOR $3,000,000.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—The Evening Post says that private advices have been received here to the effect that Henry Mathou, the well known banker and promoter of several gigantic schemes in Central America, has failed for over $3,000,000. The cause assigned for the failure is the heavy depreciation of silver and the collapse of the real estate boom inaugurated by President Barrios several years ago.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday, September 3d, in the Savings Department of the Traders National Bank will draw interest from September 1st at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum compounded semi-annually. Bank hours 8 to 4 daily, Saturday 8 to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m. Nos. 30 Middlesex Street and 11 Post Office Avenue. Street floor.

CHAS. J. GLIDDEN, Pres.
WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

THERE'S NOT A BOY IN town that we can't clothe rightly from head to toe.

School Outfits, on a broader scale than ever before.

New, Stylish, Well Made Clothing for prices so little that you'll be amazed.

School Suits.
New, neat dark mixtures. Sizes from 8 years to 15. The two-dollar kind for $1.25 a Suit.

All Wool
Cheviot School Suits, in double seat and double knees, hold-fast buttons, sizes 8 years to 15. The two-fifty kind for $1.50 a Suit.

Reefer Suits
for little fellows, 3 years to 8, deep sailor collars, prettily braided, $1.25.

2000 Pairs Boys' Separate Trousers,
sizes 4 years to 16, fall and winter weights 25c., 40c., 50c. up to $1.00.

Costlier Suits in All Sizes, Up to $8.00 and $10.00.

1000 Boys' Fall Golf Caps.
New Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres, the twenty-five cent kind For 12½ Cents.

Long Legged Ribbed Stockings
for boys, double heels. Regular price twenty-five cents, 12½ Cents a Pair.

There's a store full of things boys and children wear, awaiting your inspection. Nothing missing that's worth having, and a getting of goods for less than ever in the history of the house.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.
LOWELL, MASS.

THE GIANTS ARE MATCHED

The Mathews and Emeralds Will Play for $500.

A Series of Three Games Now Arranged — Agreement Signed by Managers Thornton and Donovan—First Deposit Made Last Night—Only Regular Members of the Teams Can Play — Proposed Games Excite Cranks—Big Wages Made on the Result.

The Mathews and Emeralds are matched.

These rivals, through their representatives, came to an agreement last night after a half hour's conference.

Manager Donovan represented the Emeralds and Manager Thornton talked for the Mathews. Thomas J. Mulligan acted as chairman and mediator. The representatives were in The Sun office shortly after 7.30 and the conference was opened by the chairman who read Manager Donovan's challenge and Manager Thornton's reply.

"That challenge represents my position," said Mr. Donovan.

"I am satisfied with the terms proposed in it," said Mr. Thornton. "I prefer a series of three games to a single game."

"I am willing to play either one or three games," suggested Mr. Donovan. "And since you prefer three, I will agree to that."

"Now," said Mr. Thornton, "it has been said that the Mathews may pick up the strong players of the other teams of the city for these games. I want to say this is not so. We will take no advantage. Our team will be made up of men who have played with us during the season."

"And so will mine," answered Mr. Donovan. "That is perfectly fair and I am glad that matter is settled."

Then they got their heads together and talked over a formal agreement to bind both clubs. Since the representatives were agreed on the main points, this was an easy matter to decide. The following agreement was then drawn up and signed by both men.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1897.

The undersigned, representing their base ball teams, agree, in behalf of said teams, to play a series of three games, for a stake of $250 a side and gate receipts. It is further agreed that the first deposit ($100 a side) shall be made with Thomas J. Mulligan who shall be final stake holder, when this agreement is signed. The final deposit ($150 a side) shall be made on or before Wednesday, September 8. The games shall be played according to the rules of the Lowell & Suburban league. Only men who have played with the teams during the season will be eligible to play in this series. The winner of two of the three games shall receive the entire deposit ($500) and all gate receipts.

—Cornelius Donovan,
Manager of Emeralds.
Wm. F. Thornton,
Manager of Mathews.

Immediately on signing the agreement, the managers made their first deposit of $100 each. Then it was decided to pull off the games as soon as possible and the first game will be played on the Fair grounds one week from next Saturday.

Quite a crowd of admirers gathered about the Sun office and awaited the result of the meeting. When it was stated that everything had been satisfactorily arranged they were more than pleased. The games will certainly be for blood and will be the hottest ever played in Lowell. It is said that a local business man will offer a trophy to be competed for. His intention is to have the two leading clubs of the local league play for it each season and the winner of it twice in succession shall became the permanent possessor of the trophy.

There was some question as to the proper division of gate receipts, and finally it was decided to allow the winner of each game to take all the receipts. This will make the winning players certain of a pretty good sum. The stake money is posted as a side bet by outside parties who do not care to have their names mentioned.

It was agreed by the managers that Michael J. Mahoney should umpire all three games. The grounds will be roped off and eight police officers will be on duty. It was originally intended to play for $500 a side, but Manager Thornton stated that he had raised $250 and could produce the remainder if the time were extended a few days to give him time to get around to see the young men in the Mathews. Manager Donovan wanted no delay, and willingly agreed to make the stake $250 a side.

JUVENILE DIAMOND.

The Washingtons and Shamrocks will cross bats next Saturday in North Chelmsford. It will be one of the best games they have ever played. These two teams did battle last Saturday, but the score resulted in a tie. Notwithstanding this fact, however, each team is confident that it can lick the other. There will be blood to boil at the game, as the two teams are bitter enemies, that is, while playing base ball.

—Young Cham.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—

The Bostons bunched their hits yesterday while Chicago's were scattered. Lewis was replaced by Nichols in the seventh inning, and the latter held the visitors down to a solitary hit. Allen's batting was the great feature of the game, sending five of Boston's seven runs home, one in the second, two in the fourth and two in the fifth. Callahan's fielding was of a high order.

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	4	0	0	5	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	5	0	3	6	0	0
Lowe, 3 b.	5	0	0	2	3	1
Stahl, r. f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	2	0	3	0	0
Collins, 2 b.	3	2	1	2	3	1
Allen, s. s.	4	2	3	2	1	1
Lake, c.	4	0	2	6	0	0
Lewis, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Nichols, p.	1	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	36	7	13	27	8	3

Chicago.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Everett, 3 b.	5	0	1	2	3	0
Dahlen, s. s.	5	0	2	5	3	0
Lange, c. f.	5	1	3	2	0	0
Anson, 1 b.	4	0	1	10	1	0
Ryan, r. f.	4	1	0	0	1	0
Callahan, 2 b.	5	0	2	0	3	0
Decker, l. f.	4	1	0	1	0	0
Kittredge, c.	3	0	0	4	0	0
Friend, p.	4	1	1	0	4	0
Totals	39	4	10	24	15	0

Boston .....0 1 0 3 2 0 0 1 —7
Chicago .....0 0 1 0 0 3 1 0 0—4

Earned runs—Boston 4. Two-base hits—Friend, Nichols, Tenney, Collins. Three-base hit—Callahan. Home run—Allen. Stolen base—Lange. First base on balls—Off Friend, 3; off Lewis, 3. Struck out—By Lewis, 2; by Friend, 2. Passed ball—Lake. Left on bases—Boston, 9; Chicago, 11. First base on errors—Chicago, 3.

At Philadelphia—
Louisville .....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 3 1—6
Philadelphia .....0 0 0 2 4 1 0 0 —7
Batteries—Frazar and Dexter; Dunkle and McFarland.

At Washington—
Washington .....1 1 0 0 2 1 —5
Pittsburg .....0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Batteries—McJames and McGuire; Hastings and Killen.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn .....0 1 0 1 1 0 2 0 —5
Cleveland .....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Batteries—Kennedy and Grim; Young and Zimmer.

At New York—
New York .....0 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 3—8
Cincinnati .....0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 2—7
Batteries—Seymour and Warner; Damman and Schriver.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore .....0 2 1 3 1 0 2 2 —11
St. Louis .....0 1 1 0 3 0 0 0 —5
Batteries—Amole and Clarke; Hart and Douglass.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

At Taunton—
Fall River .....1 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 —6
Taunton .....0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0—3
Batteries—Cronin and Connor; McDougall and O'Connor.

At Brockton—
Brockton .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Newport .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries—Pittinger and Shea; Gallagher and Crisham.

At New Bedford—
New Bedford .....0 3 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—5
Pawtucket .....0 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 —4
Batteries—Sechrist and Murphy; Tessier and Beaumont.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Springfield—Two games.
Buffalo .....0 0 2 3 0 0 2 0 —7
Springfield .....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 2—5
Batteries—Brown and Zahner; Dolan and Nichols.
Springfield .....2 0 4 1 3 0 0 0 —10
Buffalo .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0

At Providence—
Providence .....0 0 0 4 2 0 0 2 0—8
Toronto .....3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—5
Batteries—Braun and Dixon; Gaston and Casey.

At Wilkesbarre—
Wilkesbarre .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Syracuse .....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 —2
Batteries—Odwell and Gonding; Malarkey and Shaw.

At Scranton—
Scranton .....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Montreal .....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 —4
Batteries—Harper and Boyd; McFarland and McNamara.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

At Richmond—
Richmond .....2 0 0 0 4 1 1 0—15
Athletics .....4 3 0 0 0 1 0 2—10
Batteries—Chesbro, Stockdale and Foster; Carr and Schaub.

At Newark—Two games.
Newark .....0 2 0 0 0 5 0 2 0 —9
Reading .....0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0 0—4
Batteries—Getting and Zearfoss; McIntyre and Rainey.
Newark .....0 2 8 0 3 1—14
Reading .....2 0 0 1 0 1— 4
Batteries—Carrick and Zearfoss; Garven, Vreel and Rainey.

At Paterson—
Paterson .....1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—3
Lancaster .....3 4 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—8
Batteries—
At Norfolk—Two games.
First game forfeited to Norfolk, because manager of Hartfords called his men from the field.
Second game was tied at 3 each in the 11th inning.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Reliable Attendance
No More Use for Midwives.
Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will give you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your application.
Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell Mass.
Office hours—8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 —4 7 to 8.30 p. m

MARSH WON IT

Drove Gazette to a Great Victory.

FREE FOR ALL PACE FINISHED AT DOVER.

Prince of India and Ornament Also Won.

Dover, N. H., Sept 2.—The second day of the trotting card at Granite State park had none of the fierce struggle of Tuesday in the free-for-all pace, but had an interest of its own in a bracing up under the stress of penalties of performers who were otherwise laggard.

The weather continued perfect and the track gave the horses all the chance they needed to get into the classes, but the times of the day were fast enough.

Gazette won out in the postponed race, earning a fine prize for his owner, and a windfall of $100 for Tom Marsh, and putting and end to one of the pacing races of the decade. Ornament and Prince of India captured purse in the 2:35 pace and the 2:30 trots respectively, and one race is still unfinished, with the favorite just waking up to her opportunities.

The unfinished free-for-all pace was wound up in one more heat, making the eighth of the race, Refina, Gazette and Lottie Lorraine starting with two heats each, and one heat declared "No heat." The latter event left a legacy of suspicion that was evident in Tom Marsh's enforced presence in the sulky behind Gazette in Shockeney's seat.

The 2:21 pace was interrupted by darkness after three heats and carried over till to morrow. Lucy Stokes was the choice of three starters, but did not get moving till the third mile after Miller Boy had captured two heats.

The card for tomorrow has, beside the unfinished race, the 2:21 and the 2:18 pace and the 2:16 trot.

Free-for-all pace; purse $600; (concluded).

Gazette, b. s. by Onward, by Dictator (Shockeney and Marsh) 3 3 1 1 2 2 0 1
Lottie Lorraine, b. m., by Gambetta Wilkes—Lady Yelser, by Gerard Chief (Hutchins) 1 1 2 3 2 3 0 2
Refina, g. m., by Reelection—Minna Wilkes by George Wilkes 6 4 3 2 1 1 0 3
Giles Noyes, b. s., (Hudson) ..... 2 5 6 4 ro
Prince Alert, b. g. (Birnie) ..... 4 6 4 4 5 ro
Vassar, ro. s. (Galvin) 2 5 6 5 dl

Time—2:09¾, 2:07¾, 2:09¼, 2:10½, 2:10½, 2:12¾, 0:00, 2:10¾.

2:35 pace; purse $600.

Ornament, ch. g., by Red Bell (Skinner) 1 3 1 1
George W. Lederer, b. s., by Artemus—Mamie F., by Joe Jefferson (Birnie) 3 1 2 2
Georgie L., g. m. (Mooney) .. 4 2 3 3
Little Girl, ro. m. (Porter) .. 3 4 4 4

Time—2:17¼, 2:18¼, 2:18¼, 2:20½.

2:30 trot; purse $600; (unfinished).

Prince of India, br. s., by Baron Wilkes—Prefix, by Pancoast (McFarren) 2 1 5 5 1
Nick, ch. g., by West Wilkes, dam by Yazoo (Bulman) .. 1 2 1 2 4
Doctor, b. g. (Bowen) 3 3 3 3 2
Berkshire Chimes, b. g., (Hutchins) 5 4 2 5 3
Lillian Oldmark, b. m. (Kent) 4 5 4 4 5
Elderly, br. m. (Evans) ..... dl

Time—2:10¼, 2:10¾, 2:18¾, 2:18¼, 2:21½.

2:21 pace; purse $600; unfinished.

Miller Boy, b. g., by Nauman (Bowen) 1 1 2
Lucy Stokes, by Earl Medium, dam by Alcyone (Farshner) .. 3 3 1
Red Elm, ch. g. (Heslett) 2 2 3

Time—2:14½, 2:15½, 2:18¾.

BOWLING NEWS

WAMESITS PUT UP A MAGNIFICENT SCORE DEFEATING THE LAKEVIEWS.

At the Lakeview alleys last evening, the Wamesits warmed the Lakeviews to the tune of 2537 to 2445. Dunham reached 549. The score

WAMESITS.

Peters	492
McCormack	469
Marren	519
Dunham	549
Hartwell	507
Totals	2537

LAKEVIEWS.

Lewis	505
Gregory	494
Fels	491
Higgins	461
Barton (Sub)	494
Totals	2445

Less exciting but closer was the game between the Young Fellows and Lowells, won by the former. Beauregard was high. The score:

YOUNG FELLOWS.

Farrell	483
Kelley	445
D. Donahue	407
K. Kelley	511
Seele	476
Totals	2322

LOWELLS.

Murphy	402
Fullerton	481
Dwyer	429
G. Kelley	467
Beauregard	530
Totals	2309

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER
Dirt of any kind on any thing quickly yields to the easy effort of the housewife who uses this great cleaner. Largest package—greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

CURRENT COMMENT

Philadelphia Record—General Woodford, our new minister to Spain, is described in the Madrid Correspondencia de Espana as sincere, loyal, and gentle, a member of the American Peace society, and the introducer of the resolution in favor of international arbitration in the congress of 1893-4. The declaration is ascribed to him that "we have attached too high a degree of Christianity and civilization to have to resort to arms as a solution of international troubles. All of which is reassuring to those who favor gentlemanliness in the conduct of our international affairs and condemn "shirt-sleeves" diplomacy. But what a dismal wail would arise from the jingo camp if Minister Woodford should live up to his reputation in Spain.

Boston Herald—Hereafter the apologists for clause 27 would have us know that the sneak act is to be known by the name of a "perfecting amendment." It is a smoother phrase, but it isn't quite so correct or so graphic.

Philadelphia Times—This is beyond doubt the farmer's year. With a wheat crop worth not less than $520,000,000, a corn crop worth $720,000,000, cotton that will sell for $320,000,000, oats worth $200,000,000, rye and barley adding $70,000,000 ore to these figures, making a grand total of 2 billions, with hay, eggs fruits vegetables, and dairy and meat products yet to be heard from, there will be small chance for raising a calamity cry this year in the agricultural districts. These figures, showing only in part the enormous value of the agricultural products of the country indicate that the real Klondike of the United States is to be sought and found in tilling its fertile acres.

Manchester Union—The tariff managers assured us that $180,000,000 would be collected in customs the first year and $220,000,000 in subsequent years. About $7,000,000 will be realized in the month of August, leaving $173,000,000 to be gathered in during the next eleven months. It won't be done.

Boston Post—The Spanish consul at Chicago, it seems, has taken it upon hiself to notify the railroads that they must not carry material contraband of war which is intended for use by the Cuban insurrectionists.

This is nothing else than impudent interference and if it was inspired by or has the countenance of the Spanish minister, it should be promptly rebuked by the administration at Washington. Here is a case in which Secretary Sherman might properly use, in addressing Senor de Lome, the same pen with which he wrote the "shirt-sleeves" letter to Lord Salisbury.

New York Journal—President McKinley has been diplomatic enough to incur the displeasure of the Western reception committees to such an extent that they are now boycotting him. He is the lucky chief magistrate who manages to elude the handshaking ordeal.

Lawrence Tribune—Tammany proposes to steal the thunder of the Citizens' Union in New York by nominating Colonel George E. Waring for Waring is the one democrat connected with the present reform administration in New York who has made a name for himself by cleaning the streets and keeping them clean. The democratic leaders appear to be of the opinion that he could clean out all other candidates for the mayoralty.

Waltham News—Just see how these trusts progress! The sugar trust has downed the fellows who made up the coffee trust and now controls the coffee as well as the sugar output. But all is not lost. Sunshine and air yet remain free to all. How long, O Lord, how long?

Fall River Globe—If the carping critics who lose no opportunity to vent their malice on William J. Bryan can find no sounder argument for their condemnation than the fact that he travels on railroad passes, they had better give up the job. Men far wealthier than Mr. Bryan and occupying the very highest legislative, judicial, and executive positions in the land now ride or at least did at a recent date on railroad passes and neither they nor the critics seemed to be very much disturbed over the matter.

HOBAN'S PETS, 12—DOCTORS, 12.

An exceedingly interesting game of base ball was played at Mountain Rock yesterday when the Doctors and Hoban's Pets met for the second time, the Pets coming out a winner by the score of 13 to 12. The battery work of Leary and Landers was very good, but the Pets had a better eye for the ball than last week. Cook and Cosgrove also pitched good ball for the winners.

The fat men of Hoban's team ran the bases with much more ease, evidently having gotten in training last week and indulging less heartily in refreshments.

F. Murphy and J. Murphy assisted in a fast double play, short to second, to first. J. Murphy marred the good work later by dropping a ball handed to him for another double.

Some of the other features were a rattling three-base hit by Alderman Cosgrove in the last inning with two men on bases, catches in the outfield by Roleau, Tim Leary, and Joe Donahue (with his white shoes) and a throw to the home plate by Conry with three men on bases, cutting off the runner and resulting in a double play when Charlie ran to a boulder in deep center field for second base. Tom Muldoon umpired and barring one or two decisions which did not materially affect the score, was good. The teams were made up as follows:

Hoban's Pets—Donovan, Cook, Cosgrove, Phillips, Hoban, Connors, Conry, Roleau, Leary.

Doctors—Landers, Leary, Ward, J. Murphy, D. Murphy, F. Murphy, J. Donahue, C. Donahue, Constantineau.

Score: Hoban's Pets 13, Doctors 12. Base hits—Hobans 19, total 25. Doctors 7, total 9. Errors—Doctors 11.

NOTICE TO COTTON MULE SPINNERS.

Brothers: There will be a regular meeting of the cotton mule spinners next Friday evening at your hall on Middle street at 8 o'clock when you will elect three delegates to attend the semi-annual convention to be held in Boston. There will also be other matters of importance to come before the body. Per order of the executive committee.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

ART DEPARTMENT

Will be Added to the Textile School.

VESPER L. GEORGE SELECTED AS PRINCIPAL.

He Has Studied in Paris and London.

The trustees of the Lowell Textile school have just completed arrangements for one of the most important additions to the operations of the Lowell Textile school that have been added since the school itself was first decided upon. This is the addition of an Art department.

Undoubtedly the application of art to fabrics add more value to the material than anything else and it is recognized that the chief object of textile schools is to encourage applied ar, and thus encourage the manufacture of raw fibres into fabrics of many ties the value of a plain or standard fabric made from the same material.

It is in this line that the Lowell school can be of as much value to the city as in any other branch of its work.

For a long time, the trustees have had this department in contemplation but have had some difficulty in finding a suitable instructor. A principal for this department has now been found in Mr. Vesper L. George of Boston.

Mr. George is a native of Boston and with the exception of a few years study abroad, has resided in that city all his life.

Mr. George, on deciding to follow art, went to Paris and London to study, and in Paris became a pupil of the world renowned art masters, Messrs. Jules Lefebvre and Benjamin Constant. On returning to Boston, Mr. George followed decorative art principally as a profession and has designed many works of art in Boston, including stained glass window work and others. For six years he has been instructor in the Evening Drawing schools of the city of Boston. He has also exhibited pictures in the Academy of Design in New York, and at the Pennsylvania Academy in Philadelphia, Pa. Specimens of his work also hang on the walls of the Art club in Boston.

The committee of the trustees of the Lowell Textile school that have had the matter in hand are Agent Southworth, of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills, Hon. Frederick Lawton of this city, and J. T. Smith, Secretary of the Board of Trade; and these gentlemen have given very great care and attention to the establishment of this interesting branch of the school's work.

Mr. Smith, especially, at the time of his energetic advocacy of textile schools before the Lowell school was established, recognized the supreme necessity of an art department.

In order to make this department a thorough success, the trustees will require the support of the ladies of the city, and it is to be hoped that the art department of the Textile school will be taken advantage of by all the Lowell people of artistic tastes.

Director Brooks is preparing a special Art catalogue, which will be ready in a few days, and this will be mailed to any one on receipt of a postal, or may be had at the school.

SERIOUS ROW

OCCURRED ON A. L. L. & H. CAR IN HAVERHILL.

A serious row occurred on a L. L. & H. electric car on the Lawrence division a few evenings ago, in Haverhill, which will be brought into court. Local parties are involved and Peters & Cole have been secured as counsel. Two men say that they were treated outrageously at the hands of Conductor Wilmarth on an electric from Lawrence Sunday evening about 7 o'clock.

It seems that the men signalled a car for Lawrence in this city Sunday afternoon and that it did not stop. They gave chase and finally caught car, and soon after asked the conductor why he did not stop to take them aboard. The conductor, they say, did not like what was said, and it is alleged that he threw them off the car. Another car was boarded for Lawrence, where the men reported the affair at the transfer station.

The men boarded Wilmarth's car again later in the evening, this time for Haverhill. They say that in the course of conversation with him, he said that he would carry them half way to Haverhill or words to that effect. They boarded the car and started for home and the ride was uneventful until Pleasant Valley was reached at 7 or 7.15 o'clock. It is alleged that the conductor then put one of the men off the car and then the two had a fistic encounter in the road a few feet away from the car. The man was badly injured in the head, and it said that he may lose the sight of one eye.

William S. Sargent, who lives near where the fight is said to have occurred heard a car stop in front of his house, and believing there was trouble, came outdoors. He was a special officer of Methuen, and seeing the two men fighting, interfered and was surprised to find one of them the conductor. He picked the other man up and saw that he was bleeding badly from a cut on the head. The conductor told Mr. Sargent that his number was 122. The man tried to board the car again, but was put off as were also two other men who expressed their views on the matter.

Mr. Sargent cared for the men at his house and they took a later car for Haverhill. It is stated that Mr. Sargent reported the affair to the road officials at Lawrence. The car was in charge of Conductor Wilmarth, who is a sparo hand, and Motorman Tripp, who is well known.

The trouble commenced when one of the men asked Conductor Wilmarth if he was as fresh as when he came up from Haverhill and he answered that he was running the car, whereupon he was seized. He grappled with one of the men and pulled him from the car. The two other men followed and were about to assist their companion when Motorman Tripp arrived on the scene and cautioned the men not to interfere. They obeyed and after Conductor Wilmarth had given his man his due, the car proceeded to Haverhill. It is said that the man who attacked Conductor Wilmarth was "badly done up."

FOOT BALL TEAM

WILL BE ORGANIZED HERE THIS FALL.

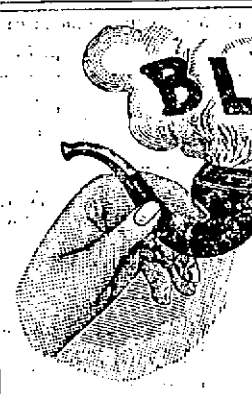
The great and boooming game of football is to be renewed in Lowell this fall and those interested in it believe that it can be made to pay for itself at least.

Cricket club got together a fairly strong team and played a few mighty interesting games. The largest attendance of the season was at the Harvard Freshman game where on a chilly day there were nearly 500 paid admissions at the Cricket grounds. Al Smith of the Y.M.C.A., Tom Whitehead and a few more enthusiasts started in lately to practice on the field near the Vesper Boat club house and they hope to get a strong eleven by the time the season opens.

THEIR FIRST "AT HOME."

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Callahan held their first "at home" at their new residence in Fourth street last evening. Many friends called to tender congratulations and to inspect the new and beautiful home of the happy couple. The evening was passed merrily with songs and music. The Page company catered. Mr. and Mrs. Callahan will take a trip to Nova Scotia next week.

Mr. Aloysius Malone, who has been enjoying his vacation in this city, has returned to Mt. St. Mary's seminary.



It's 'World's Fair' that suits most smokers — the best cut plug sold—it's made from choicest leaf, like all
B-L
TOBACCOS

State Normal School
LOWELL, MASS.
For Both Sexes.
The Fall examination for admission to the Lowell Normal School will take place
Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 7 and 8
Beginning at 9 a. m., at the High School Building on Kirk Street.

$34 A Fine Piano, seven octaves, made by Lord & Co., I will sell for $34
GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street.

J. H. COSTELLO, CARPENTER and JOBBER
120 LAWRENCE STREET.
All orders promptly attended to.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

Peter H. Savage
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION 614-4.
Calls, night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

THERE ARE DIAMONDS
And DIAMONDS. When you want the latter call on
J. D. CRANT,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,
64 Merrimack Street.
Also, if your watch is not pleasing you, we understand and can rectify any displacement at short notice.

PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on
Joseph J. Johnson,
338 SUFFOLK STREET.
Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

Rosy Cheeks and Sparkling Eyes.
Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.
The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make
YO-MELLA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak.
TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TWINKLES—A very small pill. Turns your liver.
SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL:
F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beallen & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassen, J. S. Westwood, George A. Willson & Co.

HAMMOCKS
AND
ICE CREAM FREEZERS
Best Goods. Greatest Variety.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Saturday, Monday Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings, Sept. 4, 6, 7, and 8. Matinees Monday and Wednesday.
Nothing Old But the Name.
Everybody's Favorite Funny Show,
Peck's Bad Boy.
Twelfth Annual Tour.
AFTER SUPPER GO AND SEE IT.
This year better than ever. New Specialties, Funny Comedians, Graceful Dancers, Pretty Girls. An extraordinary singing company.
SUCCESS BREEDS IMITATORS.
This is the original version.

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO
Salisbury Beach via Str. Merrimack
Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with steamer daily at 9.30 a. m.
On and after June 30, Half Holiday Excursion daily, except Mondays. Cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 12 m. 40-mile sail 25c.
Steamer stops at Newburyport. Special rates for parties of fifty or more.
S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill.

Lakeview Park
Week Commencing Aug. 30, '97.
PETCHING BROTHERS' HIGH CLASS NOVELTY COMPANY
Picked Artists, Comedians, Singers and Dancers.
GLEN FOREST
3 Days: Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 2, 3 and 4, at 3 and 8 o'clock.
A company of Popular Artists.
THE REED BIRDS
Presenting Their Latest Successes, Vocal Solos—Trios, Quartettes, Banjo and Bone Solos, Songs, Dances, Glees, Etc., Etc.
AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
3 Days: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 30, 31 and Sept. 1.
EXTRA ATTRACTION.
THE BIJOU TRIO
This season with German's Olympia
WITH
Theron D. Perkins' Band.
NEW SPECIAL ATTRACTION THE ZOO
DERBY & MORSE
72 MIDDLE STREET,
keep everything in the electrical line. There are none in the city that do better work and their prices are as reasonable as many others for a cheaper grade of work.

PERSONAL.

Miss Harriet Woodworth of Chelmsford has returned to her summer home at Baker's Island, and will remain there during September.

Mrs. William Whitmore and daughter Eva of School street, have been rusticating for a few weeks among the pine clad hills of Vermont.

Mr. Paul Kenney, formerly with Undertaker C. H. Molloy, has accepted a responsible position with E. J. Clement, the grocer. He will manage a new store which is to be opened soon by this enterprising grocer.

Miss Clare S. Reed of Nesmith street is visiting the family of E. J. Noyes at Seaview.

Mr. John H. Kimball returned on Sunday from a brief visit to Europe which he greatly enjoyed.

Mr. John T. Raymond of the O'Donnell & Gilbride company has returned from a two weeks' trip to the White Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. F. U. Cambridge and weeks' vacation, spent in Vermont.

Rev. Thomas S. Sayers, Jr., and family, returned from their vacation yesterday.

Mr. Fred L. Balcolm, the well known engineer at the Tremont and Suffolk mills is at present spending a two weeks' vacation in the vicinity of Vanceboro, Me., hunting and fishing.

Miss Mary Eva McNally and her little neice, Miss Theresa McNulty, guests of Miss Anna Donnelly of East Merrimack street. The younger lady, although but six years of age is already a successful and popular danseuse.

Orion E. Gardner of this city has been granted a pension.

Mrs. William Tracey and son of Worcester are the guests of Mr and Mrs. Cleveland J. Cheney of Princeton street.

Orison H. Gardner of this city, has been granted an original pension.

Miss Maria Gibney and her sister Della, have gone to New York city.

Mrs. G. W. Johnson and her children are visiting at Antrim and Wolfboro, N. H.

Mrs. Georgre S. Hull and children have returned from a six weeks' stay at Plymouth, Mass.

Mr. H. H. Dearborn of the firm of H. H. Dearborn & Co. of Seattle, is in Lowell for a few days and is just as enthusiastic about his part of the West as ever. Seattle is having such a rapid growth that he expects it will soon reach the 100,000 mark.

Officers McNabb, J. B. Crowley, Corcoran and Bumps, have returned from their vacations.

Fay Aldrich, the hustling ad. man, and bookkeeper for Cook, Taylor & Co., will leave Saturday on a trip to the White Mountains where he will pass the next couple of weeks.

Harriet E. Tweed, the wonderful magnetic healer, will be at the American house, September 2 p. m. Don't fail to try him for he cures when physicians fail.

Dr. James J. Connors of North Chelmsford has returned to New York where he will attend the Polytechnic previous to the opening of the Colum-

Brother Alexius, provincial of the Xaverian Brothers, is a guest at the home of the Xaverian Brothers on Varney street.

MAN DROWNED

WHILE BATHING AT CRESCENT BEACH—HEART DISEASE THE CAUSE.

Revere, Sept. 2.—A man said to be Albert Thompson of 260 Park avenue in Worcester, died while bathing at Crescent beach about 4.30 yesterday afternoon.

He was a big man, well built, and with short, curly hair. No person noticed just when he went into the water or how long he had been in. There was a large number of bathers in at the time of the accident.

The screams of a woman who had stumbled against his body while wading in about two feet of water was the first indication of trouble that those near the spot had. Lifeguard William Murphy and Mr. Peter McNally, the noted swimmer were in the water at the time and were the first to reach the woman who had uttered the screams.

The body was quickly taken to the emergency room and Dr. Newton called but the man was dead. Dr. Newton said that heart disease was the cause of death.

POLICE COURT—PICKMAN, J.

There were nine drunks and quite a number of varied cases. Michael Damtaras, a Greek, and Benjamin Bernstein, a Hebrew, were tried for disturbing the peace last Friday night. The former is a fruit dealer and the latter a peddler. The evidence showed that Damteras was plainl ythe aggressor, and was fined $10, while Bernstein was allowed to go.

P. J. Farley appeared for Bernstein who claimed that Damtaras took some fruit from his wagon and after examining it threw it on the ground. Bernstein remostrated, whereupon Damtaras called him vile names and it is alleged drew a knife. John Damraras, a brother of Michael was under arrest for alleged assault but was allowed to go as being the wrong man.

DOYLE—James Doyle, aged one year and one month, beloved son of Thomas and Winifred Doyle, died today at his parents' residence, 4 Brown's court, off Lakeview avenue.

The committee on appropriations will meet at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY

Boarding and Day School,

LOWELL, MASS.

WILL BEGIN ITS 45TH YEAR SEPTEMBER 7TH, 1897.

This school continues the thorough work in English, Science, Classics, Music and Art, for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. Difference of Religion will not be regarded in admission of Pupils.

For further particulars, apply at the Academy or by letter to the Superior,

THE FAR GOLDFIELD.

WHAT UNCLE SAM FOUND OUT ABOUT THE KLONDIKE.

Interesting Record of an Official Investigation of the Great Gold Region—Surveyor Spurr's Account of His Adventurous Trip to the Headwaters of the Yukon.

The question of the veracity of the rumors from time to time reaching the government as to the mineral wealth, especially in gold, of the upper Yukon district of Alaska and the conditions under and means by and times of the year which the district could best be reached were in the early part of last year subjects of departmental consideration.

In order to gather reliable information on the geological questions involved and incidentally some others, Edward Spurr, a member of the United States geological survey, was officially requested to undertake a journey into the interior of Alaska. The records of this trip, published in the September number of Outing, make very interesting reading at this time, when all the world is wild to know all that can be known of the golden northwest.

The explorer prefaces his notes thus:

"Alaska is a most difficult country for traveling, even in the only available short season of its arctic summer, there being no roads, and even Indian trails, on account of the small number of natives, are very rare. The surface is rough, being traversed by many ranges of mountains. Even in the more level portions travel is hindered in the summer by the wet moss, which grows knee deep, and by the insect pests. In the winter it is made impossible by the intense cold. In view of all these difficulties, the peculiar relation of the Yukon river to the coast is such that one might fancy nature had arranged it especially for a highway through this inaccessible interior in partial compensation to man for the obstacles she has put in his way.

"The headwaters of the network of streams that ultimately drain into the Yukon river fortunately lie within about 30 miles of the sea, just on the northern or inland side of a range of mountains which runs along the southern coast of Alaska. From this point the river flows north, away from the sea, far toward the Arctic ocean; then, suddenly changing its mind, turns west, and finally, after traversing the whole width of Alaska, arrives at the Bering sea, its entire course being considerably over 2,000 miles. This little geographical explanation has been made so that the plan of our trip may be clearly understood."

He then plunges into a description of his journey over the Chilkat pass, a narrative long, but full of striking incident and interest. The narrative contains many vivid word pictures of the weird features of that peculiar region. Of the great glaciers he says:

"Here and there stood great, broad glaciers, stretching from the clouds nearly down to the sea. These glaciers, like all that I have seen in Alaska, have wonderful purity of color. The predominating tint is a beautiful robin's egg blue, which changes into pure white in the upper part, where the solid ice grades into the less compact frozen snow. Their surfaces are fantastically carved, pinnacled and turreted, and irregular masses stand out in relief, which the imagination can transform into strange groups of figures."

Dyea he describes as "a small trading post, kept by a white man, around which is gathered a village of Indians or Siwash, belonging to the Chilkat tribe. They are by no means ill looking people. The men are strong and well formed. The women—naturally, when one considers their mode of life—are inferior to the men in good looks. These women have a habit of painting their faces uniformly black with a mixture of soot and grease, a covering which is said to prevent snow blindness in the winter and to be a protection in summer against the mosquitoes. Some have only the upper part of their faces painted, and the black part terminates in a straight line, giving the effect of a half mask. At the time of our arrival the Indians were engaged very busily in catching and drying small fish. These fish are very oily and when dried can be lighted at one end and used as candles, and for this purpose they are stored away against the long winter night."

The writer pays his respects to the mosquitoes on various occasions and in language unmistakable and strong. "I do not think any description or adjectives can exaggerate the discomfort and even torture produced by these pests at their worst," says he, "for they stand peerless among their kind, so far as my experience goes, and that of others with whom I have talked, for wickedness unalloyed."

The hardships of the trip were excessive, but the information gained was well worth the outlay of bodily force that was necessary. Nothing in the narrative is more interesting than the part devoted to the Indians.

"These Indians," says Mr. Spurr, "all have some English name, which they have got from the mission, where they hang around when there is anything to be got by it. I find in my notes 'Tom' credited with carrying 110 pounds of meat and 'Jim' with 101 pounds of sundries. Tom's original name was Kuk-shon, and he claimed to be a chief of the interior, or Stick, Indians. He spent his spare time during the short space of my acquaintance with him in daubing vermilion around his left eye. Before starting across the pass he painted the rest of his face black with soot and grease, but carefully left the red around his eye, and this ornamentation, together with a smile, which I think he meant to be engaging and which he offered on all occasions as a substitute for conversation, made him a particularly villainous looking personage. Among the packers were also a number of women. These were mostly ugly old hags, and many of them plainly suffered greatly from fatigue, yet their patient endurance was remarkable. It seems to fall to the lot of the old women among these people to do the hardest work, but men, women and children are schooled to carry heavy burdens. We met on the trail a whole family packing, carrying out a sort of contract with some of the miners. The man carried 127 pounds, a boy of 13 carried 100 pounds, and the squaw and little girls had heavy loads. Even the dog, about the size of a setter, carried 40 pounds, with which he waddled along patiently enough."

The utter loneliness of these great wide wastes of snow and ice and rugged rocks is portrayed in the closing paragraphs:

"During our whole trip the country through which we passed was singularly lonely and uninhabited. After leaving the few huts on Tagish lake, which I have mentioned, we saw a few Indians in a summer camp on Lake La Barge, and this was all till we got to the junction of the Lewes and Pelly rivers, over 800 miles from Tagish lake. At Pelly we found a log trading post, with a single white man in charge, and a few Indians. There were also three miners, who had met with a misfortune and were disconsolate enough. They had started up the Pelly river with a two years' outfit, intending to remain and prospect for that period, but at some rapid water their boat had been swamped and all their provisions lost.

"Although there are very few people in the country, one is continually surprised at first by perceiving a solitary white tent standing on some prominent point or cliff which overlooks the river. At first this looks very cheerful, and we sent many a hearty hail across the water to such habitations, but our calls were never answered, for these are not the dwellings of the living, but of the dead. Inside each of these tents, which are ordinarily made of white cloth, though sometimes of woven matting, is a dead Indian, and near him are laid his rifle, snowshoes, ornaments and other personal effects. I do not think the custom of leaving these articles at the grave implies any belief that they will be used by the dead man in another world, but simply signifies that he will have no more use for the things which were so dear and necessary to him in life, just as among ourselves articles which have been used by some dead friend are henceforth laid aside and used no longer. These dwellings of the dead are always put in prominent positions, commanding as broad and fair a view as can be obtained."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WONDERFUL CORN.

Two Hundred Bushels of It May Be Grown on an Acre of Land.

Remarkable as it may seem, there are two small fields of corn in Scott county, Ind., which will yield over 200 bushels to the acre. One is owned by Marion Harrod of Alpha, and consists of one acre, on which Mr. Harrod claims he will raise 250 bushels. The other is a field of seven acres owned by E. P. McCaslin, who introduced it, and it will yield fully as much per acre as the field owned by Mr. Harrod.

A description of this wonderful species of corn and a short sketch of its peculiar origin cannot fail to interest every farmer in the land, as it bids fair to supplant the cultivation of all other varieties. Last year Mr. McCaslin made scientific experiments in the culture of corn on his farm, seven miles north of here. He raised 29 varieties, many of which are wholly unknown to the farmers of Indiana and some of which are without a name. His experiments proved highly successful and are of great value, not only to the farmer, but also to science. Of all his experiments, however, the most notable and important by far was the species above referred to.

It is a remarkable specimen and is surely the acme in the cultivation of corn. It has no name other than that supplied by its producer, who has named it Cornucopia, meaning, as every one knows, horn of plenty. It may sound startling to say that 200 bushels of it can be raised to the acre, but it is true, and the poorest ground will produce at least 100 bushels. This wonderful corn was originated by a gentleman from Kentucky about four years ago, and Mr. McCaslin thinks he had last year every grain that remained of the first crop, which was the only one raised, it being the outgrowth of a long succession of experiments in crossing various species.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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To keep looking well and advance in public estimation if proper attention is given to dress. Our Suits cost no more than the ordinary kind—but, oh, my, what a difference the wearer presents when dressed up—Fall Suits are ready. Hats also. The most desirable blocks.

Uncle Sam's Store

OLD POST OFFICE.

BIGGEST FREIGHT ENGINE.

It Will Be Able to Haul Forty-five Loaded Cars Up Steep Grades.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company is constructing at its Juniata shops in Altoona the largest, heaviest and most powerful freight engine ever designed. It is intended to haul ore from the lakes to Pittsburg over the Erie and Pittsburg road in competition with Carnegie's new line. It will not differ from the standard Pennsylvania railroad freight engine except in size and weight; but, as it will have double the hauling capacity of the class R freight engine now in use, this difference is of the greatest importance. The steel boiler or steam generator of the new engine is a gigantic affair, 73 inches in diameter and 24 feet in length.

The sheet in the barrel of the boiler is thirteen-sixteenths of an inch in thickness, fastened with one inch rivets. It will contain 318 flues. The naked boiler will weigh 42,150 pounds. Some idea of its size may be obtained from a comparison with an ordinary boiler, which is from three-eighths to one-half an inch in thickness, 18,000 to 22,000 pounds in weight and contains from 150 to 200 flues. The engine is of the consolidated type, four wheels connected, with pony truck, and will weigh when completed 90 tons. The wheel centers are of cast steel, the full diameter of wheel 50 inches. The cylinders will have a 23 by 28 inch stroke. The guides will be of steel, two bars. The engine will carry 210 pounds of steam. The cistern in the tender is constructed of steel three-sixteenths of an inch thick and will have a capacity of 4,500 gallons.

It is expected that the new engine will haul 45 loaded cars up the mountain from this city. The most powerful freight engines now in use haul but 20 loaded cars up the same elevation. When in service on the Erie and Pittsburg road, it will be in connection with 100,000 pound cars. The capacity of the ordinary car is 60,000 to 80,000 pounds, the greater number being 60,000. The new engine, however, will only be in complete working order with 100 ton cars behind her, when 20 miles an hour can be made with ease. These cars will be fully equipped with airbrakes and every appliance insuring safety and will not carry a train crew, the whole duty of managing the train devolving on the engineer. In this respect the train will not differ from a passenger train, which is controlled almost entirely by the engineer, the duties of the conductor and brakemen relating mainly to the passengers.—Exchange.

CANNOT VISIT FORTS.

Those Having No Business With Uncle Sam Must Keep Out.

An order has been issued by the war department prohibiting all persons, except those connected with the army and navy, from visiting and inspecting the new fortifications. It is as follows:

"Except by special authority of the secretary of war, no person other than officers of the army and navy of the United States and persons in the service of the United States employed in direct connection with the use, construction or care of these works will be allowed to visit any portion of the lake and coast defenses of the United States without the written authority of the officer in charge, to be given only for proper reasons.

"Special authority to visit defensive works granted by the secretary of war will be limited to United States senators and members of congress, their public office requiring them to take official action on matters connected therewith, and to the governor of the state in which the works are located, as commander in chief of the local militia instructed there.

"Neither written nor pictorial descriptions of these works will be made for publication without the authority of the secretary of war, nor will any information be given concerning them which is not contained in the printed reports and documents of the war department."

A Gambler's Luck.

A few weeks ago Lee Fulton arrived at Deadwood with a solitary $5 note in his pocket. He was not long in changing it for a couple of stacks of white checks. He manipulated those checks in such a manner that he soon had accumulated about ten times his original capital. Fortune seemed to smile upon him from his humble beginning, and he soon acquired sufficient funds to open up a bank for himself and get upon the inside.

The fortune which followed him as a player did not desert him as a dealer, and while many changed in against him but few pulled out winners. He seemed to have as good a thing as a Klondike placer claim and was coining money. He either got tired of winning or else sorry for the people who went against his game, so he "turned the box over" and skirmished around upon the outside. Again he was successful for a time, but ran up toward the last against a little piece of hard luck and dropped quite a roll before he dropped to himself.

He left for the east last evening and took with him something over $3,000. Before leaving, however, he paid several hundred dollars of debts, bought his brother a thrashing machine, for which he paid $800, and the night before he left dropped $700 against bank and still had the amount stated above to the good.—Sioux Falls Leader.

False Teeth Take Root.

A Russian druggist has at length solved the problem of supplying us with false teeth which will grow into the gums as firmly as natural ones. The teeth are made of gutta percha, porcelain or metal, as the case may be. At the root of the tooth holes are made, and also in the jaw. The tooth is then placed in the cavity, and in a short time a soft, granulated growth finds its way from the jaw into the holes of the tooth. This growth gradually hardens and holds the tooth in position.

It does not matter in the least, according to this enterprising Russian dentist, whether the cavity in which the tooth is placed is one from which a natural tooth has recently been drawn or whether it has been healed for months or even years.—London Figaro.

Stole to Get to Klondike.

Joseph Tunick went away from Port Chester, N. Y., not long ago on his vacation. On a recent afternoon Charles and Frank Hughes, 8 and 9 years old, and Roscoe Burlnissi, 7 years old, went to the manager of his store and told him that Mrs. Tunick was going for a drive and wanted the key to the stable lock. He refused to give it to them, but they broke open the door and stole a $300 trotter and buggy.

The youngsters confided in friends that they were going to the Klondike to seek their fortunes. They were heavily armed with knives and pistols and had newspaper clippings and maps relating to their proposed trip.

Stole Bible and Boots.

Randolph Williams, colored, was presented by the grand jury for the alleged larceny of a Bible and a pair of rubber boots, all valued at $21, belonging to the Perkins Square (colored) Baptist church. The rubber boots were those used by the pastor of the church in the ordinance of baptism.—Baltimore American.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday

PHYSICAL WRECK

Student of Western University Horribly Injured

AS THE RESULT OF A CANE RUSH.

Most Deplorable Feature of "Higher Education."

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Berkeley, Cal., Sept. 1.—There will be no more "rushes" at the University of California, if President Kellogg's latest mandate is obeyed.

Benj. Kurtz, a freshman, was found this morning half dazed, with both jaws broken, every tooth gone, one nostril torn away, and the upper lip hanging by a thread and disfigured for life by a man's heel, all the result of a rush between two lower classes last night. Two other freshmen came out of the conflict with broken legs.

BALTIMORE'S LUCK.

GREATEST MONTH FOR EXPORTS IN ITS HISTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Baltimore, Sept. 1.—August was the banner month in the history of this port. The exports amounted to over $10,000,000, figures never before reached They were made up principally of grain. The British steamer Lyndhurst took out over one hundred and five thousand bushels of wheat valued at a dollar a bushel.

MINING DIVIDEND DECLARED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 1.—At a meeting of the directors of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company this morning a dividend of ten dollars per share was issued.

ROYALTY AT WURZBURG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Wurzburg, Bavaria, Sept. 1.—The Emperor and Empress of Germany arrived here this morning and were accorded an enthusiastic reception. They will witness a review parade this noon.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Monroe, Ga., Sept. 1.—Mrs. Luther Guthrie was instantly killed by lightning last night, as she stood with her baby in her arms. The child was burned, but not seriously.

A FAMILY DYING

Because of Demented Daughter's Rash Act.

ONE DEAD AND SIX DYING AS RESULT.

Mother Killed With Babe in Arms.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Metropolis, Ill., Sept. 1.—A wholesale poisoning occurred last night in the family of Henry Miller. A demented daughter put poison in scrambled eggs. F. Bady is dead, the father dying, and the wife and four children cannot live.

COHEN'S HORSE KILLED.

A FRUIT PEDDLER'S UNLUCKY FATE IN NASHUA.

A horse belonging to John Cohen of this city ran away in Nashua last evening, resulting in the death of the horse and the narrow escape of the owned from serious injury. The man had stopped on Hollis street and given the horse oats in a bag. Mr. Cohen then sat down in the bottom of his wagon to eat his own lunch. Suddenly the horse became frightened and started to run away. He dashed towards Main street and near S. D. Chandler's grain elevator the wagon struck a hydrant. The wagon was completely overturned and Mr. Cohen thrown into the street along with a load of fruit.

The horse freed itself from the wagon and with only the front wheels and shafts attached darted up Main street to the Acton track where it fell and was captured. During the race the hind leg of the animal was so badly injured that President C. S. Bussell of the S. P. C. A., ordered the animal killed. This was done. Mr. Cohen himself escaped with painful scratches on his face. Many people had narrow escapes from the running horse during its dash along Hollis and Main streets.

Mr. Cohen is a fruit peddler and went to Nashua yesterday to prosecute his business. His wagon was badly wrecked and the fruit lost.

VETERAN FIREMEN

OWN THE TOWN OF SPRINGFIELD TODAY—PLAY-OUT BEGUN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 1.—The New England League of Veteran Firemen owns this city today. A better day for a muster could not be had. In the monster parade this forenoon thirty-four organizations were in the city. It is the most successful meeting ever held. The play-out commenced at noon.

MRS. ROBERTS WINS.

CHILDREN HERS FOR NINE MONTHS IN THE YEAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bath, Me., Sept. 1.—Judge White of the Supreme court today rendered decision in the famous Patten case of Mrs. Roberts Patten against Dr. Roberts for custody of children in favor of Mrs. Patten. She can have the children nine months in the year and the father the other three months.

BRIBERY CHARGES

Being Sifted at Fall River Investigation

WITNESS IN CONTEMPT FOR REFUSING TO ANSWER.

Contradictory Testimony by Several Witnesses.

Fall River, Sept. 1.—The investigation of the public instruction committee was resumed this afternoon. Walter S. McLane, clerk of the Mellen house, did not remember calling on Mayor Greene and saying Mr. Farnham told him he was sorry he had written the letter of July 23 to the mayor referring to the award of the plan and contracts through bribery rather than merit. He did not remember any talk which he might have had with Mr. Farnham about the letter. He refused to answer further questions regarding Farnham, Shea or Hong.

This led to an exchange of words between Acting city solicitor Grime and McLane. The latter was told he could decline to answer any questions which he felt might incriminate himself, but could not refuse to answer to shield another. Talk of proceedings for contempt did not alter his persistent refusal and the witness was excused.

The committee then went into executive session and Mr. Grime was instructed to institute proceedings in the superior or supreme court against McLane for contempt.

James O. Manchester, clerk of committees, testified concerning meetings. He had never seen improprieties on the part of members concerning awards or contracts. He had heard Bobrick say in the auditor's office that he would not want the school furniture contract at the price the Chandler company took it for.

Then followed several witnesses brought here from Boston by Agent Butler of the Chandler company in an attempt to prove that Agent Bobrick of the Bobrick company was unreliable as regards reputation for truth and veracity. Walworth O. Barbour, a manufacturer of iron work in Cambridge; Leontine Hall of Waltham, employed by the Chandler company, and Walter J. Norman, pattern maker of Chardon street, Boston, testified as to what they thought of Bobrick's reputation for veracity and responsibility. With one exception they said they would not believe Mr. Bobrick under oath.

Mr. Butler denied that he had offered Bobrick $300 if he would not bid on the school furniture, as testified by Bobrick. He denied saying anything about two votes costing $700. He sent Patrick Gillan, his local agent to find out what he could about Bobrick's business, and he did know Gillan told Bobrick he could get two votes for $700, as testified by the latter. He denied telling Bobrick that he would get Alderman's Gibney's vote because both were Odd Fellows, also that he had bought the committee wine suppers, either before or after the award, although he did invite them out to drink after the award.

City Auditor Henry W. Clark corroborated Manchester's testimony. The hearing was then adjourned until Friday afternoon when McLane will again be called. James Marshall, a hat manufacturer, was to have been summoned, but being out of town, papers could not be served. He is supposed to be a member of the citizen's committee.

BIRTHDAY HONORS.

Miss Lillian Garland, the 16 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Garland of Chelmsford street was presented with a gold lined jewel box and a handsome pearl ring on the occasion of her birthday.

LOWELL MAN DROWNED.

Yesterday morning William Cogger, brother of Cogger Bros., the Paige street wood dealers, was drowned in Newington, N. H. The body had not been recovered at 6 o'clock last evening. The deceased was 21 years of age.

CASTORIA.

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Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE

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S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:

Sat., Sept. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Oct. 14, at 11 a. m.
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; round passage $78.37. Steerage passage $25.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to Local Agts. Wm. Burgess, Fall River, James Duckett, 92 So. Main st.; Jeremiah Kelly, Fall River.

ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow.

Via Londonderry.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, Aug. 6, 11 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Aug. 20, 10 a. m.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Sept. 3, 9 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Sept. 17, 8 a. m.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

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Reunion of Horse Swappers.

"I have heard of all sorts of queer reunions, but there was one down in Georgia the other day that was absolutely unique," said P. F. Cross of that state at the Raleigh, Washington. "It was a reunion of horse swappers, and a jolly gathering it was. There were fully 1,000 delegates in attendance, and it looked to outsiders as if a big political convention was in progress. Politics, however, was strictly tabooed, and nothing went but horse talk. Of course the members fetched along from one to a dozen nags of all sorts and conditions, and the swapping of beasts was the main attraction during the reunion. A constitution and bylaws were adopted and a committee was appointed to draft a code of ethics. It was thought the civilization of the age had reached a point where equine exchanges should be conducted along stricter lines of honesty than had hitherto characterized such transactions. It was argued, and the sentiment was overwhelmingly commended, that no man was fit to join in future reunions who would try to put off on another a horse whose vision had departed or who was represented to be sound when the facts were the other way. There is no doubt in my mind that from a moral as well as social standpoint the meeting was a great success."—Exchange.

Smallest Train In the World.

An interesting exhibit at the Transmississippi exposition, at Omaha, is to be the "Tom Thumb" train, so called because it is said to be the smallest in the world. It is the work of a young man without technical training. The engine weighs 460 pounds, and its length, with the tender, is 6 feet 7½ inches. The cylinder is 1¼ by 2½ inches and the driving wheels are 8 inches in diameter. The engine, however, hauls six observation cars, in each of which two children may be comfortably seated. The entire length of the train is 29 feet. Six gallons of water in the tender tank and five in the boiler will furnish sufficient steam to propel it for two hours.

$100 TO ANY MAN.

Will Pay $100 for Any Case of Weakness in Men They Treat and Fail to Cure.

An Omaha Company places for the first time before the public a MAGICAL TREATMENT for the cure of Lost Vitality, Nervous and Sexual Weakness and Restoration of Life Force in old and young men. No worn-out French remedy; contains no Phosphorous or other harmful drugs. It is a WONDERFUL TREATMENT—magical in its effects—positive in its cure. All readers who are suffering from a weakness that blights their life, causing that mental and physical suffering peculiar to Lost Manhood, should write to the STATE MEDICAL COMPANY, Suite 618, Range B, of Omaha, Neb., and they will send you absolutely FREE a valuable paper on these diseases and positive proofs of their truly MAGICAL TREATMENT. Thousands of men who have lost all hope of a cure are being restored by them to a perfect condition.

This MAGICAL TREATMENT may be taken at home under their directions or they will pay railroad fare and hotel bills to all who prefer to go there for treatment, if they fail to cure. They are perfectly reliable; have no Free Prescriptions, Free Cure, Free Sample, or C.O.D. fake. They have $250,000 capital and guarantee to cure every case they treat or refund every dollar; or their charges may be deposited in a bank to be paid to them when a cure is effected. Write them today.

MANLY VIGOR

Restored in young, old or middle-aged men. Night losses, drains and emissions cease at once. The Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Lost Manhood, Atrophy, Undevelopment, all Diseases and Weaknesses of Man, from whatever cause, permanently and privately CURED by the use of The Old Dr. Hallock Electric Pills. This famous, magical medicine will do away with the mental tortures patients suffer from, and instead of flabby nerves, will give you nerves of steel and a confident, buoyant nature. The pills used by THE OLD Doctor since 1858, and with universal success. Price $1 per box. Pills sent by mail, closely sealed, in plain wrapper, on receipt of price. Full direction, showing what to eat and what not to eat and other valuable information sent with each order for pills.

We prepare our Electric Pills on an accumulated medical experience of over 40 years, and we warrant them to cure. We sell them at a price within the reach of all men. We have no free prescriptions, free cures or C. O. D. methods. We employ no agents. Beware of so-called Free cures and prescriptions, for you will be disappointed, but instead, pay $1 for genuine medicine like The Old Dr. Hallock Electric Pills, prepared by a reliable old established institution.

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To inquiring minds and sincere seekers after health, we will send our valuable medical book of 64 pages. Describes anatomy of the generative organs, gives chapters on blood poison, lost vigor, stricture and all diseases of men; many valuable prescriptions and other information included. Shows you how a cure may be obtained secretly and at home. Sent sealed with list of questions, free, on application to FREE

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THE SUN IS

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We may expect life to be a little sweeter in Lowell. A wholesale candy factory has been established here.

With the high price of wheat and provisions it is expected that in a short time wages will advance. It should be remembered that when the purchasing power of the dollar is lessened, wages should increase.

The feat of Star Pointer last Saturday at Readville has turned the attention of a great any people to the race track who never thought of it before. The horsemen will now look forward to a repetition of the achievement, but it may not be accomplished for a considerable time.

The discovery of an infant two weeks old abandoned in the woods of Willow Dale reveals one of the most cruel cases of desertion ever heard of in this vicinity. It seems that not only the police, but the officers of the Humane society should make an endeavor to find the mother or to detect the parties responsible for such an inhuman act.

"The price of all kinds of products depends on the price of silver." How many times we have heard that within the past two years. Nevertheless, silver goes steadily down in price and farm products of all kinds are as steadily going up. Aren't you a little off your trolley, Mr. Bryan?—Beverly Times.

Nobody who understands the money question ever made such a statement. The price of all kinds of farm products depends upon the price of gold under normal conditions, but special causes may produce a variation, just as the shortage of wheat in Europe has caused an increase in the price of wheat, and other special causes have reduced the price of silver.

Captain Weyler is now endeavoring to convince the public that he never intended to punish Miss Cisneros, and that she was always treated with the utmost consideration. The fact that she was charged with luring the governor of Pine Island into her house for the purpose of having him assassinated is sufficient to show that she was in great danger of imprisonment for life, because many people have been sentenced to life imprisonment on a less serious charge than that. Weyler is trying to show that the representations of the American press in her behalf were unwarranted and that the appeals to His Holiness, the Pope, and the Queen of Spain were premature and due to a prejudice against Spain.

But the light of publicity has been so turned upon the case of Miss Cisneros that she will soon be set at liberty.

The state committee of Pennsylvania has unceremoniously fired William F. Harrity of the National committee because of his failure to support the democratic candidate and party last fall. Mr. Harrity as secretary of the National democratic committee lent his aid to the republican party and by publishing interviews favorable to the gold standard, proved himself a traitor to the party that elected him. His expulsion from the National committee this year is a deserved rebuke for his recreancy. The letter of Chairman Garman of the state committee of Pennsylvania is right to the point in showing that it is wise and proper that the democratic party should so perfect its organization that every man from national chairman to vigilance committee should be a tried and true democrat who will battle for democratic principles in the face of the foe and not retire from politics while the battle is fiercely raging. Mr. Harrity has met his deserts and he should take his medicine gracefully.

CHANGING TEXT BOOKS.

The changes in text books made by the school board on Monday evening was perhaps necessary and perhaps not. It seems that under the present system there is no right method of deciding upon the merits of text books; the matter is left to the individual judgment of members of the school board who may know very little of the text books to be thrown out and still less of the new ones to be put in their place. The changes in text books were always expensive to the city, and we have reason to fear that they are so frequently made at the instigation of some book publishing concern without due regard to the city's interests. One thing certain is that some of the books used in the schools are not well adapted to the needs of the pupils. Some of the geographies for instance are too large and too cumbersome for small children to use. The attempt to have children study or master such text books generally results in utter failure, whereas the use of smaller, simpler and more condensed books would serve the purpose much better. By small books the pupils are usually enabled to climb up to larger.

MERIT is what has given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world and enables it to accomplish thousands of wonderful CURES.

SUNBEAMS

THE DUEL AT BILLVILLE.

Did you hear about the duel in Billville-on-the-Bend—
How two combatants cruel fought the fight unto the end;
How they set the woman screamin at the deadly pistol's sound
And wounded all the barn doors for many yards around?

The mayor had told the major he was never in the war,
Had never heard a drum beat or a battle cannon roar,
Had stuck at home hurrahing while his country fought and bled,
And the major in his anger broke a fence rail on his head.

Then the mayor he sent a challenge for to fight till they were blue,
And both selected pistols and a whisky jug or two,
And they got a dozen umpires and stood upon the square
And peppered everything in sight and wounded lots of air.

They shot a train a-runnin and left it in the lurch;
Broke six postoffice windows and winged the Baptist church,
And a funeral procession that was struggling through the throng
Had several mourners wounded and took one more corpse along.

They fired for an hour as fast as they could load,
They wounded all the wagons that were rumblin down the road,
They shot the sheriff in the leg and rolled him on the clover,
And then they hit the coroner and neatly turned him over.

The people wired the governor, he called out the brigades,
And the boys here down upon 'em with muskets and with blades,
And the wild mayor and the major they left the town by stealth;
But not 'fore they had both shook hands and drunk each other's health.

—S. L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

The Professor's Mistake.

An amusing story is told about a professor. The learned gentleman has a wife and family; but, professorlike, his thoughts are always with his books.

One evening his wife, who had been out for some hours, returned to find the house remarkably quiet. She had left the children playing about, but now they were nowhere to be seen.

She demanded to be told what had become of them, and the professor explained that as they had made a good deal of noise he had put them to bed without waiting for her or calling a maid.

"I hope they gave you no trouble," she said.

"No," replied the professor, "with the exception of the one in the cot here. He objected a good deal to my undressing him and putting him to bed."

The wife went to inspect the cot.

"Why," she exclaimed, "that's little Johnny Green from next door!"—Tit-Bits.

Her Lungs Were Weak.

Mr. Johnsin—See hoah, woman, don' yo' hollah laik dat. Ah ain't deaf.

Mrs. Johnsin—Yo' fule niggah, yo' know ah has to shout cayse mah lungs am so weak.—Up to Date.

Grappling With the Invisible.

"I don't believe in anything I can't see," said the young man who aims to be considered a skeptic.

The middle aged man with overalls on looked at him pensively for a moment and then inquired:

"Young feller, did you ever ketch hold of a 'lectric wire?"—Washington Star.

Politics In Brief.

"Politics don't pay," said a Georgia man yesterday. "I've been mixed up with 'em ten years, and I'm just ten years in debt."

"Had a good time though, didn't you?" he was asked.

"Oh, yes. I beat the other fellow occasionally."—Atlanta Constitution.

Those Summer Vacations.

"How delightful to think of so many people enjoying vacation trips paid for with money earned by hard work last winter!"

"Yes, but the people I know who are taking vacation trips expect to pay for them with money to be earned next winter."—Chicago Record.

How He Reasoned It Out.

Papa—Charley, please hand me that book on the table, there.

Charley (aged 9)—There he is, papa.

Papa—No, my son, you should not say "There he is," but "There it is."

Charley—Why, papa, it's a hymn-book, isn't it?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Realism.

A literary Bohemian is at work on a great naturalistic novel. "The marchioness," he writes, "became as white as a shirt. Glancing at that very moment at his own wristbands, he is seized by a scruple and adds, "whiter even than a shirt."—Masque de Fer.

Sand and Rocks.

Marie—So you are engaged to Mr. Special. Was he the only man at the beach with sand enough to propose?

Edith—No, but he was the only man with rocks enough for me to accept.—New York Truth.

HIS ONE BET.

It Seemed Fair, but the Other Fellow Was Fooled.

"I never made but one bet in my life, and I won that," said a newspaper man as they began talking about bets.

"You see, it was this way," he went on. "I was in college, and a member of my class came in to call on me and my roommate. In the course of the talk I offered to bet our visitor a box of cigars that he was the biggest fool in the class, and I agreed to leave it to any three members of it we would select. He consented. I chose myself as one arbitrator. He demurred, but assented when I hinted that there was nothing to prevent his choosing himself for his representative, and then we two could choose a third. It was a rather roundabout way of choosing a single arbitrator, but it was necessary to work out the job my chum and I had put up on him. It was then suggested that we couldn't do any better than choose my chum as the third man. He was a good judge of fools or wise men, I argued, and would be as likely to be as fair as anybody. Our caller finally assented. We then proceeded to make our arguments. He called attention to various incidents in my college career to prove that I was at any rate a bigger fool than he was and that consequently he could not be the biggest fool in the class, and that was all he was called upon to prove.

"When it came my turn, I made short work of it by remarking that if he won the bet my chum would not have an opportunity to smoke many of the cigars, whereas if I won the box would stand where he could have access to it as long as the cigars lasted, and that a man who did not foresee such a position and argument in my favor in consenting to leave the matter to my chum must be the biggest fool not only in the class but in the whole college. Of course we got the cigars, and the loser acknowledged the justice of the decision."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Understood the Case.

Mrs. Lakeside—I wish to get a divorce from my husband for outrageous cruelty, inhumanity, brutality, non-support.

Chicago Lawyer—I must have $50 retaining fee first, madam.

"But I haven't got it. I spent the last $50 my husband gave me for this bonnet this very morning."

"Won't he give you any more?"

"Not for several days anyhow."

"Well, perhaps the gentleman you wish to marry will lend it to you."—New York Weekly.

Discouraging.

"It's jes' my luck," said Farmer Corntossel gloomily. "I'm the wust guesser a-goin. The only sure way fur a man to git along is ter make up his mind what he's a-goin ter do an keep doin jes' that."

"Have you had bad luck?"

"Nothin else. Last year I raised wheat when I orter hev tuck in summer boarders. This year I tuck in summer boarders when I orter hev raised wheat."—Washington Evening Star.

Not In Time.

Myrtle—They say that you made a regular fool of Algy Piersons at the islands last week.

Maud—No, they are wrong. I might have done it but for one thing.

Myrtle—What was that?

Maud—Somebody had finished the job before I got hold of him.—Cleveland Leader.

Porter and Mark Twain.

General Porter tells a story of his farewell to Mark Twain once when Mark was going away. "I said: 'Good-by, Mark. May God be with you always.' He drawlingly replied, 'I—hope—he—will—but—I—hope, too, that he may find some leisure—moments—to—take—care—of—you.'"—Argonaut.

The Impediment.

She—I think Mr. Stone is just too mean and stingy for anything. He just won't buy his wife a wheel.

He—You misjudge him, my love. He'd be perfectly willing to buy it, only he's too fat to teach her to ride and too jealous to want any one else to act as her instructor.—Brooklyn Life.

Wouldn't Touch Him.

"Why don't you go in bathing, Mr. Softly?" she asked.

"A man eating shark has been seen near here," he replied.

"Man eating!" she repeated. "Oh, well, he wouldn't touch you then."—Chicago Post.

The Boston Cook.

Mistress—When you came here a few days ago, you said your name was Mary. Now I find in your book that it is Kittie.

Cook—Oh, madam, that's all right. Mary is my pseudonym.—Exchange.

A Beautiful Sight.

Galton—The Rev. Thomas Dixon of New York says the most beautiful sight in the world is a beautiful woman upon a beautiful horse.

Jastrow—He has probably never held a royal flush.—Cleveland Leader.

Affected by the Heat.

"Our janitor was sick all summer."

"What was the matter?"

"It prostrated him to see us getting all the hot air we wanted without appealing to him."—Chicago Record.

The Absentminded Professor.

Do you know, my dear, I was so busy remembering what you asked me to buy you, that I forgot to stop and get it.—New York Truth.

The Latest.

First Traveler—I'm an American.

Second Do.—And I, sir, am a Greater New Yorker.—Philadelphia North American.

THE TELEGRAPH.

A Louisiana Paper Indorses Government Ownership as Good Democracy.

"There are strong indications that the people of the United States will be called upon to decide whether it would be to their advantage for the government to own and operate the telegraphic system. This question is being discussed to some extent by the papers, some representing strong arguments in favor of the proposition and others claim it would be paternalism, a step that might lead to the stifling of individual effort, socialistic, and the Democratic papers opposed to the movement declare it undemocratic.

"The Press believes it would result to the advantage of the people and for this reason favors the government ownership of the telegraph.

"The government operates the mail system, and to deny that it is a function of our government to operate the telegraph, a more advanced and equally important mode of transmission, is a condemnation of the government's operation of the mails.

"The Western Union obtained its franchise from the government, which is proof positive that it is an inherent right of government to operate the telegraphic system. In granting it the right of expropriation the government delegated a privilege it should jealously guard.

"Foreign countries operate the telegraph lines to the great advantage of their citizens. Besides there is no reason why we should leave that paying and advanced mode of transmission of intelligence to a few individuals who are growing rich at the expense of the public and reserve to ourselves the right to operate the mails which is done at a loss.

"We do not see that it would stifle individual energy for the government to own a telegraphic system, for all companies would be permitted to do business, but, of course, would have to meet competition.

"The socialistic cry is one form of opposition that is not entitled to serious consideration. People who fear progress have and will always exist.

"That Thomas Jefferson opposed paternalism does not seem any reason why the necessities of the day should not be supplied, admitting for the sake of argument that this would be paternalism. He certainly did not oppose, if he did not favor, the government owning the mail lines, and it is an unwarranted assumption to say that he would oppose the transmission of intelligence by the government in a more expeditious mode.

"We believe the fundamental principle of Democracy to be that the people shall govern, and if the people declare that the government should own the telegraphic system it would be Democratic."—Lake Charles (La.) Press.

Teller's Objection.

In an interview with the Chicago Chronicle last week Senator Teller, in reference to postal savings banks, spoke as follows:

"It is my belief that the postal savings bank question is what each American should discuss, study and talk about. During the past year I have made a close study of this interesting question, and I cannot see what chance the poor man has in securing this great benefit. What if congress should pass a law tomorrow which would establish a government postal bank? What would the heads of the private savings banks do? What chance would the poor man have who has his all in these banks? It would only result in his losing all. It is my honest opinion, after careful study and searching for exact figures, that the savings banks of this country would not pay one-half of the deposits if congress should pass a postal savings bank law. The poor man would not leave his money in the hands of a state, national or private bank when he could put it in an institution run by the government."

In other words, the senator very truthfully assures us that the bank of today is a very uncertain institution. But the fact that bankers have made it a practice to loan and speculate with funds deposited with them for safe keeping to such an extent that very few could pay off their depositors upon demand, as the senator states, is no reason why this abuse should be continued. What the poor people want are postal savings banks where they can deposit their savings with the government and know that they will be safe. Let the bankers speculate and loan their own money. The poor have been robbed long enough.—Denver Road.

Bryan Must Broaden Out.

William J. Bryan is in the storm center of a great disturbance, but that storm center is going to move, and unless Mr. Bryan broadens out it will leave him high and dry. The silver question is not the only issue of importance which confronts the American people. It is not even the most important one. Free silver alone cannot accomplish anything more than give us a little more money. Before we agitate the financial question we must find work for the 1,000,000 and more men who are robbing and ruining our homes, tramping over the country and committing murder, in despair because they cannot get work to do.—Ex-Senator Peffer.

The Injunction Age.

The injunction business has reached an interesting stage. A federal judge sitting in Arkansas has commanded the state of Kansas to allow the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York to do business within its borders. The state superintendent of insurance of Kansas, acting under instructions from Governor Leedy, refuses to obey the decree of the foreign judge. So "bleeding Kansas" is once more backing the United States government's court's decision, and there are those who are wondering whether the developments of long ago will be repeated.—Cleveland Citizen.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, not gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE STORY TELLER

TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE.

Oh, many a vision I've cherished,
To brighten the days of my life,
Of a home amid roses embowered,
Of some one to greet me as wife,
But to have such a home as you offer,
To have such a lover as you,
With a heart so devoted and tender,
Seems almost too good to be true.

I remember the times in my girlhood
I felt it my pride and my joy
To have your attendance at parties,
For you were the favorite boy.
And though there were handsomer maidens,
And others much richer than I,
There was none of the group so heart-broken,
When you left without saying goodby.

I heard of you then in the city,
And knew you were making a name,
Each day by the efforts of genius
Securing a permanent fame.
And I fancied you must have forgotten
The poor little girl you once knew,
And to have you come back as a suitor
Seems almost too good to be true.

I hoped to have cards to your wedding,
To the church and reception beside,
Where I might with tearful emotion
Congratulate you—no, the bride,
But to stand by your side at the altar
To be solemnly married to you—
It seems, when I think it all over,
As if twere too good to be true.

—Josephine Pollard in New York Ledger.

AN AWKWARD FIX.

"Do you think two girls ought to be born so exactly alike?" said Charlie Dacre, ruefully twisting up a cigarette.

The other man laughed.

"Are you talking of those two Dennison girls? They're not exactly alike."

"It's all very well for you, but I haven't your long sight, and I declare to you if I see either of them at a little distance or in a bad light I can't tell which is which. I am going to a party tonight given by the respected parents of my Dennison, and I positively dread it."

"Perhaps they play tricks on you," said Ballantyne. "One of them is rather skittish."

Charlie got himself up that night with extraordinary care, and as he was a good looking fellow he presented a rather striking appearance as he entered Mrs. Dennison's drawing rooms. He had been detained, so that most of the guests had arrived when he came, and his inamorata was nowhere to be seen. But shortly after he had paid his respects to the host and hostess the daughter of the house, prettily dressed in white and blue, came up. Dacre begged for a dance—two dances.

"I'm so sorry," said she, "but I've nothing vacant till the lancers. You're a little late, Mr. Dacre, you see," with a slight accent of reproach as she gave him her card. Charlie apologized in the humblest terms, and the girl bestowed a smile on him as she was led away.

Dacre went to seek her in good time for his lancers. She sat on an ottoman in a distant part of the room, where the drooping folds of a curtain formed a shade from the glare of the lights. The blue and white of her filmy gown stood out against the dark background. Dacre hastened across the room to her.

"Miss Dennison—my dance," he said eagerly. "May I?"

She turned her pretty face and arched her eyebrows in surprise.

"Yes," said Charlie, "the lancers—you promised—oh, I beg your pardon. You're your cousin—I mean, the other Miss Dennison—and, of course, I haven't seen you before."

Then, recovering from his confusion before the young lady could speak, he added:

"I hope I'm not too late to get a dance, Miss Dennison?"

Having secured this, he sought the other Isabel.

"Why in the fiend's name do they dress alike?" he muttered in nervous fear of another mistake. He might be continually coming across the one he didn't want, like a recurring decimal. Several times he bore down on a fair girl in blue and white, but turned away, deciding that he had only come on an Isabel in another place. The lancers had begun. It was in full swing before he came suddenly on a sofa where sat the Isabel.

"Miss Dennison," he stammered, "I'm so sorry"—

"Pray don't apologize," said she coldly. "I assure you the delay is not of the slightest moment."

"Indeed, it was quite unintentional," said the unfortunate Charlie in despair. "I have been looking for you"—

"I have been sitting here the last ten minutes, and you passed me just now."

"I saw a blue and white dress," acknowledged Charlie, "but some people came between it and me. Won't you forgive me and dance this? It isn't too late."

"I think my mother wants me," said Isabel, rising with dignity.

"May I take you to her?"

"No, thank you."

Charlie only got pardoned when everybody was going. He was mad with himself, but could not bring himself to acknowledge the real reason of his apparent neglect. He was sensitive about these constant mistakes. They went on happening, of course, the one Isabel laughing at him, which he dreaded, the other turning haughty and offended. He offered some flowers to a Dennison girl one day and she said demurely, "Are you sure they were meant for me?"

"Whom else could they be meant for?" said Charlie sentimentally.

"My cousin, perhaps—she's over there," said the girl merrily. Dacre flushed in unutterable confusion and took back the flowers, scarcely knowing what he did. And when he turned away he met the scornful eyes of a girl who must be the Isabel he wanted because the girl he had left wasn't she. It was quite impossible to present the flowers, and he made a crestfallen escape as soon as he could.

"Hang it, I'll end all this!" he said angrily one day. "But I shall have to be careful, if I am happily successful, that I marry the right girl. It would be awfully awkward if I didn't."

His opportunity seemed thrown into his hands, for he was invited to spend a week at a country house where the Isabel was also going with her mother. He sat next her at dinner, and to his great delight saw no other Isabel.

"We shall be a larger party tomorrow," said the young lady. "My cousins are coming."

"The—the Dennisons?" Charlie almost gasped.

"Not all of them—only Isabel and Lucy."

This was comforting. And both Isabels had such an odious habit of dressing in the same colors! Why didn't they wear different colored ribbons, like French twins?

He got along fairly well, with great care and caution. One evening he saw Isabel Dennison entering the library. He knew it was his one because she had on a gray dress, whereas her cousin had worn a green one during the day. It was too dark to see her features. He followed her into the room.

"The nicest time for a chat," he said, and she made a movement as if to leave the room, flitting toward a further door.

"Yes, but I'm afraid I can't stay," she said. "I only came to fetch something I left here."

"Well—but don't go—stay a minute," said Dacre entreatingly. He had no doubt at all about his accuracy as to identity. Her desire to escape from him was a sure proof, let alone others, for it was precisely the desire she had shown in the last few days, and which he took as a favorable sign. "Miss Dennison—Isabel—am I mistaken in thinking—in hoping—you know—you surely must know that I love you!"

The girl had stood still for a second, while Charlie rushed on with his declaration, but she interrupted him hastily:

"Indeed, Mr. Dacre, I'm afraid"—

"Don't say that," said Charlie, going nearer. "All those weeks in town—down here, when we have been thrown so much together—I surely have not misunderstood?"

A stifled sound came from the slim figure before him, whether laugh or what he could not tell, but he suddenly started back, and in so doing came face to face with another Isabel in a gray dress.

If the earth had opened and swallowed him, Charlie would have been thankful. This was the crowning disaster. Neither Isabel stirred. Which, in heaven's name, was which? To whom had he proposed? How should he ever know he had got the right Isabel?

He recognized after the first wild movement that he must save the situation. He approached the newcomer, who eyed him disdainfully.

"Miss Dennison—Isabel," he began.

"Which Miss Dennison do you intend to address, Mr. Dacre?" she demanded stiffly.

"How the deuce should I know? It is nearly dark, and you both evade me."

"You had better pursue your conversation with the lady you seem to recognize best, and I will retire."

The other Isabel sprang forward.

"Don't be a goose, cousin," said she, half laughing, "and you, Mr. Dacre, wait a minute. You know very well, Isabel, it's all a mistake, and I'd have interrupted Mr. Dacre before only he was so impetuous I had no time. He didn't mean me at all"—

"Mr. Dacre doesn't seem to know whom he means," said the offended Isabel.

"I know very well when I can see them," murmured Charlie, nearly crushed. "Here goes for a light."

But when a blaze of light illumined the room only one Isabel remained. Dacre took her hand.

"You are the one," he said.

"Are you quite sure?" she asked archly.

"Ah, that's cruel! Of course I am. What will you say to me, Isabel—forgive me and"—

"Love you," whispered Isabel.

* * * * * *

"I hope it's the right one," said Ballantyne when the marriage ceremony was over, "but upon my word he was almost taking the bridesmaid's hand instead of the bride's."—London Star.

How He Became a Cynic.

Some lovable traits of character in Prosper Merimee, the famous French novelist, who has left to posterity the reputation of a misanthrope and a cynic, are revealed in the pages of Augustus Filon's "Merimee and His Friends."

M. Filon tells us how this celebrated author devoted 100 louis of his salary as senator toward pensioning an old prefect of Louis Philippe who had been ruined by the revolution of 1848, and how for 20 years he assisted and protected a humble sculptor in whom he had become interested.

M. Filon relates an incident of Merimee's childhood that shows how susceptible his nature was to strong impressions, and how responsible older people, and particularly parents, are for the development of certain traits in children.

When the future novelist was 5 years of age, he was once punished by his mother for some naughtiness of which he was guilty. Mme. Merimee, who was an artist, and who was at the time engaged at her easel, put the culprit out of the room and closed the door upon him.

The little Prosper, already penitent, anxiously besought forgiveness through the closed door, expressing great contrition and promising good behavior, but the door remained inexorably shut. Finally, after much effort, he opened it and dragged himself upon his knees toward his mother. His piteous supplications and his pathetic attitude so amused Mme. Merimee that she began to laugh.

Instantly rising from his lowly posture he exclaimed indignantly, "Since you mock me I will never ask pardon again." He kept his word. Thus was sown the seed of a certain cynical philosophy that tainted his after life.

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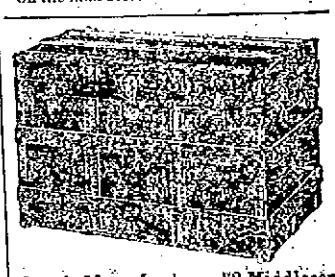

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NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMER'S CELLAR.
ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

COAL STRIKE NEARING END

Now a Prospect of Settlement in the Pittsburg District.

A Spirit of Compromise Shown—Suspicions of West Virginia are Aroused.

Wheeling, Sept. 2.—The news that a settlement of the strike of the coal miners in the Pittsburg district is near at hand has thrown a damper upon the leaders in West Virginia for it, in part at least, bears out the prophesy made by the operators to their men before the strike became effective in this state, that as soon as the Ohio and Pennsylvania miners got ready to settle, they would do so without consulting the West Virginia miners who came out purely through sympathy and with no formulated demand for better conditions. However, they will wait for positive information before taking action.

ALL AT SEA.

Pittsburg District Miners and Operators and the Strike Settlement.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—The striking coal miners and operators in Pittsburg are all at sea over the reported probable settlement of the strike. While both sides unite in the hope that the great struggle will soon be over, they all profess ignorance of the negotiations now said to be in progress with that end in view.

Cameron Miller, ex-vice president of the United Mine Workers of America, received a telegram from President Ratchford yesterday denying the statement that he had made a proposition to the operators, and saying that he had received an offer that he would submit to the executive board. This proposition comes from Thomas E. Young, who represents the M. A. Hanna interests.

The leading lake shippers who are in Pittsburg emphatically deny that Mr. Young is on the executive committee of their organization, or that he has any authority to represent them. The offer of 64 cents, they say, is higher than they are willing to make, but if it will bring about a settlement it would likely be accepted. Some of them said the proposition represented to have been made by President Ratchford to start the mines at 69 cents, 6 cents of which was to be retained until a decision had been given by the board of arbitration, would be satisfactory. They were inclined to believe that a settlement of some kind would be made within a few days. They will still contend, however, that if an agreement be reached at the miners' terms, the benefit will be only temporary, and the rate will go down as soon as lake navigation closes.

AN ULTIMATUM.

Big Company's Officials Refuse to Make but a Slight Concession.

Hazelton, Pa., Sept. 2.—The strike situation at Audenried last night indicated a prolonged struggle. Acting President Warren and Manager Lawall of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company in the afternoon handed to Alexander McMullen, chairman of the strikers' committee, their ultimatum. There is nothing encouraging in it, and it is a big surprize, as well as a disappointment, to those who have been acting as mediators. The company declines to make any concession, excepting to advance laborers from 90 cents to $1 per day. They decline to discuss the company store question or to consider the removal of Superintendent Jones.

The letter was explained to the men at a mass meeting and the greatest excitement followed. On the vote to accept the proposition to go to work on the basis offered the result was unanimously in favor of continuing the strike indefinitely.

The Van Wickle officials were more successful at Milnesville. The men there decided to accept the terms, which grant them an advance in wages to equal the average of the region. It is an immediate concession. The Colraine workmen of the same company declined to accept. Whether the latter will prevent the Milnesville men from working remains to be seen. Altogether the situation is serious.

SIXTY-FIVE CENTS A TON.

Columbus, Sept. 2.—President Ratchford of the United Mine Workers returned from St. Louis yesterday, and several members of the national executive board are also here to attend the postponed meeting. The board will consider a proposition from the Pittsburg operators, miners to return to work at 64 cents a ton pending arbitration of differences. President Ratchford has extended an invitation to the operators to have representatives present and explain their position fully. None of the operators had arrived during the evening, and none of the resident Ohio operators had been advised of their intentions. President Ratchford refuses to talk on the probable outcome of the national board meeting until more is known of the proposition of the Pittsburg operators. The miners' officials are not disposed to regard favorably any proposition for an agreement for the remainder of the present year only. If any agreement is made they desire that it shall be for a full year.

ENTERS PROTEST

Judge Putnam Against Behring Sea Commission.

RESENTS THE IMPUTATION OF BAD FAITH

Against England and United States.

Halifax, Sept. 2.—The Behring sea commission continues its work from day to day, and although the addresses of counsel are necessarily uninteresting to the general public, yet a goodly number attend every session and follow the arguments of the speakers with apparent enjoyment. The usual business of the proceedings was slightly varied yesterday when Mr. Belque, who was addressing the commission, referred to a lack of good faith on the part of the United States in seizing sealing vessels. He regretted that in further discussing the subject he might have occasion to use words which would appear harsh and offensive, but he wished his words to be known in the strictly legal sense, and as applicable to officers of the United States for the time being and not to the United States themselves. The United States officers had acted contrary to the rulings of the secretaries of state, and the claims were not presented in good faith.

Judge Putnam—I can't sit here and hear that either Great Britain or the United States has not acted in good faith, especially to hear any argument touching the good faith of the United States. The convention does not permit that question to be raised at all.

Mr. Dickinson—As the matter has been referred to in the brief, I would prefer that it be discussed here.

Mr. Belque—I am referring strictly to the acts of the officers of the government and not to the government. I shall have occasion to refer to the argument of Mr. Carter before the Paris tribunal, when he said that he would not defend the seizures, and my only purpose is to show that it is a case where aggravated damages should be granted.

Mr. Belque, continuing, said that he did not desire to be offensive to the United States, and he merely wished to refer to the facts as they occurred to support the claim for aggravated damages.

Judge Putnam said he took no exception to any statement of law offered, or to any question raised by the record as to those acts, but he could not sit and listen to comments on the graciousness or ungraciousness of the United States.

Mr. Belque made an elaborate argument to establish Great Britain's right to claim for loss of prospective catch.

LEUTGERT'S TRIAL

Two Witnesses Were on the Stand.

FRANK BIALK'S TESTIMONY REMAINS UNSHAKEN

More Damaging Evidence by Another Employe.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—But two witnesses were on the stand in the Luetgert trial yesterday and when the court adjourned the evidence of one of them was not completed and will be resumed today. Frank Bialk, the watchman of the factory, who was on the stand Tuesday giving his direct evidence, was turned over to the defense for cross-examination. His testimony was in the main unshaken, although the defense drew from him the fact that it was by no means an unusual thing for Luetgert to be around the factory at all hours of the night. The other witness was Frank Odorofsky, an employe of the factory, who placed the caustic potash in the vat on the order of Luetgert. He had been working around the vats for a long time, but that night was the first time that he had ever seen any caustic potash in the factory. He testified to finding in the morning near the vat into which he had put the potash on the night before a mass of slimy brown matter in which he found pieces of bone and pieces of a substance which he took to be flesh. Luetgert told him to take the stuff away and throw it around the yard, but instead of doing this he dumped it all in one place and afterwards showed the police where he had put it.

IRISH CUBAN HERO

To be Set at Liberty Next Week.

CAPT. MURPHY RENDERING GREAT SERVICE TO CUBA

As Filibuster and General Purveyor.

Boston, Sept. 2.—A passenger on the steamer Barnstable, from Jamaica, states that Captain Murphy, who was convicted and sentenced to 30 days in prison at Kingston for non-compliance with the customs regulations while captain of the filibustering steamer Laurada, will be liberated on Sept. 6. Captain Murphy is treated well by the prison officials, and is permitted to receive visitors and also delicacies from the outside.

This passenger, however, states that the crew of the steamer were outrageously treated by Collector French of the port of Kingston. The crew were without the necessaries of life, and before they were sent to the United States some two weeks ago they were obliged to obtain assistance from outside parties.

Of the fine of $500 which was imposed on Captain Murphy, and which owing to his failure to pay he was sent to jail, one-third of the amount was to go to Collector French. It was principally on this account that Captain Murphy decided to serve his sentence rather than pay the fine.

There was a rumor afloat in Jamaica that immediately upon Captain Murphy's release from prison he would be rearrested on another charge in connection with the steamer Bermuda, which is now held by the authorities at Kingston. An effort will be made, however, to get Captain Murphy from the island before action can be taken.

The steamer Bermuda was to have been sold at auction by the government some two weeks ago, but before the sale could be arranged parties in New York and also in Halifax put in a claim as owners of the vessel, and the sale was deferred pending the arrival of their agents at Kingston.

BICMARCK'S SUCCESSOR.

London, Sept. 2.—The Daily Mail's Berlin correspondent says it is stated that it has been practically settled that Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor, will retire in October. The Berlin correspondents of The Daily Telegraph and The Post both declare that the reports of the removal of the chancellor are unfounded. They say, however, that it is generally believed that Baron Von Buelow will be definitely appointed to the post of minister of foreign affairs in October.

GOLF MATCH PLAYED.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Sept. 2.—The final match in the open golf tournament took place on the links here yesterday afternoon when Phillip S. P. Randolph, president of the Point Judith Country club, played J. G. Hazard for the handicap cup. Mr. Randolph's handicap was 16 and Mr. Hazard's 30. After excellent playing, Mr. Hazard won, 109 to 113, winning the cup. Mr. Randolph and Mr. Hazard were tied for the cup in Monday's game, each scoring 80.

TAX COLLECTOR ROBBED.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The safe of the tax collector of the District of Columbia was robbed Tuesday night of all its contents, amounting to about $9000 received during the day for taxes. The police believe that Varrick Hawkins, the negro messenger of the tax collector, learned the combination and robbed the safe after office hours. He failed to report for duty yesterday, and it is said he has been living beyond his means for some time.

WINNERS ON A PLAYOUT.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 2.—The winners in the playout at the New England Veteran Firemen's league muster on Hampden park yesterday were the Baw Beese of South Gardner, who took the first prize of $200 in gold; the White Angels of Salem, second prize, $150, and the Nonantums of West Newton third prize, $150.

FEARS FOR TRAVELERS.

Arolla, Switzerland, Sept. 2.—A terrible accident to a party of Alpine tourists has occurred at Lasalle, near Mount Pleuer, by which four travelers, whose nationality is unknown, are feared to have been killed.

TWELVE LIVES IN PERIL.

White Hall, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The boiler of the yacht Winona, owned by Del Halloway of Lansingburgh, burst on Lake Champlain. There was a party of 12 persons on board. J. C. Debaun and wife; Miss Libbie C. Sullivan, Mr. Halloway and Herbert Brewster were severely burned, Mr. Halloway being hurled over 40 feet into the lake. Through the heroic efforts of Mr. Brewster the party were kept safe until help reached them. They were taken to the hotel at Fort Ticonderogos, where medical aid was rendered.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

FILIBUSTERING FOR CUBA

Spain's Legal Adviser on Attitude of United States.

He Says the Laws are Sufficient for all International Purposes—Wants Law Enforced.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The report of Attorney Calderson Carlisle of this city, the legal adviser of the Spanish government in this city, to Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish minister, on the subject of the Cuban question in this country, with particular reference to filibustering expeditions, is made public. It is an exhaustive document of over 600 printed pages, and abounds in copious extracts from judicial opinions and documents of various kinds bearing upon the relations of the United States with Spain as regards the Cuban insurrection. Special reference is made to the laws of the United States and proceedings thereunder to prevent expeditions against the lawful government of Spain in Cuba leaving the United States.

This is the second report on this line by Mr. Carlisle, the former one having reviewed the attitude of this government towards all nations on the subject of neutrality. The present report deals particularly with the municipal laws of the United States and their construction by the courts as furnishing the means at the command of the government to fulfill what is termed the international duty of the United States "admitted in principle at least by the proclamations of the president." It says that while the practical results of the supreme court decision in the The Three Friends case have not been as immediate as might well have been expected, it has a far-reaching importance.

In summing up the conclusions of the investigation which Mr. Carlisle has been engaged in, the report says: "A continued study of the neutrality laws of the United States and their application to the existing emergency convinces the undersigned that in spite of the various failures of justice which have occurred the laws are sufficient in themselves to enable the United States to come up to the full measure of international duty which they required of Great Britain. To accomplish this it is not necessary that the executive should attempt any interference with the judiciary, but only that the executive should, by its own example in preventing and prosecuting violations of the law, impress both the courts and juries of the country with the gravity of the matter in hand.

"As to criminal proceedings against persons, while many prosecutions have failed, yet the convictions, by juries of our citizens, in the cases of Wilborg, Luis and Hart, demonstrate that under proper, efficient and vigorous prosecution of the law there is no public sentiment sufficiently strong deliberately to encourage its violation or defeat its enforcement, and that the people can be depended upon to respond to every earnest demand of the government for the enforcement of all its laws.

"As to proceedings against vessels and arms and munitions procured for the equipment thereof, the government has, by law, the right to seize and detain them to prevent violations of the statutes, and, in addition, by proceedings in admiralty against the things themselves tried before the court and without a jury, to effect their condemnation as forfeited.

"'Our government,' says Attorney General Harmon in his opinion, 'possesses all the attributes of sovereignty with respect to the present subject, and has for their exercise the appropriate agencies which are recognized among civilized nations, but our constitution forbids the arbitrary exercise of power when the liberty or prosperity of individual citizens is involved. No exercise of arbitrary power is suggested or required, but the vigilant and vigorous exercise of the exceptional powers which are given by our own laws may be rightly expected, when it is remembered that these laws are passed to enable us to fulfill a duty under the law of nations, the violation of which duty, through the permitted acts of lawless citizens or inhabitants, may entail vast and distressing consequences.'"

The evidence here submitted leads to the following conclusions:

First, that the United States owes to Spain all the international duties which one friendly nation owes to another in time of peace and can owe no international duty to the insurgents.

Second, that by admitting officially and proclaiming to its citizens and inhabitants knowledge of the insurrection in Cuba, the United States admits knowledge of a fact which increases its duty of vigilance in detecting, and diligence in preventing the beginning or setting on foot, or providing or preparing the means for military expeditions or enterprises by its citizens or inhabitants within its territory against Spanish territory.

Third, that as to mere commerce, Spain can, under present conditions, claim no right under the law of nations to interfere with it outside her own borders; which fact, however, does not lessen, but increases, the obligation of the United States to prevent military expeditions and enterprises against Spain from being begun or set on foot, or the means for such being prepared and provided within the territory of the United States by the organized and authorized agents of the insurgents under the false and fraudulent pretense of mere peaceful and lawful commerce.

Fourth, that even admitting that in the present state of the law citizens of the United States may sell arms and munitions of war to anybody wishing to buy them and able to pay for them, and within the United States may thus obtain large quantities of arms and munitions of war to aid the insurrection, the commercial transaction must end here, because it is impossible, in fact and in law, by mere commerce for the insurgents' emissaries in the United States to get these arms and munitions to the insurgents in the field for whom they are purchased; but in order to accomplish this, or to attempt to accomplish this, a military expedition or enterprise must be begun or set on foot, or the means must be prepared and provided by the insurgents, or their agents within the territory of the United States.

Fifth, that the municipal laws which in themselves or by reason of the method of their administration by municipal, judicial or executive officers, permit the repeated consummation of hostile enterprises against a friendly nation can furnish no justification or extenuation for any international wrong or damage as against such friendly nation.

SOCIETY OUT IN FORCE.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 2.—Miss Edith Blight, daughter of Atherton Blight, and granddaughter of Richard Greenough the well known Boston sculptor, was married yesterday to William P. Thompson of New York. The ceremony took place in All Saints' church, which was crowded with summer residents, and was a most brilliant affair. The bride wore a gown of white satin, with a veil and orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids were the Misses Blight, Miss Gerry, Miss Hall and Miss Fair, while the ushers were Messrs. E. H. Bulkley, George Work, J. L. Stevens, L. R. Beckman, Andrew Sage and George Bachelor. The groom's brother, Louis S. Thompson was the best man.

DECREASE IN IMMIGRATION.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The treasury department has prepared the figures showing the immigration for July. They show a total of 14,766, against 21,476 for the corresponding month last year. This decrease is considered rather remarkable in view of the stimulus in business conditions in the United States during the past few months, experience having demonstrated that the tide of immigration follows closely the opportunities which exist here for those seeking better conditions under which to make the struggle for life. During the past few years of depression immigration steadily decreased. Last year the total was less than the number which came in a single year from Germany alone.

CAMPFIRE OF VETERANS.

The Weirs, N. H., Sept. 2.—The campfire of the veterans in the grove last evening was largely attended. A pleasing feature of the meeting of the First New Hampshire cavalry association was the presentation of a gavel made of cyprus wood, bound in silver, to the organization from the First Rhode Island Cavalry association by E. D. Guild of Rhode Island. The wood was taken from a tree in front of the rifle pits at Kelly's Ford, where, on March 17, 1863, the First Rhode Island cavalry charged the river and drove the Confederates from their position.

AT CHARTER OAK PARK.

Hartford, Sept. 2.—Seven heats were trotted by the 2:30 horses at Charter Oak park yesterday without a decision being reached. After capturing the second and third heat, Georgianna looked like a sure winner. On account of a break in the next heat she dropped to last place, and two breaks in the fifth caused her to be shut out. Town Lady was doing the steadiest work in that class, though she got only one heat. There are many who look for her to win today.

STABBED A MAYOR.

Toulon, Sept. 2.—As the members of the municipal council were leaving the town hall last evening an attempt was made upon the life of Mayor Pastoureau by a Corsican, who approached the mayor and stabbed him in the groin, inflicting a dangerous wound. At last accounts Pastoureau was in a serious condition.

SULLIVAN MEANS BUSINESS.

Belfast, Me., Sept. 2.—The John L. Sullivan Comedy company began its season here last night amid considerable enthusiasm from a big house. Sullivan says he weighs 289 pounds and cannot train for another fight, but he means business in the Boston mayoralty fight.

Marion Harland says:
"Lard unadulterated is less wholesome than vegetable oils, and absolutely pernicious to most stomachs."
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New discovery. Will brace you up in a week. Sold with WRITTEN GUARANTEE to Cure Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power in either sex, Involuntary Emissions from any cause, "will positively enlarge Shrunken Organs." $1.00 per box by mail, 6 boxes for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

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Notice.
For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $18, his $28 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central.

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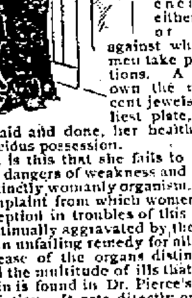
With the coming of night women are careful to bar the doors of their homes against the intrusion of robbers and assassins. There are more dangerous enemies than either the burglar or murderer against which few women take proper precautions. A woman may own the most magnificent jewels and the costliest plate, but after all is said and done, her health is her most precious possession.
It is this that she fails to guard against the dangers of weakness and disease of the distinctly womanly organism. Nearly every complaint from which women suffer has its inception in troubles of this nature, and is continually aggravated by them.
An unfailing remedy for all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine, and the multitude of ills that follow in this train is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on these organs and makes them strong and healthy. It prepares for happy, healthy wifehood and capable, almost painless motherhood. Over 90,000 women have testified to its wonderful merits. No honest druggist will offer something else as "just as good."
"While I was living at Eagle Rock, Botetourt Co., Va.," writes Mrs. G. A. O'Connor, of Allegheny Spring, Montgomery Co., Va., "a lady friend came to me and said: 'My daughter, aged 15 years, has repeated hemorrhages at the nose, and she has never the necessary indispositions of womanhood.' I advised her to get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The lady purchased one bottle and it cured her daughter. She was well and happy when I left there."
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Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its great power. It is safe, soothing, satisfying; so say sick, sensitive sufferers. Internal and External. It cures every form of inflammation. Pleasant to take dropped on sugar. Cures colds, croup, coughs, cramps, burns, bruises, all soreness.
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Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE KLONDIKE OF CALIFORNIA.

Wonderful Gold Discoveries In Trinity County.

Many Rich Pockets and Giant Nuggets Found on the Pacific Coast.

IN YEARS to come generations now living will sing of the days of ninety-seven even as the gray haired pioneers of today sing of the golden days of forty-nine. Trinity county, Cal., is the newest and richest El Dorado of them all. Fabulous reports of riches found there are attracting hundreds and thousands of fortune hunters.

There are nuggets of gold in Trinity county that are fortunes in themselves. There are golden bowlders near the head of the Salmon river on the divide between the Trinity and Siskiyou mountain ranges. The excitement caused by the finds has almost dwarfed interest in the Klondike region, and scores of searchers for virgin wealth who were unable to secure the coveted passage to Alaska this season have turned their steps in the direction of the new El Dorado. Before snow begins to fly in October the new thinly populated country where the new fields have been made will be overrun with prospectors.

The town of Redding, in Shasta county, which adjoins the county of Trinity, is already filled to overflowing with prospectors and inexperienced gold seekers. The Redding storekeepers are coining money by supplying tools and outfits. Old time miners have had the youthful fires of enthusiasm rekindled within them, and the number of them starting out for the new fields is increasing daily. They are bent on securing a metal which the government mint pronounces worth $19.67 an ounce, or about $3 more an ounce than the gold of the Klondike. Every day there are reports of fresh and more astounding finds.

The excitement began in earnest one day recently when Richard Graves entered Redding with a golden nugget worth $42,000 reposing under the seat of his buckboard. His arrival clinched the stories that had preceded him and which were previously believed to be largely imaginary, the outgrowth of the excitement that had been caused by the discoveries away up in Alaska. Now there are no doubters in the California foothills, and there is an exodus from all the old mining camps toward the new fields in Trinity county.

The new El Dorado is located a bit more than 300 miles from San Francisco and is comparatively easy of access the greater portion of the year. There are no frozen mountain passes to follow, as in the land between the Alaskan coast and the Klondike, where hundreds of persons are now blockaded. There is small danger of starvation on account of no provisions within hundreds of miles, and altogether the allurements of Trinity county far outnumber those of Alaska.

Coffee creek is the stream along which the recent big strikes have been made. It is about 30 miles in length, emptying into the Trinity river, from the old channels of which so much gold was taken in the early days. Nearly its entire course is through a gravel bed. The gold in the gravel beds is found near bedrock, the richest gravel being below the bed of the creek, so that it is easy for the miners to raise the gravel to their sluice boxes.

The mining machinery seen on every hand is of the most primitive character, and the miners operating it are for the most part men who started with no capital except that which nature gave to them. All, however, report wonderful success.

The rich finds in Trinity county are the fulfillment of the prophecies made by the geologists and mineralogists. These scientific men long ago claimed that some day discoveries would be made there which would amaze the world. It seems that the world is about to be amazed. It is being developed that the scientists were right when they said the fountain head of the riches that were taken from Trinity river and its tributaries years ago was located at Coffee creek and in the divide between the Trinity and Siskiyou ranges.

Nuggets worth from $40 to $50 each are common products of the new diggings along Coffee creek and the tributary creeks and gulches. Packers' gulch, the first gulch flowing into Coffee creek, is producing a large amount of coarse gold. Adams creek, two miles below, offers a rich prospect, but has not yet been worked to any extent. Hickory creek still farther down, and all the adjacent streams are, according to all indications, literally lined with the precious yellow sand and nuggets.

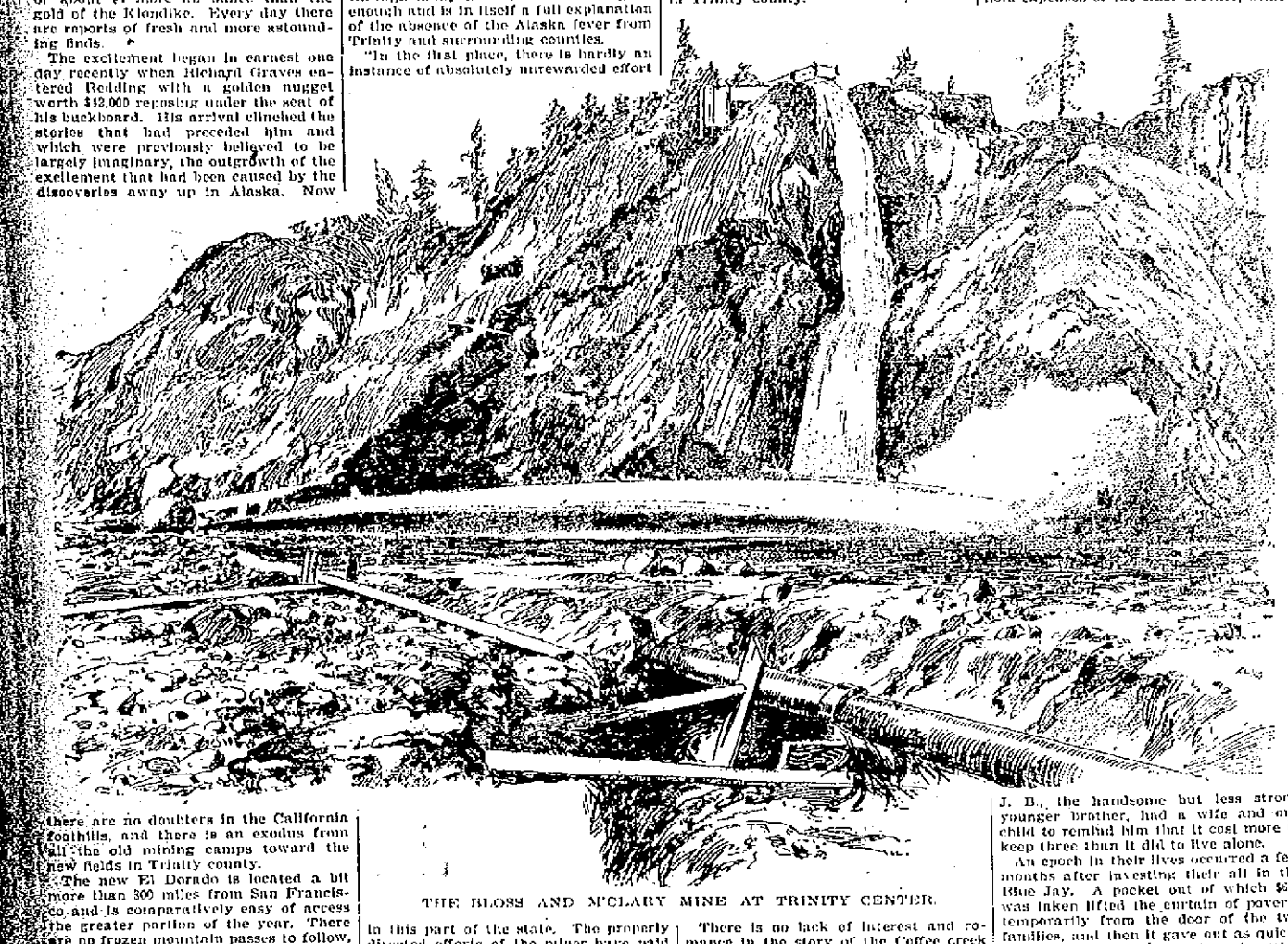
Confirmation of the reports of marvelous finds is given by G. L. Campbell, an experienced miner sent to learn the facts. He thus writes from Trinity Center, near Coffee creek:

"Although some of the stories that have reached the outside world have been somewhat exaggerated in passing through many hands, the truth is good enough and is in itself a full explanation of the absence of the Alaska fever from Trinity and surrounding counties.

"In the first place, there is hardly an instance of absolutely unrewarded effort in this part of the state. The properly directed efforts of the miner have paid him at least excellent wages and in a great many cases provided him in a few years with a life competency. Since the Graves brothers struck their $42,000 nugget there has been another strike about 20 miles away, on Hickory gulch, where the discoverers are said to be on a streak of dirt that goes $100 to the pan.

"The big nugget was taken from a ledge several hundred feet up on the hillside which shows plenty of free gold. The nugget was found lying snugly against the foot wall, imbedded in manganese."

PROSPECTING FOR GOLD.



THE BLOSS AND M'CLARY MINE AT TRINITY CENTER.

There is no lack of interest and romance in the story of the Coffee creek discoveries as compared with the struggles and success of Klondike fortune hunters unless it be that the heroes and heroines of Coffee creek went in without sealskin coats and with one or two days' "grub" and worked and toiled on American soil and in a climate such as "God's country" only can boast of.

The ups and downs of the Graves brothers, the handsome but less strong younger brother, had a wife and one child to remind him that it cost more to keep three than it did to live alone.

An epoch in their lives occurred a few months after investing their all in the Blue Jay. A pocket out of which $600 was taken lifted the curtain of poverty temporarily from the door of the two families, and then it gave out as quickly as it came in. Despairing of getting any more out of the Blue Jay, they abandoned it and took up a placer claim lower down Coffee creek. After a few months' work they were offered $250 for their new claim, which they accepted more on account of their depleted treasury than from their lack of faith in mining.

With the $250 they paid their bills as far as possible and went back to the ranch.

On Aug. 2 of the present year the brothers held a consultation, and after their cabinet had met and discussed the situation the wives urged them to go back and try the Blue Jay once more.

R. H. Graves, the elder, who is a typical matter of fact husband and father, said to his younger brother, "John, I move that we take the women's advice for awhile anyhow." John said, "I'll go you." And back to the Blue Jay they went.

They found evidences of much prospecting on their claim. On Saturday, Aug. 7, they cleaned out the cut and 20 foot tunnel and found themselves back where they left off.

John said, "Bob, I'll take a pan out of this rotten seam and go down to the creek and wash it out."

He had gone but a few minutes when Bob, with two blows of his pick and within two inches of where they had quit work before, uncovered a pocket that almost made him think he was in Klondike.

"What did you do?" asked a friend as he watched his animated countenance as he told of the find.

"Do? Why I yelled like h—l and am hoarse yet. I gathered up a pan and rushed down to the creek, where John was, yelling like an Indian. In fact, we both yelled ourselves out. When I came in sight of John, he and Henry Carter, who was working for us, were bending over a $400 pan, and when I yelled, 'John, I've got enough for us all!' he smiled and said, 'I've got a gold color here myself.' There was $800 in the pan I brought out."

"How did you feel when you found you had struck it for sure?"

"I felt just as I did when the fellow who tied the knot for me and Mrs. Graves said, 'I pronounce you man and wife, so help me God, sit down.' You fellows who never were married to one of the best women on earth have no idea how it feels when you strike it."

Bob said: "I don't know how I did feel. I kinder felt all over in spots. We took a bucketful of the stuff home that night, arriving there about 8 o'clock. Maybe you think there wasn't a hot time in the Graves cabin that night," said Bob, and John nodded approvingly."

"The next day we took out the gold by the hatful. The largest piece was 3 feet long, about 9 inches wide and 4 inches thick and weighed within a few dollars of $10,000.

"We shipped about $23,000 and the next night started from home for Redding with nearly $22,000 in two sacks."

In response to a comprehensive inquiry, the question being, "In the event that a big rush is made to your county from the east or San Francisco, what are the chances to find unclaimed government land subject to location and mineral entry, and can persons get in and out in winter time, and, if so, can work be carried on during the winter, and what will it cost to get in, and which is the most direct route?" the brothers answered:

"There are lots of vacant claims. The climate is the best in the world the year round. It will cost from San Francisco by way of Redding, which is the only way in, and an excellent way, about $20. You don't have to bring in grub or fuel to keep you warm, as our merchants furnish the one, and God has a big supply of the other on every hillside in Trinity."

R. McLeod, a mining man of San Jose, and William Vollmers, a hotel man of Trinity Center, have visited the Graves brothers' property and, omitting the discovery of the great pocket which yielded $42,000, pronounce it one of the richest mines they have ever seen. Both of these men say that, from present indications, there is small doubt that in proportion to the size of the Yukon goldfields and the Coffee creek district the latter will prove by far the richer. The probable value of the ledge of the Coffee creek region is perhaps best demonstrated by the extensive placer diggings adjoining Trinity Center, where there is supposed to have been the original bed of the Trinity river. The most extensive is the Bloss and McClary mine, recently purchased from the owners, whose name it still bears, by J. Ellery and L. Reel, experienced miners. The property comprises 600 acres of patented land completely encircling Trinity Center, and the purchase price was $56,000. A recent clean up of the mine is reported to have yielded the present owners over $1,000 a day. Only 20 acres have been worked. The remainder is similar wash and more favorably located.

Trinity Center, occupying a central position in the gravel area, is virtually upon a foundation of gold bearing gravel running many thousand dollars per acre. The lack of capital to properly develop the property has heretofore been its greatest drawback, but the proceeds of the investment are being promptly used by the new owners in bettering the equipment of their property, and a long flume for hydraulic purposes will at once be built. A good head of water is now playing on the formation, but the facilities which can be easily acquired for a larger supply will soon be utilized for washing down the large banks. It is said that 5,000 inches of water can be secured from Swift creek throughout the summer season, having a fall or pressure of over 500 feet.

The old Tom Coyle mine, adjoining this property on the south, is a similar gravel property and is now owned by a rich syndicate of Chinese, who employ only coolies, and, although the water supply is poor, their mine nets its present owners $25,000 a year.

AT WORK WITH THE ROCKER.

Mining experts who have visited the region pronounce it without doubt the richest section of country in the United States. The character of the country, the lay of the land and the general topography would indicate that mineral wealth and untold millions of gold have for ages lain beneath Trinity's surface, only waiting some such upheaval as is now taking place there.

For years past Trinity has been considered one of the richest gold producing counties in California, and capitalists and mining men of means have had their eyes turned in that direction for some time. The only drawbacks have been the base quality of the ore and the trouble and expense of getting the necessary machinery into the various camps with which to work the ore. Now that the exact value of the mining property in the county is known miners will be more encouraged in their work of developing and will be more willing to spend money in the pursuit of gold.

The Coffee creek excitement is reviving the mining interests throughout entire northern California or at least in that portion through which the great mineral belt is known to traverse. The delightful climate, the prolific mountain streams and the beautiful scenery have been obstacles more or less in the way of development work. Prospectors would fit themselves out with expensive outfits and enter the country with honest purposes and enthusiastic intentions to seek the hidden riches. They would strike camp in some favorable spot and become so infatuated with the fishing, the hunting, the climate and the country generally that all their mining enthusiasm would be lost in their eagerness for the wilder sports.

Thus it has been that numerous prospectors have gone and returned without having secured any favorable results and without giving to the outside world any idea of the richness of this now wonderful country.

For years past, however, miners and prospectors living in California have at various times taken out rich pockets of gold ranging from $20 to $5,000. These finds hardly ever were brought to the attention of the public for the reason that Trinity miners, as a rule, do not seek notoriety and rest content in sitting down, calmly smoking their pipes and congratulating themselves on the fact that right at their very cabin doors they have gold enough to last them throughout the course of their natural lives.

These resident miners are a sturdy lot. Straightforward and honest in their dealings, they have made for Trinity a reputation that is very seldom enjoyed by a mining camp. This reputation is one they are proud of and consists of the fact that, although it is a typical frontier region in many respects, it has thus far been free from the usual disturbing elements of a mining camp. No bloodshed, no bitter rivalry and no quarreling has been known in this county, and especially in the Coffee creek section have the miners been law abiding.

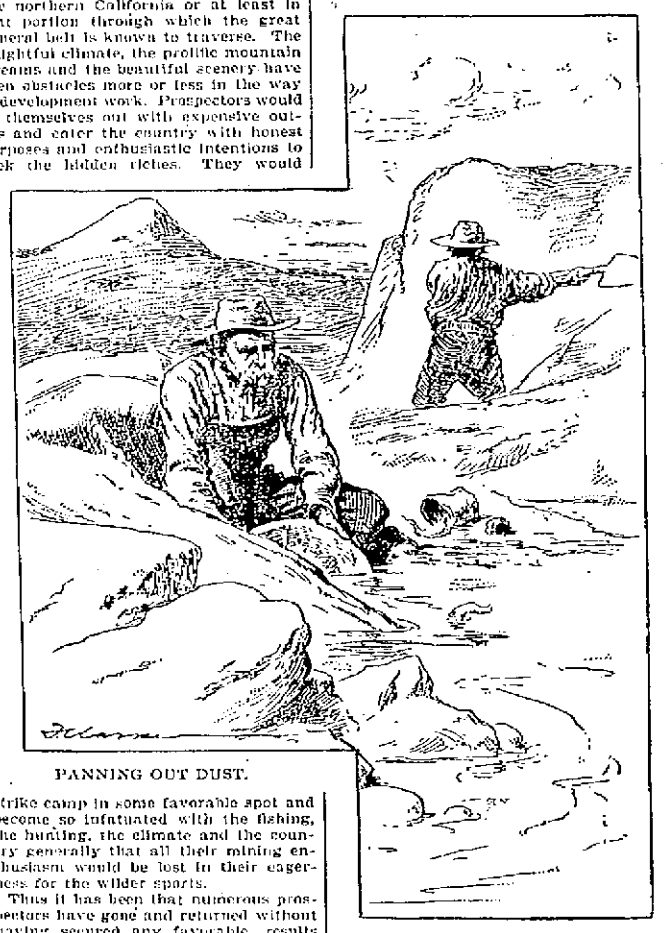
There are thousands of people flocking to the Coffee creek country. From early morning till late at night prospecting parties with pack mules, blankets, picks and shovels can be seen wending their way toward Trinity from the town of Redding, and with each incoming train and stage come more people eager to dig for gold and willing to encounter all kinds of hardships.

A SCENE ON COFFEE CREEK.

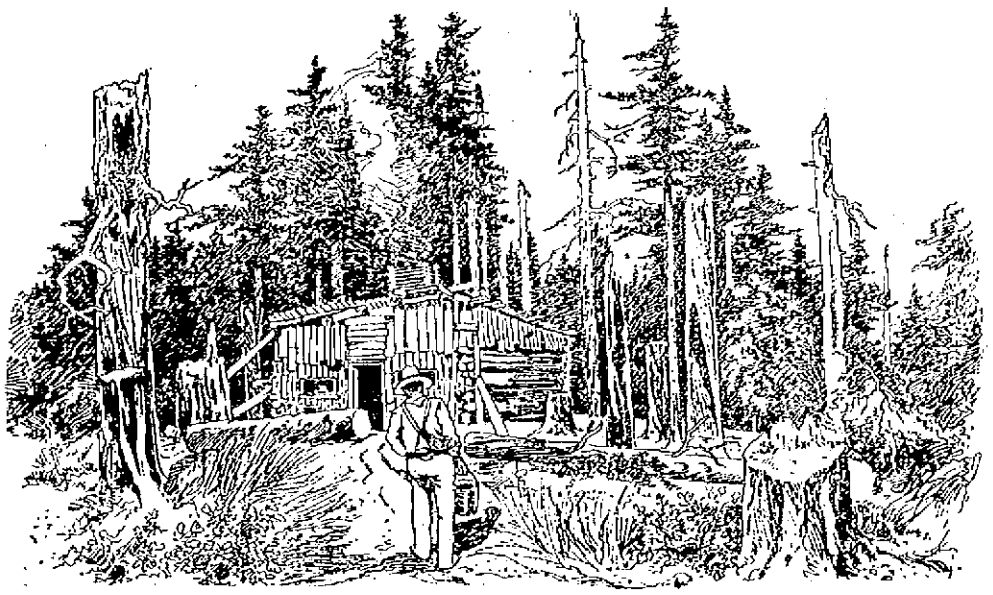
Edward B. Preston, assistant mineralogist in the field for the California state mining bureau, returned recently from Trinity county, where he traveled extensively, collecting information regarding that mining district.

"I went through Weaverville and the surrounding country," said he, "and I also took in Hall's City, a new mining camp that has sprung up, and investigated the headwaters of Stewart's creek. Last year I was at the head of Coffee creek. Then the mines there were mostly hydraulic. In fact, the whole of Coffee Creek canyon is placer ground. Desultory prospecting has been going on all over that country for some years, but nothing to amount to much. It is an extremely wild and rugged country, all rough and steep mountains covered with brush and timber.

"The last report of the mining bureau contains a complete resume of the mines and geological aspects of this region. There are numerous mines in Trinity county, very many of them being operated by big companies on a large scale. The Trinity Gold Placer syndicate, limited, an English corporation, has bought up the headwaters of Coffee creek and opened hydraulic and drift mines. This property extends seven miles along the creek and embraces 4,000 acres of rich land at an elevation of about 5,000 feet. On the creek traces of glacial debris are found."



PANNING OUT DUST.



A MINER'S CABIN AT COFFEE CREEK.

CURRENT EVENTS

BONES IN PICTURES.

X RAYS DISCLOSE SKELETONS IN ORDINARY PHOTOGRAPHS.

Remarkable Discovery of a Baltimore Physician—Doctors May Now Diagnose Cases of Distant Patients—The Revelation Was Purely Accidental.

Dr. Robert Xavier Giering, a well known young physician of Baltimore, claims to have made a remarkable discovery by means of the Roentgen rays.

Dr. Giering states that by means of the X ray he can develop any ordinary photograph of a human being, showing plainly all the internal organs, and the bony structure of the body, of the original of the photograph. In other words, the doctor maintains that an ordinary photograph is not only a likeness of the outward appearance of the individual, but that it contains a reproduction of everything in the body, and that all that is necessary to make all visible to the naked eye is to put the photographs through a series of developments under the X ray. Dr. Giering was busily engaged in experimenting in his office when questioned on the subject of his discovery. He said he was developing photographs of various persons with the object of reproducing their internal organs.

In speaking of his investigations he said:

"Of course I cannot disclose the process which I employ, but I do not mind relating how I made the discovery. Six months ago I was employed as a lecturer by the Edison company of New York to give illustrated lectures on the Roentgen rays. I went to most of the southern and middle states in my work and have been constantly engaged in experimenting with the X rays.

"About two weeks ago I was testing a new apparatus in my office and made an X ray photograph of my hand. I placed a plate on the table directly under my apparatus. It was necessary in order to produce a clear picture to place some article between my hand and the plate. For this purpose I generally used a piece of cardboard, but on this occasion I was unable to find it and instead picked up a photograph from a pile of pictures that lay on the table. While developing the photograph later on I was interrupted and went away from my office for several hours.

"When I returned, I proceeded with the development of the picture of my hand, and to my astonishment I found that across it was the picture of a man's body. It never occurred to me that I had reproduced the picture on the photograph which I had used in place of the piece of cardboard, and as my curiosity was thoroughly aroused I proceeded anxiously with the development of the picture. To my further astonishment I found that the picture of the form on my hand was being revealed perfectly naked. In the course of half an hour I had developed the strange picture sufficiently to see every rib in the body.

"I had not up to that time considered whose photograph I had used, but this was made clear to me when I noticed a bullet wound in the right arm. I saw at once that I had used one of my own pictures, and was astounded to find that the negative thus produced was my own body, absolutely naked. I made another negative from this, and the second negative showed all the outer tissues of the body. Continuing, I made a third negative, and this showed plainly the heart, lungs, liver and kidneys. In this negative was also plainly shown the bullet lodged in my right arm, where I had already seen the mark. More than this, even the small arteries were visible.

"When I had succeeded thus far, I concluded that I had made a great discovery by mere accident, a discovery which establishes a great fact hitherto unknown to scientific men—namely, that a photograph is a through and through likeness of the body of the individual, and that all that is needed to display every portion and organ of the body to the naked eye is to put the picture through a series of developments under a powerful light. It must be considered that the X ray is immeasurably stronger than any other light we know of. I have no doubt that the result of my experiment will lead others to make further investigations, which may lead to greater and more startling developments. The benefits of this discovery to the medical fraternity and to men of science generally can be readily appreciated. A man residing far from a physician can now send in his photograph, have it put through the course of development and when the last negative is reached, showing the internal organs, the physician can proceed to develop each organ separately and can finally ascertain whether they are diseased or not."—New York Journal.

Interesting Railroad Statistics.

Poor's Manual for the current year, the thirtieth annual number, has just been issued. In the preface are the usual tables of statistics of the operations of the railroads of the United States. They show that there was an increase of only 1,768 in the number of miles operated. Compared with the previous year the tons of freight moved increased 2.40 per cent, and the freight mileage 6 per cent. The number of passengers carried increased 1.01 per cent, and the passenger mileage 3.46 per cent.

The earnings from freight increased 8.58 per cent, from passengers 1.68 per cent, and miscellaneous earnings increased 2.52 per cent, making the increase in gross earnings 3.04 per cent. The net earnings increased 3.23 per cent. The earnings per ton per mile were 0.831 cent, against 0.889 cent, a decrease of 2.15 per cent. The share capital increased 3.7 per cent, and the funded debt decreased 3.17 per cent, these changes being the results of reorganizations.

TO BURY THE DEVIL.

Thousands of Negroes Assembled For That Pious Purpose.

Over 5,000 colored people in the vicinity of Mountville, S. C., quit work recently in answer to a call to assemble for the "burial of satan," who, they say, has just been convicted by a jury of 12 angels and sentenced to everlasting burial in that place.

These people have been holding a revival meeting in the town, and as a result of a collection they bought a bell to adorn their church. It was upon the first ringing of this bell that some of them said they detected the announcement that the burial of satan was at hand and that the ringing must be kept up continuously. The ringing has since been kept up, and the colored people have been thrown into a high pitch of fervor, in which they forget all things of earth and rave like lunatics.

Every day the number of the devotees is being added to from the surrounding country, and the result is that the cotton is standing unpicked in the fields while this wild demonstration is in progress. The attending colored ministers say they have attended the court of heaven in person, where God, the judge, after satan had been convicted by a jury of 12 representative angels, passed sentence on him, turning him over to the colored people of Mountville to bury once and forever.—Baltimore Sun.

CURED BY WIRE.

A Remarkable Long Distance Faith Cure Vouched For by Many.

One of the most remarkable faith cures on record is reported from Austin, Tex. Not long since William Lockridge, a prominent merchant, was lying prostrated with paralysis of his lower limbs, which were so badly affected that they had to be lifted every time he turned in his bed. So critical was his condition that his family physician had given up all hope of his recovery. Today he is walking about the streets, apparently as well as if he had never been crippled with the disease, and his recovery is attributed solely to his being treated by telegraphic direction by a lady faith healer of Illinois.

One evening Mr. Lockridge, who was speechless and so low that he seemed to take no notice of anything, intimated by means of his hand that he wanted a pencil and paper, with which he made known that he was feeling better. It was about this time the healer wired that she had begun her treatment. The patient had been sick nearly three months, during which time the paralysis had crept up his legs from his feet to his body as far as his waist. He is practically cured and is rejoicing with his family.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

SHE WAS NOT DEAD.

A Wife's Successful Ruse to Win Back Her Husband.

Mrs. Charles Schlur of Stephentown, N. Y., has cleverly effected a reconciliation with her husband, from whom she had been separated for several months, because of a quarrel.

Since they parted the woman has been at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. W. Roberts, in Dalton, near Pittsfield, Mass. On a recent afternoon, a woman, apparently in a half hysterical condition, entered the telegraph office at Pittsfield and filed a telegram to Charles Schlur, at Stephentown, stating that his wife had committed suicide and asking him to proceed to Dalton at once.

The woman told the operator she was the sister of the alleged suicide, who had ended her life by taking laudanum because she was tired of being separated from her husband.

The reported suicide was published in the newspapers far and wide. Mr. Schlur bit at the bait, and hurried to Dalton. Then he learned that it was his wife who had sent the dispatch.

So gratified was he to find her alive and well that he seized her in his arms, and the quarrel was ended.—New York Journal.

He Was Loaded.

"Stand back! If you value your life, don't approach a step closer!" said Director Abbott of the city hall when a reporter entered his office one afternoon recently.

It was learned that the object of terror was a workman who carried a pocketful of dynamite cartridges. Besides he brought with him a box of stuff somewhat weaker. He wanted police protection to do blasting on the foundations of the old historical building on the square.

"What do you mean by bringing all that stuff up here anyway?" demanded Director Abbott. "I'd rather you would call me up next time, if you cannot come without it, for it's preferable to have the explosives at the other end of the line. Do you want to blow up the whole city hall?"—Cleveland Leader.

Feared She Would Be Lonesome.

A queer proceeding was had in the mayor's court at Piqua, O., recently. Walter Tinsley and wife were arraigned for an assault on an 80-year-old man. Tinsley pleaded not guilty and his wife pleaded guilty. She was fined $10 and committed to the workhouse for 20 days. Her husband then changed his plea to guilty, saying that he felt his wife would be lonesome without him. He was given the same sentence.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Back to Business.

The hours of vacation are waning,
And the townsman will soon come back
With a courage that seems complaining
O'er the things he henceforth must lack.
He must struggle to meet new conditions
As gracefully as he can,
Talking politics with politicians
Instead of the hired man.

He must drink from a cool soda fountain
Instead of a lukewarm spring.
No more can he climb up the mountain.
A swift elevator's the thing
That takes him aloft every morning.
And he's kept busy dodging just now
The cable car, loud in its warning,
Instead of the silent cow.
—Washington Star.

SIX-FINGERED FOLK.

PROFESSOR STARR WANTS THEM TO COME TO SEE HIM.

Mysterious Advertisement of a Chicago Scientist—May Be on the Eve of Some Important Discovery—Theories as to the Probable Purport of His Quest.

Professor Starr of the University of Chicago wants to make the acquaintance of the six fingered population of the land. He also would like to be on speaking terms with those who are blessed with more than nature's usual allotment of toes.

The purpose of the noted anthropologist's desire is a mystery, and the professor refuses to divulge the secret before he has had some tangible returns from the "want ad." that was inserted recently in The Times-Herald. One of the professor's friends hinted that the scientist might be interested in having a congress of the overdigitous people in the interests of science. This is how the call has been extended:

"Wanted.—Information regarding cases of persons with six fingers on one hand or six toes on one foot. It will be to the interest of such cases to address F. S., 5809 Jackson avenue."

Professor Starr was sought out at the address given and pleaded guilty to the insertion of the "ad." He was not disposed to divulge any of his plans, but was more prone to discuss the recent rise in wheat.

"I am waiting for developments," he said, "and until I get some answers from those for whom I have advertised I have really nothing to tell you. I admit that I am after people who have physiological peculiarities as indicated in the advertisement."

"Have you not designs of a scientific nature on six fingered people?" was asked.

"If I should tell you that, I might give away the whole story," he replied. "That might be the case, or the other alternative might be that I am getting ready to start a circus."

The professor laughed heartily at this suggestion and excused himself from further going into the subject.

As an afterthought he assured the interviewer that the object he had in view was in every way legitimate, and he hoped that the census of the six fingered persons would be large, and that they would respond without reserve.

The professor's assistants and pupils were also curious to know the import of the "ad." The unanimous opinion among them was that the anthropologist was on the road to an important discovery, and he had called the newspapers to his aid.

One suggested that nothing had interested the professor more than the study of heredity, and that it was most likely that this was the cause of bringing out the "ad." The student in question remembered that heredity has frequently been the topic in the classroom, and in this branch of study the anthropologist has gained worldwide eminence. Cases of six fingered persons have played an important part in that branch of science and caused extended discussions in the scientific world. Professor Starr, he ventured, would soon be ready to upset the theories of the new French school, which contends that heredity is a myth and has no place in science. The new experiments would be in the same line with the professor's theory that the race was degenerating and that Americans were rapidly turning into Indians. It was a link in a chain to confute the new theorist.

Professor Starr has in the past made the most extensive experiments on the question of heredity, and his conclusions have been favorably received by the greatest scientists of the world. He is original in all that he undertakes, and his friends at the university are awaiting with interest the outcome of the investigation.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Captain Ray's Record.

The commander of the new military post at Circle City, Alaska, Captain Patrick Henry Ray, has a fine record as a soldier and explorer. He took part in many of the battles of the civil war. In 1872-3 he was a member of General Stanley's expeditions to the Yellowstone. In 1881 he was assigned to the command of the international polar expedition. He established and commanded the meteorological station at Uglamie, Alaska. He made expeditions into the interior in that time, traveling over more than 1,000 miles with dogs and sledges in an unexplored region. After discovering and partly surveying Meade river he picked up Lieutenant Schwatka and party.—New York Tribune.

Outwitted the Caterpillars.

J. J. Wilkinson, a Georgia farmer, noticed caterpillars getting into his crop. They appeared first at the west side of his field, eating the grass, fodder, etc. He succeeded in getting his fodder gathered, however, before they did much damage to it. He feared they would get into his turnips and devised an ingenious plan to prevent the onslaught. He dug a ditch about six inches deep all round his turnip patch, keeping the side next to the turnips perfectly square, and he says it is simply impossible for the insects to cross it. He has known them to eat up potato and turnip leaves and, after they were gone to burrow into the root and devour that.—Waycross (Ga.) Journal.

The Smallest Book.

Italy has produced the smallest book in the world, a volume of 208 pages measuring 10 millimeters by 6, or four-tenths by a quarter of an inch. Each page contains 9 lines and from 93 to 100 letters. The text is an unpublished letter written by Galileo in 1615 to Mme. Cristina of Lorraine. The printers are the brothers Salmin of Padua, who in 1870 produced the microscopic edition of Dante's Divina Commedia, 88 by 22 millimeters in size, with 31 lines to the page.

DOGS FOR KLONDIKE.

RUMORS OF A SCHEME TO PURLOIN WEST COAST CANINES.

Pound Masters Alleged to Have Created a Trust Whose Purpose Is Peculiar—Demand For Dogs In the Yukon Country Responsible For the Movement.

Dog owners on the Pacific coast are in a panic of fear respecting their pets, for there is a well defined rumor that a combination has been formed to corral the wandering dogs of California and send them to the Klondike at so much per head. It is a gigantic dog trust, and the projectors have every reason to believe that it will be a howling success.

From the day that the first bit of news of the Klondike reached San Francisco up till the present time it has been made apparent that dogs are most valuable adjuncts to the outfit of the gold seeker. In fact, it has been demonstrated time and again on the trail over the Chilkat that the dog is about the only thing on earth by which the packs of the prospective miners can be got with any certainty over the treacherous pass.

In consequence the demand for dogs has been enormous, and many is the stray canine that has been reft from the bosom of a San Francisco family for transportation to the golden north. This demand naturally came to the notice of the poundkeeper of San Francisco, and apparently has not escaped the notice of his fellows in other cities of California. As a result, the poundkeepers' trust, which threatens to depopulate local and circumjacent dogdom, irrespective of pedigree or price.

The existence of this combination was learned recently when it was stated that the poundkeepers of San Francisco, Stockton, San Jose and Oakland had entered into a secret compact to gather up the bowwows in their neighborhood, assemble them on a given day in San Francisco, herd them aboard an outgoing steamer and start them, with plenty of dog meat, for the Chilkat and White's passes, where they will bring prices that, it is hoped by the planners of the scheme, will enrich them beyond mere dreams.

This rumor proved to have a solid foundation. Thomas Horton is the pound master at Stockton. He was interviewed by a reporter and admitted that he was one of the parties to the plan.

"We have been keeping the matter very quiet," said he, "because, of course, it might ruin the enterprise if generally known, but it is a fact that the company has been formed and all the contracts signed.

"Our idea is to gather as many dogs as we can in the usual run of our business, and we expect to get at least 500 by the time we are ready to start. The poundkeepers of Oakland, San Francisco and San Jose are with me in the scheme, and each is pledged to furnish as many dogs as possible by Sept. 15."

Pound Master Osborn of this city could not be found last night, but his alleged collaborator in the trust, H. L. Weitzell of Oakland, was easily reached. Weitzell denied that he had made any such agreement as had been stated by Horton of Stockton.

"I don't know anything about it, but I think it is a pretty good scheme. Out of 200 dogs that I captured here there were not more than two that would be any good up in that country. I have been all over it as far north as the Mackenzie river, and I know what I am talking about. No, I'm not in the combination, but I have sold a couple of dogs to send up there."

From all of the above, therefore, it might not be unwise for the owners of good dogs to keep on the watch. There is no telling when the bogy man may make a call.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Starving to Death.

Park Policeman Shea of the New York squad saw a well dressed man drop to the pavement at Fifth avenue and One Hundred and Twentieth street shortly before 2 o'clock one morning recently. He appeared to be starving and near the point of death. Shea sent him to the Harlem hospital, where the patient was cared for until noon, when he was sent in an East river boat to Bellevue hospital.

At Bellevue it was learned that the case of the man was diagnosed as one of insanity. He refused to say a word as to his identity or how he came to be at Mount Morris park. He is of medium height, has brown hair and mustache and a week's growth of beard. He is said to be so terribly emaciated that the skin has cracked where drawn tightly over joints. His clothing contained only a key.—New York Herald.

A Musical Clerk.

The hotel register at Willard's in Washington is decorated daily by Clerk Coffin with several bars of music of popular and appropriate tunes. The recent scarcity of arrivals suggested no more appropriate tune than "He Never Came Back," but the clerk, for obvious reasons, did not insert that in the register. A recent day preceding it bore a few bars of the song, "Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot," in honor of the arrival at Willard's of Cornelius Van Cott, postmaster of New York city, who is well known in Washington.—Washington Post.

A Human Spinwheel.

Convict Painter, serving in the Ohio penitentiary for burglary and larceny, had a thrilling and exhilarating experience recently. He came too close to a couple of set screws on a flywheel. The screws caught the seat of his trousers, and for about a minute made a perfect human spinwheel out of Painter. The trousers couldn't stand the strain long, however, and Painter fell to the ground, badly bruised but not fatally injured.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PROPHESIED BY SEWARD.

The Former Secretary of State Foresaw the Fame of Alaska.

Mr. W. H. Smith of Washington, who accompanied Secretary William H. Seward on his trip around the world, when asked why Mr. Seward never made known his reasons which led to the purchase of Alaska, said: "Mr. Seward had suffered enough abuse and ridicule from the press. The manner in which President Jefferson had been criticised and abused when he attempted to set forth the advantages of the Louisiana purchase had been a sufficient object lesson for him to know that if he had attempted to announce what he knew of this newly acquired territory, the derision would have been greater. Suppose he had made the statement that the territory contained gold, silver, copper and valuable minerals. Such a statement would have been ridiculed as puerile. He was determined that his advocacy of the purchase should justify itself."

Referring to Mr. Seward's trip to Alaska after his retirement from public life, he said: "When we reached Alaska, the ex-secretary, in company with his intimate friend Mr. Samuel Hooker of Massachusetts, was standing in the bow of the ship gazing at the shore. Just before landing Mr. Seward placed his hand on the shoulder of his friend and said: 'Hooker, here is the land that I have been so much abused for acquiring for the United States. Mark my words, the day will come when it will prove a greater sensation and far more remunerative than California.' The American people will yet retract what they have said in abuse of my action in regard to this territory and eulogize me for its purchase.'"—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"DOG DAYS" A MYTH.

Authoritative Announcement From a Well Known Society.

The leaflet just sent out by the American Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals contains some interesting information. Among other things, the pamphlet says that "there are no dog days, because there is no time of the year when dogs are especially liable to rabies. There are no more cases of rabies in July and August than in December and January. Moreover, rabies is one of the rarest of canine diseases." It further states that "in the 90 years since the American Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was established our officers and agents have been constantly on the lookout, but no undoubted case has ever fallen under their observation or within their knowledge, and of over 160,000 dogs and other small animals which have been cared for at our shelter during the past three years not one single case of rabies has been found." The writer denies the truth of many generally accepted symptoms of rabies. Among other things he says that it is not true that a mad dog dreads water because he is very likely to plunge his head into water if he has the opportunity.

WILL BORE FOR GOLD.

New Machine to Be Used In the Frozen Klondike Placers.

William Schwarmweber, a St. Louis inventor, has obtained letters patent for a prospecting machine that will obviate all difficulties arising from the frozen grounds of the Alaskan placer fields.

Thus far it has been necessary for the miners to build fires on the frozen gravel of the rivers in order to remove even a few inches of dirt. Six inches deep is considered a good thaw, and fire after fire has to be kindled to make any kind of an impression on the ground. Mr. Schwarmweber's invention will enable two miners to prospect to a depth of 80 feet or even more without the necessity of building a fire.

The device consists of a steel screw which is worked into the ground like a post hole auger. A cylinder of the same diameter of the screw and two feet in depth follows the screw into the ground, and within the cylinder is a well bucket which has an open bottom into which the detached dirt and gravel are forced. When full, this bucket is elevated by a windlass attachment and can be washed out and pumped while the bucket is returned into the well for another load.—Exchange.

New Commander For the Pope's Guard.

Don Paolo Altieri, Prince of Viano, has just been appointed by Pope Leo coadjutor and future successor of his father, Prince Emilio Altieri, in the command of the pope's Noble guard. The post is becoming hereditary in the Altieri family, as it has been held by some member of it since the beginning of the century and may be added to the other five hereditary positions held by princely families at the papal court. There are two princes assistant to the papal throne, the heads of the Orsini and Colonna families; a marshal of the holy Roman church and of the sacred conclave, Prince Ghigi Albani; a standard bearer of the holy church, the Marquis Patrizi-Montoro, and a grand master of the sacred hospice, Prince Rospoli.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

BETTER THAN KLONDIKE OR ALASKA

A $215,000,000 GOLD FIELD AT HOME.

Green, Excelsior and Mount Vernon Gold Mines

CAPITAL STOCK IS 500,000 SHARES EACH. PAR VALUE OF SHARES, $1.00.

OPENED, DEVELOPED AND PROVEN PROPERTIES.

EQUIPPED AND OPERATING MINES.

The Green, Excelsior and Mount Vernon Gold Mines are situated in Tuolumne County, California, in one of the richest gold fields in America, and contains some of the most valuable mines anywhere, which have paid monthly dividends for years. They are under one management by mining men who are personally interested, and will work them for the benefit of the Stockholders. The mines are in a climate where work can be done every day in the year, easy of access, and in a forest of timber where wood, lumber and mining timber are cheap. A portion of the Capital Stock of each Company is offered for sale.

Gold mining is a safe business, as hundreds of mines in California, which are paying regular monthly dividends, and the wealth of well-known mining men testify. The Green, Excelsior and Mount Vernon are not prospects, but are developed and proven properties.

GREEN GOLD MINE.

The Green Gold Mine is opened and equipped with a ten-stamp mill hoisting works, and buildings for the workmen. It has a double compartment shaft about 240 feet deep and a tunnel run in on the vein of ore 420 feet, and hundreds of feet of drifts. The mill is capable of crushing 30 tons of ore a day. The hoisting works are sufficient to work the mine 6 to 8 hundred feet deep. The ore has averaged $40 per ton. The mine has produced $70,000, paying the entire cost of opening the mine and erecting the plant at a cost of $20,000. At the same rate per ton, as the ore worked and the mill supplied with 30 tons per day, it would surely earn from $150,000 to $200,000 a year or from 30 to 40 per cent. on the par value of the stock. Sufficient ore can be mined to run twenty stamps and double the returns. The Green is near the Confidence mine, which produced $1,250,000, and the Saulsby, which has yielded $5,500,000, and is similar in character and is 400 x 1500 feet.

A portion of the stock of the Green Gold Mine is offered for sale at 50 cents per share, to further develop the property and increase the output.

EXCELSIOR GOLD MINING AND MILLING COMPANY.

The Excelsior Mine, like all the great dividend paying mines in California, was worked to great profit many years ago, and from one cause or another abandoned. The Utica, which is the largest paying mine in California, was first opened fifty years ago, worked a while, abandoned, and afterwards started. It has since paid millions of dollars in dividends. The same history applies to the Rawhide, Quartz Mountain, Saulsby, Confidence, Kennedy, Texas, Georgia, and scores of other great producing mines. The same result will follow the Excelsior. The Excelsior is opened by a shaft, tunnel and drifts and produced $414,000, as shown by Wells-Fargo and two other banking houses. The ore averaged $60 per ton. It has only been worked 265 feet deep, or merely scratched compared with what remains. Reports and estimates show that the mine contains many times the amount of gold taken out, and that it is a very rich mine. The vein is 2 feet thick. It is 600 x 1500 feet, U. S. Patent.

A portion of the stock is offered for sale at 50c. per share, for the purpose of further developing the property.

MOUNT VERNON GOLD MINE.

The Mount Vernon is near the Green and Excelsior and with the same history. It is opened by three tunnels. 600 tons of ore were taken out and milled, which yielded $53,000 or $35 per ton. The vein is about 11 inches thick. The openings in the mine and the tunnels already driven leave little to be done to put it on a paying basis. Small veins of rich ore have proven the most profitable in mining. It is much cheaper to crush 10 tons of $55 ore than 100 tons of $8.50 ore, the average of many paying mines. The Mount Vernon was carefully examined with the Green and Excelsior, before purchasing, and selected upon its merit. The Mount Vernon is not a large mine, but the ore is very high grade. It is in the right section, and, like the Green and Excelsior, is near the Confidence and Saulsby. Mr. Fred Sutton and Jos. H. Jose, M. E., of California, reported favorably on this mine property. It is a valuable mine. It is 600 x 1500 feet, U. S. Patent.

A portion of the capital stock is offered for sale at 25c. per share to further open and develop the property.

E. R. GRANT, Transfer Agent, 57 Broadway, New York.

Make remittances to, and address or call for further information, prospectus and maps of either or all the mines, upon A. P. Minear, Treas., No. 2 Wall St. New York.

WANT COLUMN.

LOST, $10.—ON COBURN STREET SATURday. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to 76 Coburn street.

WANTED—TWO MEN FOR PERMANENT situation. $90 per month. Call at 26 Central street, Room 2. P. J. R.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING. Inquire at Sun office.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 462 Merrimack street. John W. Kinnan, carpenter and general jobber. Jobbing promptly attended to.

BARN TO LET IN BELVIDERE. APPLY at 4 Everett street.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 79 Chestnut street.

LADY WITH GOOD REFERENCE TO work at home in spare time. Can make $8 to $12 a week. No books or canvassing, work light and respectable. Permanent position to right party. We furnish work and teach you free. Send 10c for sample and instructions. The Carter Chemical Co., 120 So. Second St., Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN—REMEMBER THE CHEAPest place to have your clothing cleaned and repaired is at L. W. Baldwin's, Room 9, Associate Building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets.

JUST THINK OF IT, YOU CAN BUY A house for $715, and easy terms, or any kind of a place you want. Very cheap. G. L. HUBBARD, 44 Central Street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or brilliant printing room. Apply at Lesault & Co., One Price Jewelers, 70 Central street.

FOR SALE NEAR MILLS, COTTAGE HOUSE and barn, large lot of land. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENnyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE, ONE OF THE BEST RESTAURants and lodging houses in Lowell. Rooms always rented, lots of boarders and transient. This is a good place. Price $102. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE, SMALL FARM ON 15 ACRES, cottage house, barn, some fruit, wood for home use. Price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dows', Central street. At Moors', Gorham street, pharmacists.

FOR SALE ON HAMPSHIRE STREET, A good cottage house, good location, good repair. Price only $1300. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE IN CENTRALVILLE, NEAR Bridge street, 7 room cottage house and good barn, large lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

WANTED—A COMPETANT GIRL TO DO general housework; Reference Required. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, SHOP, STOCK AND fixtures at 158 Lakeview avenue for $200.

WANTED—A KITCHEN GIRL AT 44 MERrimack Square.

FOUND—A WHITE BULLDOG IN THE Highlands. Call at No. 1 Summer street, Molloy's Court, M. Supt.

FOR SALE NEAR BRANCH STREET, TWO tenement house, pays 16 per cent. Price $1400, and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

WANTED—A MAN WHO IS WILLING TO learn a paying business. Steady work. Good pay. No canvassing. 45 Middlesex street, room 16.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BASQUE trimmer and finisher, 467 Merrimack street, room 4, Mrs Cook.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, singularly or in suites at 52 Tyler street.

LOST—AN ENGLISH LIGHT COLORED bull dog on Central street. Collar marked "J. S. Peters, Prince—Fulton, Me." Return to 197 Appleton street.

WANTED—EVERYONE TO KNOW THAT shorthand and typewriting are thoroughly taught by most competent instructors at Miss Hall's school—Hundreds of graduates employed. Call for catalogue, 33 Hildreth Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPerty. Address P. Lock Box 785. Will call if necessary.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let, singularly or in suite at 52 Tyler street.

WANTED—PARTY LOOKING FOR BUSIness where small capital safe as a government, will bring large returns. Call and investigate at 159 Middlesex street.

TO LET—FLAT IN THE NEW "BELLEvue" apartment house, No. 137 Stackpole street, fitted with all modern conveniences. Finest location in the city.

HERE'S VALUE

That will make your dollar do double service. Children's Olive Tan, in Button and Lace, Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 8 1-2 to 11, were $1.25, now 85c.

Little Gents' Dark Tan Lace shoes, were $1.50, now $1.05. Ladies' $1.50 Dark Vici Oxford Shoes, now $1 a pair. Men's Calf Lace and Congress, Shoes, were $1.50, yours for $1.35.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

"NAPTHA SOAP"

Washes everything washable. Cleans everything cleanable. We are carrying this new and popular Soap in stock, only 5c. per cake.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
413 MIDDLESEX STREET.
88 THORNDIKE STREET
Tel 144-4 Warren Bank Block.

Bicycle Repairing

Is Our Specialty.

No matter what part of your Bicycle bends breaks or becomes disabled we can repair or replace it at short notice.

Our shop is the largest and best equipped in Lowell.

ALL WORK FULLY GUARANTEED

When you want rims, tires, gears, saddles, spokes, forks, chains, pedals, handle bars or any part of a bicycle.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GET OUR PRICES.

RING'S Big Repair Shop,
221-223-225-227-229 Dutton St.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 55	6 00	§7 01
6 25	7 40	6 25	7 01
6 45	7 50	6 45	§7 50
§7 00	8 02	7 55	9 10
*§7 20	8 10	*8 20	§9 10
*§7 24	8 15	*9 01	§9 24
§7 33	8 00	9 15	§10 25
§7 45	8 37	*9 20	10 01
§7 00	8 26	10 00	11 15
8 00	9 19	10 45	11 54
9 15	10 25	11 30	§12 10
9 40	10 10	12 00	§12 06
11 00	12 04	*1 00	§1 24
§11 42	12 25	*1 15	1 52
§12 14	1 05	2 00	3 04
1 40	2 20	*3 00	§3 51
3 00	4 25	3 47	6 04
*§3 47	4 20	4 14	§5 27
*§4 02	4 40	4 47	5 50
4 25	5 30	*5 00	5 45
§5 23	6 15	5 33	6 30
5 46	7 10	6 47	6 57
*§6 22	7 03	6 14	7 30
*§1 43	8 37	*7 21	§8 18
§8 43	9 47	*8 00	§8 29
		10 15	11 21
		11 27	12 25

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
§7 20	8 16	2 10	§3 06
§7 25	8 15	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 29	10 10	6 00	§6 52
§4 25	6 32	7 24	§8 14
§6 16	7 00	8 00	§8 56
		9 00	10 00

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 02	7 20	8 34
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 23	10 25	11 45
10 20	12 02	11 00	1 01
12 05	1 27	1 15	2 19
12 41	1 21	3 40	4 22
2 57	2 44	4 25	5 15
2 55	4 27	5 01	6 30
4 05	6 21	6 04	7 13
6 19	6 12	6 36	7 44
6 15	7 26	9 17	10 27
7 00	8 16	11 15	12 15
9 25	10 20		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8 11	9 27	8 03	9 17
12 05	1 26	11 45	12 54
4 15	5 28	5 00	5 56
5 20	6 06	8 40	9 40
8 45	9 54		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton st.

A USEFUL PRESENT.

For a few days, with a pound of Tea, a big gray enamelled tea or coffee pot is given away. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 45 Merrimack st.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central st.

Lost—A St Bernard pup, about ten months old. Last seen on Middlesex street. Reward at 321 Market street.

If your coal does not suit you, try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone.

James T. Cowley of this city, assignor, by mesne attachments to the American metallic cushion company of West Virginia has received a patent for a pillow or cushion.

Catch on to the fact that Uncle Sam's store advertises the new fall suits and hats in this issue. Catch on to the fact that they don't ask more than the prices of ordinary goods this eason.

LOWELL HORSES ENTERED.

"The Flying Duke" owned by J. A. Gregoire of this city, E. C. Laporte's "Dan J.," and P. E. Fitzgerald's "Needmore," are entered in the running race at Nashua next Monday. In the free-for-all, the Lowell entry is C. D. Bank's "Conemar".

MUSIC HALL

Peck's Bad Boy is looked at today as one of our sterling farce comedies. The company which will present it at Music Hall, commencing next Saturday afternoon, is composed of exceptionally strong comedians and specialty artists and the result is an entertainment of surpassing excellence. The engagement will continue Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday evenings, with matinee Monday and Wednesday afternoons.

MATRIMONIAL.

The marriage of Mr. James Kennedy, the popular employe of the Lowell & Suburban street railroad, and Miss Mary Rourke, an estimable young resident of Centralville, occurred yesterday afternoon at St. Michael's parochial residence, Rev. Fr. Gilday performing the ceremony. The bride, who wore white organdie over silk and carried white roses, was attended by her sister Miss Bessie Rourke, who was attired in figured organdie over silk. The best man was Mr. Eugene Malone. After the ceremony a very pleasant reception was held at the future residence of the happy couple on Jewett street, where they very modestly received the congratulation of numerous friends. They were also the recipients of many beautiful and useful wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy will enjoy their honeymoon in Atlantic City.

COLEMAN—MULLEN.

The marriage of Patrolman Thomas F. Coleman and Miss Mary Mullen, cashier at O'Donnell & Gilbride's, occurred yesterday morning at St. Peter's parochial residence, Rev. Michael Ronan uniting the happy couple.

Thomas F. Harrington was best man and Miss Mary E. Maguire acted as bridesmaid. The ceremony was private and the couple departed on their wedding trip. Among the presents received were a dinner set of Haviland china and a china closet from the clerks and members of the O'Donnell & Gilbride company.

FRASER—SANBORN.

A pretty home wedding occurred last evening at the home of the bride, 1261 Middlesex street, when Mrs. Melvena B. Sanborn was united in marriage with Mr. George W. Fraser of the Merrimack engraving shop. The house was beautifully decorated and the ceremony was performed under a floral arch. The bride was attended by Mary Knapp as bridesmaid, while Mr. T. W. Fraser, a brother of the groom, performed the function of best man. The couple were preceded by two little flower girls as they entered the room, daughters of the contracting parties, Misses Mabel Sanborn and Ethel Fraser. The bride was given away by her mother, Mrs. S. E. Walcott and Rev. George F. Kenngott officiated. The bride was attired in white muslin with satin trimmings and carried bride's roses, while the bridesmaid was similarly attired, carrying pinks instead of roses. The ushers were Messrs. John J. Fraser and James A. Fraser, brothers of the groom.

RUSH—BROWER.

Mr. Albert H. Rush and Miss Lucy Brower were married Wednesday morning, at No. 8 Goward place, off Appleton street. Rev. W. A. Bartlett performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Rush after a wedding breakfast, left for New York city, where they will reside.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

CRISP GOSSIP

Some of the answers given at examinations in Boston this year were ludicrous in the extreme. In a training school for girls, one maiden said that a robin had web feet and that a sparrow had eyes on both sides of its head to enable it to see around a corner. In political and legal lore the pupils were all at sea. One said a "bill" was permissible when it is allowed to pass for the first time; it is retrospective when it has to be considered again. Charlestown was said to be a naval arsenic. Children, too, give some queer definitions. Backbiter was said to be a flea. Blacksmith is a place where they make horses because you can see them nailing the feet on. A horse is an animal with four legs, one on each corner. Ice is water that went to sleep in the cold. Little sins are cracked commandments. The nest egg is the one the hen measures by. The four seasons are pepper, salt, mustard, and vinegar, and stars are the moon's eggs.

The post office department in Washington admonishes the post office employes throughout the country, particularly those at the stamp window, o be larly hose at the samp window to be more polite in the discharge of their duties. That admonition, it is needless to say, is unnecessary in the case of the local post office employes who are fully alive to the requirements of their work and their duty to the public.

A man was arrested in New York for laughing at a woman who was learning to ride a bicycle. He was no gentleman, that fellow; but please mayn't we laugh at a woman who looks funny on a wheel.

Trouble is expected at Spring Valley Ill., with the opening of the public schools. Two sets of teachers have been engaged and both will attempt to teach. The two factions of the Board of Education are bunching their respective teachers, and each side expects to be on the ground early in the morning on the opening day to see that there is no interference from the other side. A clash can hardly be avoided. The fight between the members of the Board of Education dates back to the spring election, and is the outgrowth of a feud between the Spring Valley Coal company and its supporters and a faction of citizens who are opposed to the company.

All newspapermen will appreciate the folowing in regard to the newspaper man's wife:

"But her life, so full of many delights,
Has one dark cloud, alas!
Though she shares his tickets to the circus and play,
To lectures and negro minstrels gay,
She can't use his railroad pass!"

Mgr. Conaty of the Catholic University, was present at the convention of the Catholic Young Men's National Union Tuesday and was given a warm welcome and upon invitation of the president made an eloquent address. He called special attention to the work which the young mens' societies in the Catholic church have done for the cause of temperance in Massachusetts. After eulogizing the Catholic university, he stated that he had learned with pleasure of the proposed founding of some memorial to the great Brownson. "Whatever you will do," he said, "will be welcome."He offered as a suggestion, however, that the memorial take the form of a scholarship for the benefit of the laity since the departments open to the layman have not received much assistance in this line as yet.

When the city of Boston finishes its its park system, upon which it is now spending millions, it will be one of the finest cities in the country. Time was when the common and the public gardens were the principal breathing places of the city. Later Franklin park sprang up, but now, in addition, there are the Charlesbank and Marine Park, with its grand piers and Fort Independence at the pleasure of the public. Now it is contemplated connecting Marine park with Franklin park by the Columbian road, which will be a "straightaway" park one hundred feet wide, with accommodations for carriages, bicyclists and electric cars. The West End street railroad company, not to be outdone, has opened the beautiful Norumbega park in Newton on the Charles river, which is reached by electric cars along the picturesque Newton boulevard, passing Chestnut Hill reservoir and St. John's seminary in Brighton and forming one of the most beautiful rides in the state.

A democratic lawyer who was evidently "knocking" said to me yesterday day, "In the course of a few days you may announce my candidacy for the mayoralty on a non-partisan ticket. My platform will be "No city employes to get less than $2 and a feud between myself and every man who votes against me." He failed to explain his point to me, however.

A story is told about one of Superintendent Fowler's men who recently becoming tired of his work took a piece of paper and began scraping the mud from his wheelbarrow, appearing to be working quite hard. His boss, a new one, upon seeing him said "Here, what are you doing?" "Sure, I'm cleaning my machine, responded the laborer.

"Well, get away from there," said the boss. "What do you know about machinery, anyway?"

A suggestion to Messrs. Poore, Marble and Miller: "Blessed are they who expect nothing, for they shall not be disappointed."

Not a day passes but over a dozen women jeopardize their safety by alighting from electric cars in the square while they are in motion and invariably jumping backward. Well, perhaps they couldn't find a better place for in the square are doctors, drug stores, and a florist, while the undertakers are on Prescott street, nearby.

As I watched the Boston-Chicago game Tuesday, I was surprised at the attention given Captain Anson by the Boston people. They urged him to kick at every decision, and when he followed their advice they all laughed. Even Tom Lynch, the greatest umpire on the diamond, enjoyed Anson's kicking and shook with laughter when the captain made a "vigorous protest." Anson is a big man with the Boston base ball public and no one can deny that.

Mrs. Harry Habrouck and son of Passaic, N. ., are visiting at the home of her mother and brother, 67 Powell street. She will visit friends in northern Vermont before her return to New Jersey.

AYER'S PILLS

"Having been subject, for years, to constipation, without being able to find much relief, I at last tried Ayer's Pills, and testify that I have derived great benefit from their use. For over two years past I have taken one of these pills every night."—G. W. BOWMAN, 26 East Main St., Carlisle, Pa.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Very enjoyable talks were held last evening at Posts 42 and 120, the experiences of encampment furnishing a fund of good stories. Post 42 was represented by six members, Commander W. H. I. Hayes, Capt. Chas. H. Kimball, Chaplain Chaffee Cowley, and Comrades Bullod and Worthley.

Post 120 had a large delegation, including the following officers: Commander S. C. Smiley," Sr. Vice Commander C. H. Stickney, Jr. Vice Commander A. J. Hall, Adjt. F. E. Butler, Quartermaster W. W. Tuttle, Chaplain H. S. Ripley, Surgeon J. W. Carter, Quartermaster Sergeant E. R. Fife, Sergt. Major E. A. Turner, and other comrades of the post to the number of 23.

Comrades Butler, Tuttle, and Ripley returned by way of Albany, and the Hudson river.

One of the best of the season was last night's meeting of Granite lodge, I.O.G.T., of Graniteville.

The committee consisted of Clara Decatur, Harry Ingalls, Zina Mitchell, Bertha Kierstead, and Carrie Farrow. The good of the order was of an interesting nature and consisted of remarks by Chief Templar William Saunders of West Medford, James L. Moss of Mt. Zion lodge, Mrs. Caroline Prinn; readings, Zina Mitchell, Ella Kierstead, Fred Dane, Hiram Dane; songs, William Decatur, Cora DeRocho and a piano solo by Miss Gladys Reed of Lowell. A few remarks by George Deland and Mrs. Jennie Dugdale brought a very pleasant session to a close.

Peace Temple (Juvenile) I.O.G.T., will open its meetings at Manchester Unity hall, Runels' building, Friday afternoon at 4.30.

The Misses McHugh of Moore street gave a delightful "Flag Party" at their home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. A. E. Blanchard entertained a select party of friends at her home, 80 Mooore street, last evening. Whist prizes were distributed as follows: First, ladies' Mr. Hugh Walker; first, gentlemen's, Frank Tobin; ladies booby, Miss Jantzen; gentlemen's booby, Joseph Gormley. The D. L. Page company catered and at the conclusion of the game there was an enenjoyable impromptu musical program.

William F. Elvin opened his season last season by giving a complimentary party to his friends at St. Joseph's hall. There were about 60 couples present.

Mrs. John Barr of Manchester, N. H., formerly of Lowell, is visiting at the residence of Gardner W. King 655 Westford street. She is in her 94th year.

The only remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body, that is absolutely safe and never failing, is Doan's Ointment. Get it from your dealer.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Splendid Business Opportunity

A CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED IN LOWELL.

Stock and Fixtures of one of the Most Attractive Shoe Stores in Lowell For Sale.

Well established business; fine location; reasonable rent; great corner for shoe repairing and a grand opening for the right man. Apply at Sun Office if you are interested.

THERE is no getting away from the fact that Pure White Lead (see list of *brands* which are *genuine*) and Pure Linseed Oil make the best paint.

Properly applied, it will not chip, chalk or scale off, but will outwear any of the mixtures offered as substitutes. It is, therefore, by far the most economical.

PURE WHITE LEAD — SALEM LEAD CO. 100 WARRANTED PURE. SALEM, MASS.

FREE By using National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, any desired shade is readily obtained. Pamphlet giving valuable information and card showing samples of colors free; also cards showing pictures of twelve houses of different designs painted in various styles or combinations of shades forwarded upon application to those intending to paint.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., BOSTON BRANCH, Cor. Congress and Purchase Sts., Boston, Mass.

NEW COAL YARD

NEW COAL, NEW BUILDINGS, NEW LOCATION, IN SHORT EVERYTHING NEW AT

JOSEPH MULLIN'S

953 GORHAM ST., OPP. MOORE ST.

The business formerly carried on in the old Mollohan coal yard is all removed to our new yard where everything is better than ever before. Coal, Wood and Grain will be delivered promptly and at the lowest prices.

HONEST GOODS
HONEST WEIGHT
HONEST PRICES

We have no middleman to divide profits with and can always give you the advantage of this. You can order Coal, Wood or Grain either in person, or by postal or telephone, and remember the new yard,

953 Gorham St., Opp. Moore St.

JOS. MULLIN, Prop.

COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

Some Special Bargains in

COTTON CLOTH

Which we have placed on sale in our Basement Department for the remainder of this week.

2 bales extra heavy Unbleached Cotton, 40 inches wide, in remnants of from 1 to 20 yards in length, worth 10c. yard, at
6 1-2c. Yard.

Remnants of Fruit of the Loom Bleached Cotton, 36 inches wide, at
6 1-4c. Yard.

20 pieces 9-4 Bleached and Unbleached Cotton for this sale only at
14c. Yard.

10 pieces Bleached Cambric Muslin, regular price 12 1-2c. yard, at
9c. Yard.

2 cases of 36-inch Bleached Cotton in Remnants, worth 10c. yard at
5c. Yard.

2 bales of heavy Unbleached Sheeting, 36 inches wide, worth 8c. yard, at
3 1-2c. Yard.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

LADIES' VESTS

MARKED WAY DOWN.

We found that we had bought too many of

Ladies' Sleeveless Jersey Vests

which was our line to sell 19c. a garment, very nice, prettily trimmed and fine quality in both plain ribbed and Richelieu ribbed, full bleached and cream color,

But we shall not carry any over for we shall offer them at a big sacrifice at once and sell them

10c. Each
Or 3 for 25 Cents.

It will pay any lady to buy even for future use if not wanted now as they are very nice vests and at this low price are a good bargain. Sale in

Bargain Department, Basement.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

CHIEF OF MALAYS

PATRICK O'LEARY, ONCE AN AMERICAN RESIDENT, NOW THE BIG CHIEF OF THE MALAY TRIBES. AN ILLUSTRATED ARTICLE OF PECULIAR INTEREST IN TOMORROW'S SUN. THERE ARE LOTS OF GOOD THINGS IN THE SUN.

THE LOWELL SUN

21ST YEAR . LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1897. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

BIGGEST CROSS

SOME OF THE PICTURED FEATURES OF TOMORROW'S SUN ARE THE LARGEST CROSS IN THE WORLD, THE NEW MINISTER TO SIAM, THE CHINESE MINISTER, AND O'LEARY THE CHIEF OF THE MALAYS.

SECOND EDITION

THE WEATHER.

Showers. Clearing tonight. Fair, cooler Friday. East to north winds.

CLOSING SCENES

At Convention of Young Catholics.

ABLE ADDRESS BY PROMINENT SPEAKERS.

Officers Re-Elected and Resolutions Presented.

Boston, Sept. 2.—An all-day session of the delegates to the Catholic Young Men's National union was held yesterday at Boston College hall on James street. The members settled down to work after the flattering receptions of the day previous and transacted a large amount of work. The morning session opened at 9.30 o'clock, the Rev. W. T. McGuirl presiding. The reports of the diocesan unions were received, which showed the unions to be in a most flattering condition.

P. J. Flatley of this city read a very fine paper on "Catholic Societies and the Intellectual Man."

At the afternoon session the committee on resolutions presented its report. It was as follows: "That the Catholic Young Men's National Union, at this, the twenty-third annual convention reiterates its devotion to our holy father, the Pope. We again strongly urge upon the officers of the dioceses to continue the series of visits made to the various local organizations, as from the experiences of the past, great and abundant fruit has been derived from them.

"We beg most earnestly to extend our cordial and grateful thanks to the press of the city of Boston for the magnificent and copious reports made of the proceedings of the convention.

"That it is the sense of this union that heartfelt thanks be given the gentlemen who contributed so much to interest of its deliberations and for the masterly and scholarly papers read by them. 'We urgently recommend the formaton of boys' clubs in connection with the lyceum of our societies as a preparation for the entrance to the lyceum proper when they have attained the proper age.

"We earnestly recommend and urge upon the delegates their duty of pressing upon the attention of their representatives in congress the necessity of increasing the number of Catholic chaplains in the army and navy.

The committee on resolutions brought in the officers nominated for the ensuing year. The old officers were declared re-elected amid great enthusiasm. The officers are, President, the Rev. William T. McGuirl of Brooklyn, N. Y.; first vice president, Rev. Bernard M. Bogan; second vice president, Daniel P. Toomey of Boston; secretary and treasurer, John J. Brady. All of the officers responded and made speeches that wrought up the enthusiasm of those present. The convention of the year 1897 then closed with a grand hurrah.

This morning at 9.15 o'clock they assembled at the hotel Plaza and thence went to the Eastern wharf, where they boarded a steamer for a sail down the harbor, dinner being served en route.

A rally will be held tonight at Boston College hall, which, it is expected, will be largely attended.

RODLIFF—The funeral of the late Horatio H. Rodliff occurred from his late home in South Chelmsford yesterday. Rev. Mr. ... chester of Melrose conducted the services, assisted by Rev. A. A. Bicknell of South Chelmsford. The singing was by a quartet from St. Paul's church.

DAVISON—The remains of the late Mary Davison who died at New London, Conn., were brought to this city and interred this morning. Requiem mass was sung at St. Patrick's church by Rev. R. S. Burke. The bearers were Messrs. Patrick Shalvey, Michael Maguire, James Kelty, and Michael Kelly. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

GANNON—Mrs. Margaret Gannon, an old and respected resident of North Billerica, died at her home in that place yesterday, aged 72 years. The funeral took place this morning from St. Andrew's church and was largely attended. The interment, in charge of Undertaker McDermott, was in the Catholic cemetery.

KAIRN—The body of Thomas Kairn, who died in this city, was sent today to Manchester, N. H., for interment.

O'DONNELL UNDERTAKER,

Market, Corner Worthen Street. Telephone.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

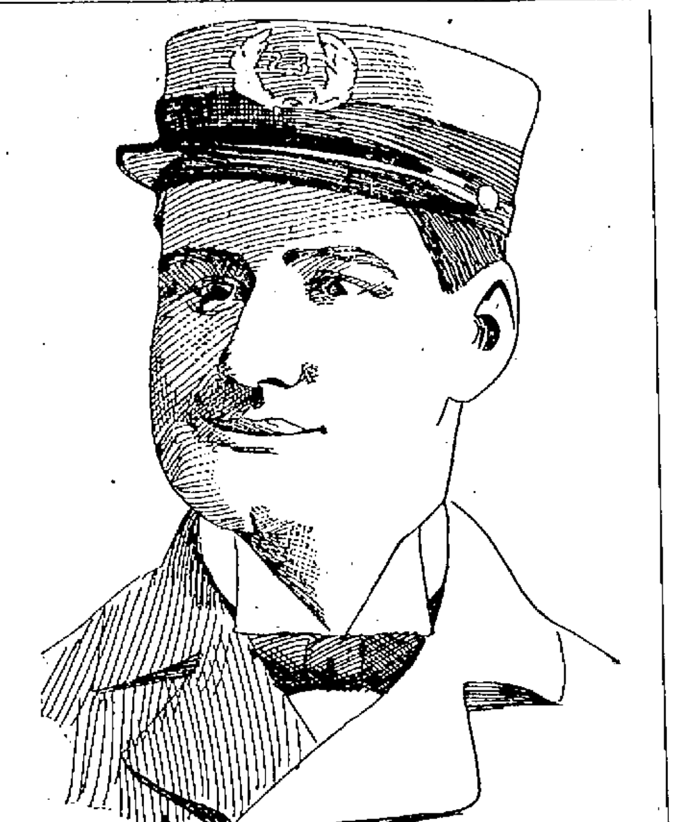
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS. OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.

M. H. Carey. } Clerks { H. Gervais.

SOMETHING YOU WANT. A HARD WOOD WASH BENCH given away with 1 pound of our 60c. tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers 171 E. Merrimack street. Telephone 59-3.



JOSEPH WARD, Delegate From Lowell to Letter Carriers' Convention at San Francisco.

BERNARD RILEY, Delegate From Lowell to Letter Carriers' Convention at San Francisco.

POLITICAL NOTES

Ward Two Democrats Begin to Hustle.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE CANDIDATES IN THE FIELD.

The Councilmanic Aspirants Getting Into Line.

The only ward in the city for real hustling is ward two, formerly ward one, the stronghold of democracy, where good men come from and the cuckoos are summarily dealt with if any show their colors. The politicians in ward two know by experience that "all comes to him who waits," while very pretty and often true, was never written in the annals of ward two and that even part of all can only be acquired by the most persevering and systematic hustling. Hence it is not surprising to learn that already the ward two candidates for municipal offices this fall are around among their friends and neighbors canvassing actively. Of course there will be others in the field later who have not as yet buckled on their armor, but still one could not be around the ward long before he became aware that the happy and busy campaign days are at hand.

To begin with, there is the school board fight, which is being most actively contested by Messrs. C. A. Daly, Thomas Murphy, and Joseph J. Johnson, all well known, capable and desirable men. Mr. Daly held the position with great credit to himself and his constituents for one year, and is seeking another term with strong backing. He is being amicably opposed by Messrs. Murphy and Johnson, the former having run formerly and the latter being a new comer in the field. They promise to make a most interesting contest.

Then there's the council matter. Last year with only one chance for a new man, there were seven candidates in all, Councilman James J. Kennedy winning the third place by a pretty fight. This year Messrs. Dunn and Pendergast will complete their second terms and may leave two open places for new men. As the present year is Mr. Kennedy's first and he has proved himself a faithful servant there is little question of his renomination. His friends say he will go back flying. Mr. Hearn, one of last year's candidates, is out of the fight and it is said that another of them, Mr. Higgins, will not be in it this year, although he may decide to run again. But if he withdraws, there will be Messrs. Patrick Donohue, who came out fourth last year, and Daniel J. Desmond, the well known tea merchant as the only ones who ran last year still in the fight. But there are new aspirants prominent among them being Michael F. O'Brien, the well known member of the Mathews and Michael Lyons and all these together with the new ones yet to be heard from will guarantee that the caucuses will not slip by without a little fun for the boys.

FELL FROM HAMMOCK.

Susan Conway, aged 14 years, living at 42 Union street fell out of a hammock yesterday and broke her right leg.

FIFTY EMPLOYES STRUCK.

It is reported at the time of going to press that fifty employes o fthe Novelty Suspender Works struck today on account of a cut-down n wages.

INJURIES WERE FATAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Mary Sweeny who was severely burned by the upsetting of a kerosene lamp, by her children last night, died from her injuries this morning.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Don-

THE LOWELL VETS

Captured Fourth Prize at Springfield

THROWING A STREAM 191 FEET 9 INCHES.

Greatest Firemens' Muster in Many Years.

Springfield, Sept. 1. — About 40,000 visitors have crowded the city today, on the occasion of the seventh annual meet of the Veteran Firemen's association of New England.

More than 30 veteran organizations took part in the parade and at the play-out on Hampden park. The weather has been perfect and the meet may fairly be said to be an unqualified success.

Except on the occasion of the city's 25th anniversary, Spingfield has never seen such crowds as have thronged the streets today. The parade was an exceptionally well-ordered affair, and the various comrades were everywhere received with outbursts of applause.

The Portland, Me., assocation was awarded the prize for coming the longest distance and the handsome silver seervice for the best general appearance went to the Col. Ellsworth company of Hartford. The judges of the parade were: Chief George A. Steer of Providence; Chief E. L. Vaughn of Worcester; Chief H. L. Eaton of Hartford; Chief A. J. Kennedy of New Haven, and Rufus A. Soule of Fall River.

The playout on Hampden park, which followed the parade, was witnessed by 15,000 spectators. The first prize, $200 in gold, was won by the Baw Beese of South Gardiner. The White Angel of Salem won second prize, $150 in gold. The third prize, $100 in gold, went to the Nonantum company of West Newton, and the fourth prize, $50 in gold, to the Vixen association of Lowell.

Getting boys ready for school this season will be an easy and inexpensive matter. Notwithstanding the advance in woolens under the new tariff, Putnam & Son offer boy's new fall suits for $1.25; all-wool suits for $1.50 and natty golf caps for 12½ cents.

The result of the playing was as follows:

Engine and location.	Distance ft.	in.
Baw Beese, South Gardner	207	02¾
White Angel, Salem	202	07½
Nonantum, West Newton	193	03
Vixen, Lowell	191	09
Gen. Putnam, Worcester	190	03¾
Whaler, New Bedford	190	05
Red Jackets, Cambridge	189	10½
City of Somerville, Somerville	189	07⅝
City of Lynn, Lynn	189	02⅝
Portland Vets, Portland, Me.	188	01⅝
Charlestown Vets, Charlestown	157	03⅜
Volunteer, Central Falls, R. I.	187	07
Hay Cart, Pawtucket, R. I.	183	07½
Gardner 4, Gardner	183	04
New London, New London, Ct.	181	03
Springfield, Springfield	179	10
Watch City, Waltham	179	03¾
Alerts, Winchendon	178	08¾
Boston Veterans, Boston	178	11¼
Col. Ellsworth, Hartford, Ct.	177	11⅛
Victor, Worcester	177	08⅝
Hancock, Brockton	176	08½
Roxbury Vets, Roxbury	172	05¾
Union, Peabody	170	03¼
Teckosnow, Woonsocket, R. I.	164	05⅝
Chauncey, Hyde Park	160	00½
Housatonic, Pittsfield	157	05½

COGGER'S BODY FOUND.

The body of William Cogger of this city, who was drowned at Newtington, N. H., Tuesday, was recovered yesterday.

First class printing done at this office.

GOOD SATISFACTION. Our Teas and Coffees give good satisfaction to our patrons. If you are not already one of our many customers we would like to have you begin now. DICKSON BROS.' 68 Merrimack Street.

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

THRO' A BUILDING

A Vestibiute Train's Awful Crash Today

AT SYRACUSE, N. Y. BY JUMPING TRACK.

Several Killed and Many Injured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 2.—A New York vestibule train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, leaving Syrcuse at nine o'clock this morning jumped the track at Blodgett's Mills and plunged through the station building. It went entirely through the structure leaving it in ruins.

Several people are reported killed. Relief trains and a wrecking train with physicians were sent from here. The reports of the wreckage are meagre and the railroad officials are absolutely dumb regarding the injured.

INSANE ASYLUM

COLLAPSES AT GENEVA—SEVERAL INMATES KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 2.—An insane asylum at Montreux, in process of construction has collapsed. The bodies of several dead men were recovered. Several others were fatally injured.

DULUTH GOES "BROKE

CITY IN A STATEOF BANKRUPTCY —FIRE HOU.... CLOSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 2.—Because the legislature says that the taxes of this year need not be paid until next June the city funds are practically exhausted. The heads of one-third of the police force were severed last night and the engine houses of the fire department boarded up. The city employes will not be paid for many weeks.

TROUBLE MAY RESULT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 2.—John U. Smith, United States commissioner, at Dyea and Skaguay, intimated that the government officials now on their way to the Upper Yukon, may by their official acts bring on serious international complications with the Dominion government, owing to the division line not being distinct.

EVERETT MILLS STARTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lawrence, Sept. 2.—Operations were resumed this morning in the picking, dyeing and carding departments of the Everett mills. The operatives in the other departments will be called to work Tuesday next. The mills have been shut down since July 30th. New boilers were put in.

POLITICIANS DISAGREED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 2.—The conference committee of populist, democratic and silver republican conventions after a session lasting until three o'clock this morning failed to agree on a ticket for judge.

DEB'S WILD TALK

He Strongly Condemns Supreme Court

AND SEES A REVOLUTION AT HAND.

Lauds the Chicago Anarchists as Martyrs.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Septemeber 2.—Eugene V. Debs spoke for an hour last night at the National hall under the auspices of the social democracy. He said that the supreme court is a breeder of revolution and that a few more injunctions would see all of us walking side by side and fighting for the cause of humanity. "I am anxious and ready. The time is ripe and surely coming." Debs then lauded the anarchists who were hanged in Chicago and said some time his wife may mourn his loss as did the widows of those men. They were martyrs.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION IN RUSSIA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 2.—A special commission will meet shortly to discuss the introduction of universal and compulsory education in Russia.

From the Factory to the Foot.

OUR OWN MAKE.

$2 Ladies' Boots

Pay No Tribute to the Jobber.

Always reliable, stylish and comfortable, made in all widths of toe, lace and button.

Our name is stamped on the sole of each pair. We sell to no other dealer.

For School Wear.

We make them of Box Calf and heavy Dongola with medium toes and tips of same. If they wear better than other goods you want them; ask any one who has tried our Shoes—they have stood all kinds of competition for over twenty years, looks as if they had merit.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.

OPP. CITY HALL.

LATEST

REMAINS OF GOELET

WILL BE BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTRY FOR INTERMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Sept.2.—The body of Ogden Goelet has been embalmed and placed on his yacht, the Mayflower, which leaves for Newport, R. I., Saturday with the remains.

FOUR WERE KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Berne, Switzerland, Sept. 2.—Further advices from La Salle show that the reports of the accident to the Alpine tourists were not exaggerated. Two parties of four perons each ascended Mt. Pleuror, and when near the top an avanlanche swept one of the parties into a crevasse one thousand feet deep. Pastor Gonin of Sion, two school boys, and a young Englishman named Bernard were killed.

BLIND MAN'S BLOW

SPLITS THE HEAD OF THOMAS FRANCIS—EXCITEMENT IN MERRIMACK SQUARE.

With the excitement and blood in Merrimack square this noon, one would surely believe that murder had been committed.

Fortunately, however, such is not the case and the trouble was a simple assault, but the case was a most remarkable one in that the assailant was a blind man.

Just what led up to the affair is not definitely known but it is supposed that Daniel O'Hara of this city and Thomas Francis of Quincy were trying to lead John Ford, a blind peddler of pencils, against his will. All three were intoxicated, it is said, and as the trio reached the square, Ford suddenly raised a stout cane, which he carried and made a vicious blow with it, striking Francis over the right eye, inflicting quite a cut, and evidently severing a small artery, for Francis bled like "a stuck pig." While Francis stood on the corner, dazed, O'Hara, it is believed, rushed Ford around the corner of Paige street where the pair were found by Officer Gregg. All three were arrested. Francis bled so profusely that in a few minutes there was quite a pool of blood at his feet, and many who came late thought that an attempt at murder must have been made.

First class job printing at this office.

Fall and winter suits rightly made and at right prices.

Not too early for you to see the good things for the season.

Buy now or buy later we are ready to serve you.

YOUNG MEN'S all wool suits $4.50 and up.

MEN'S all wool suits $4.95 and up.

Rogers, Peet & Co. new suits $15.00 and up.

PUTNAM & SON,

No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

Money Deposited

On or before Friday, September 3d, in the Savings Department of the Traders National Bank will draw interest from September 1st at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum compounded semi-annually. Bank hours 8 to 4 daily, Saturday 8 to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Nos. 30 Middlesex Street and 11 Post Office Avenue. Street floor.

CHAS. J. GLIDDEN, Pres.

WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

FOUND—A BROWN CHECKED COAT cor. of Jewett and Hildreth streets. Owner can have by calling at No. 6 Albion street.

LARGE, ELEGANT

Boarding and Lodging House

on one of the main streets for sale or will exchange for a cottage in city.

DONOVAN & MANSUR,

Room 1, Swan Building, 36 Central street Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

THERE'S NOT A BOY IN town that we can't clothe rightly from head to toe.

School Outfits, on a broader scale than ever before.

New, Stylish, Well Made Clothing for prices so little that you'll be amazed.

School Suits.

New, neat dark mixtures. Sizes from 8 years to 15. The two-dollar kind for $1.25 a Suit.

All Wool

Cheviot School Suits, in double seat and double knees, hold-fast buttons, sizes 8 years to 15. The two-fifty kind for $1.50 a Suit.

Reefer Suits

for little fellows, 3 years to 8, deep sailor collars, prettily braided, $1.25.

2000 Pairs Boys' Separate Trousers,

sizes 4 years to 16, fall and winter weights 25c., 40c., 50c. up to $1.00.

Costlier Suits in All Sizes, Up to $8.00 and $10.00.

1000 Boys' Fall Golf Caps.

New Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres, the twenty-five cent kind For 12½ Cents.

Long Legged Ribbed Stockings

for boys, double heels. Regular price twenty-five cents, 12½ Cents a Pair.

There's a store full of things boys and children wear, awaiting your inspection. Nothing missing that's worth naving, and a getting of goods for less than ever in the history of the house.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

LOWELL, MASS.

THE GIANTS ARE MATCHED

The Mathews and Emeralds Will Play for $500.

A Series of Three Games Now Arranged — Agreement Signed by Managers Thornton and Donovan—First Deposit Made Last Night—Only Regular Members of the Teams Can Play — Proposed Games Excite Cranks—Big Wages Made on the Result.

The Mathews and Emeralds are matched.

These rivals, through their representatives, came to an agreement last night after a half hour's conference.

Manager Donovan represented the Emeralds and Manager Thornton talked for the Mathews. Thomas J. Mulligan acted as chairman and mediator. The representatives were in The Sun office shortly after 7.30 and the conference was opened by the chairman who read Manager Donovan's challenge and Manager Thornton's reply.

"That challenge represents my position," said Mr. Donovan.

"I am satisfied with the terms proposed in it," said Mr. Thornton. "I prefer a series of three games to a single game."

"I am willing to play either one or three games," suggested Mr. Donovan. "And since you prefer three, I will agree to that."

"Now," said Mr. Thornton, "it has been said that the Mathews may pick up the strong players of the other teams of the city for these games. I want to say this is not so. We will take no advantage. Our team will be made up of men who have played with us during the season."

"And so will mine," answered Mr. Donovan. "That is perfectly fair and I am glad that matter is settled."

Then they got their heads together and talked over a formal agreement to bind both clubs. Since the representatives were agreed on the main points, this was an easy matter to decide. The following agreement was then drawn up and signed by both men.

Lowell, Sept. 1, 1897.

The undersigned, representing their base ball teams, agree, in behalf of said teams, to play a series of three games, for a stake of $250 a side and gate receipts. It is further agreed that the first deposit ($100 a side) shall be made with Thomas J. Mulligan who shall be final stake holder, when this agreement is signed. The final deposit ($150 a side) shall be made on or before Wednesday, September 3. The games shall be played according to the rules of the Lowell & Suburban league. Only men who have played with the teams during the season will be eligible to play in this series. The winner of two of the three games shall receive the entire deposit ($500) and all gate receipts.

—Cornelius Donovan,
Manager of Emeralds.
Wm. F. Thornton,
Manager of Mathews.

Immediately on signing the agreement, the managers made their first deposit of $100 each. Then it was decided to pull off the games as soon as possible and the first game will be played on the Fair grounds one week from next Saturday.

Quite a crowd of admirers gathered about the Sun office and awaited the result of the meeting. When it was stated that everything had been satisfactorily arranged they were more than pleased. The games will certainly be for blood and will be the hottest ever played in Lowell. It is said that a local business man will offer a trophy to be competed for. His intention is to have the two leading clubs of the local league play for it each season and the winner of it twice in succession shall became the permanent possessor of the trophy.

There was some question as to the proper division of gate receipts, and finally it was decided to allow the winner of each game to take all the receipts. This will make the winning players certain of a pretty good sum. The stake money is posted as a side bet by outside parties who do not care to have their names mentioned.

It was agreed by the managers that Michael J. Mahoney should umpire all three games. The grounds will be roped off and eight police officers will be on duty. It was originally intended to play for $500 a side, but Manager Thornton stated that he had raised $250 and could produce the remainder if the time were extended a few days to give him time to get around to see the young men in the Mathews. Manager Donovan wanted no delay, and willingly agreed to make the stake $250 a side.

JUVENILE DIAMOND.

The Washingtons and Shamrocks will cross bats next Saturday in North Chelmsford. It will be one of the best games they have ever played. These two teams did battle last Saturday, but the score resulted in a tie. Notwithstanding this fact, however, each team is confident that it can lick the other. There will be blood to boil at the game, as the two teams are bitter enemies, that is, while playing base ball.

—Young Cum.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—

The Bostons bunched their hits yesterday while Chicago's were scattered. Lewis was replaced by Nichols in the seventh inning, and the latter held the visitors down to a solitary hit. Allen's batting was the great feature of the game, sending five of Boston's seven runs, one in the second, two in the fourth and two in the fifth. Callahan's fielding was of a high order.

Boston.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Hamilton, c. f.	4	0	0	5	0	0
Tenney, 1 b.	5	0	3	0	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	5	0	0	2	3	1
Stahl, r. f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Duffy, l. f.	3	2	0	3	0	0
Collins, 3 b.	3	2	1	3	3	1
Allen, s. s.	4	2	3	2	1	1
Lake, c.	4	0	2	5	0	0
Lewis, p.	3	0	2	0	0	0
Nichols, p.	1	1	1	0	1	0
Totals	36	7	13	27	8	3

Chicago.	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Everett, 3 b.	5	0	1	2	3	0
Dahlen, s. s.	5	0	2	5	3	0
Lange, c. f.	5	1	3	2	0	0
Anson, 1 b.	4	0	1	10	1	0
Ryan, r. f.	4	1	0	0	1	0
Callahan, 2 b.	5	0	2	0	3	0
Decker, l. f.	4	1	0	1	0	0
Kittredge, c.	3	0	0	4	0	0
Friend, p.	4	1	1	0	4	0
Totals	39	4	10	24	15	0

Boston	0	1	0	3	2	0	0	1	—7
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0—4

Earned runs—Boston 4. Two-base hits—Friend, Nichols, Tenney, Collins. Three-base hit—Callahan. Home run—Allen. Stolen base—Lange. First base on balls—Off Friend, 3; off Lewis, 3. Struck out—By Lewis, 2; by Friend, 2. Passed ball—Lake. Left on bases—Boston, 9; Chicago, 11. First base on errors—Chicago, 3.

At Philadelphia—

Louisville	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	1—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	—7

Batteries—Frazer and Dexter; Dunkle and McFarland.

At Washington—

Washington	1	1	0	0	2	1			—5
Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		0—1

Batteries—McJames and McGuire; Hastings and Killen.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	0	—5
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Batteries—Kennedy and Grim; Young and Zimmer.

At New York—

New York	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	3—8
Cincinnati	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	2—7

Batteries—Seymour and Warner; Dammann and Schriver.

At Baltimore—

Baltimore	0	2	1	3	1	0	2	2	—11
St. Louis	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0—5

Batteries—Amole and Clarke; Hart and Douglass.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

At Taunton—

Fall River	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	—6
Taunton	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0—3

Batteries—Cronin and Connor; McDougall and O'Connor.

At Brockton—

Brockton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
Newport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Batteries—Pittinger and Shea; Gallagher and Crisham.

At New Bedford—

New Bedford	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	—5
Pawtucket	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—4

Batteries—Sechrist and Murphy; Tessier and Beaumont.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Springfield—Two games.

Buffalo	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	0	—7
Springfield	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2—5

Batteries—Brown and Zahner; Dolan and Nichols.

Springfield	2	0	4	1	3	0	0	0	—10
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

At Providence—

Providence	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	2	0—8
Toronto	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0—5

Batteries—Braun and Dixon; Gaston and Casey.

At Wilkesbarre—

Wilkesbarre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Syracuse	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—2

Batteries—Odwell and Gonding; Malarkey and Shaw.

At Scranton—

Scranton	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Montreal	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—4

Batteries—Hulper and Boyd; McFarland and McNamara.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

At Richmond—

Richmond	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	—15
Athletics	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	—10

Batteries—Chesbro, Stockdale and Foster; Carr and Schaub.

At Newark—Two games.

Newark	0	2	0	0	5	0	2	0	—9
Reading	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0—4

Batteries—Getting and Zearfoss; McIntyre and Rainey.

Newark	0	2	8	0	3	1			—14
Reading	2	0	0	1	0	1			—4

Batteries—Carrick and Zearfoss; Garven, Vreel and Rainey.

At Paterson—

Paterson	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—3
Lancaster	3	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	—8

Batteries—

At Norfolk—Two games.

First game forfeited to Norfolk, because manager of Hartfords called his men from the field.

Second game tied at 3 each in the 11th inning.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Reliable Attendance

No More Use for Midwives.

Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will give you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your application.

Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell, Mass.

Office hours—8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 p. m., 7 to 8.30 p. m.

MARSH WON IT

Drove Gazette to a Great Victory.

FREE FOR ALL PACE FINISHED AT DOVER.

Prince of India and Ornament Also Won.

Dover, N. H., Sept 2.—The second day of the trotting card at Granite State park had none of the fierce struggle of Tuesday in the free-for-all pace, but had an interest of its own in a bracing up under the stress of penalties of performers who were otherwise laggard.

The weather continued perfect and the track gave the horses all the chance they needed to get into the classes, but the times of the day were fast enough.

Gazette won out in the postponed race, earning a fine prize for his owner, and a windfall of $100 for Tom Marsh, and putting and end to one of the pacing races of the decade. Ornament and Prince of India captured purse in the 2:35 pace and the 2:30 trots respectively, and one race is still unfinished, with the favorite just waking up to her opportunities.

The unfinished free-for-all pace was wound up in one more heat, making the eighth of the race, Retina, Gazette and Lottie Lorraine starting with two heats each, and one heat declared "No heat." The latter event left a legacy of suspicion that was evident in Tom Marsh's enforced presence in the sulky behind Gazette in Shockency's seat.

The 2:21 pace was interrupted by darkness after three heats and carried over till to morrow. Lucy Stokes was the choice of three starters, but did not get moving till the third mile after Miller Boy had captured two heats.

The card for tomorrow has, beside the unfinished race, the 2:21 and the 2:18 pace and the 2:15 trot.

Free-for-all pace; purse $600; (concluded).

Gazette, b. s. by Onward, by Dictator (Shockeney and Marsh)	8	8	1	1	2	2	0	1
Lottie Lorraine, b. m., by Gambetta Wilkes—Lady Yelser, by Garard Chief (Hutchins)	1	1	2	3	2	3	0	2
Retina, g. m., by Reflection—Minna Wilkes by George Wilkes	5	4	3	2	1	1	0	3
Giles Noyes, b. s., (Hudson)	2	5	6	4	ro			
Prince Alert, b. g. (Birnie)	4	6	4	4	5	ro		
Vassar, ro. s. (Galvin)	2	5	0	5	dl			

Time—2:09¾, 2:07¾, 2:09½, 2:10½, 2:10¼, 2:12¾, 0:00, 2:10¾.

2:35 pace; purse $600.

Ornament, ch. g., by Red Bell (Skinner)	1	3	1	1
George W. Lederer, b. s., by Artemus—Mamie F., by Joe Jefferson (Birnie)	2	1	2	2
Georgie L., g. m. (Mooney)	4	2	3	3
Little Girl, ro. m. (Porter)	3	4	4	4

Time—2:17¾, 2:18¾, 2:18¼, 2:20½.

2:30 trot; purse $600; (unfinished).

Prince of India, br. s., by Baron Wilkes—Prefix, by Pancoast (McFarren)	2	1	5	5	1
Nick, ch. g., by West Wilkes, dam by Yazoo (Bulman)	1	2	1	2	4
Doctor, b. g. (Bowen)	3	3	3	3	2
Berkshire Chimes, b. g., (Hutchins)	5	4	2	5	5
Lillian Oldmark, b. m. (Kent)	4	5	4	4	6
Elderly, br. m. (Evans)	dl				

Time—2:19¾, 2:15¾, 2:18¾, 2:18¾, 2:21½.

2:21 pace; purse $600; unfinished.

Miller Boy, b. g., by Naaman (Bowen)	1	1	2
Lucy Stokes, by Earl Medium, dam by Alcyone (Parshner)	3	2	1
Red Elm, ch. g. (Heslett)	2	2	3

Time—2:14½, 2:16½, 2:18¾.

BOWLING NEWS

WAMESITS PUT UP A MAGNIFICENT SCORE DEFEATING THE LAKEVIEWS.

At the Lakeview alleys last evening, the Wamesits warmed the Lakeviews to the tune of 2537 to 2445. Dunham reached 549. The score

WAMESITS.

Peters	492
McCormack	469
Marren	519
Dunham	549
Hartwell	507
Totals	2537

LAKEVIEWS.

Lewis	505
Gregory	494
Fels	491
Higgins	461
Harton (Sub)	494
Totals	2445

Less exciting but closer was the game between the Young Fellows and Lowells, won by the former. Beauregard was high. The score:

YOUNG FELLOWS.

Farrell	453
Kelley	445
D. Donahue	407
K. Kelley	511
Scede	476
Totals	2322

LOWELLS.

Murphy	492
Fullerton	431
Dwyer	429
G. Kelley	467
Beauregard	530
Totals	2359

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Dirt of any kind on any thing quickly yields to the easy effort of the housewife who uses this great cleaner. Largest package—greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

CURRENT COMMENT

Philadelphia Record—General Woodford, our new minister to Spain, is described in the Madrid Correspondencia de Espana as sincere, loyal, and gentle, a member of the American Peace society, and the introducer of the resolution in favor of international arbitration in the congress of 1893-4. The declaration is ascribed to him that "we have attained too high a degree of Christianity and civilization to have to resort to arms as a solution of international troubles. All of which is reassuring to those who favor gentlemanliness in the conduct of our international affairs and condemn "shirt-sleeves" diplomacy. But what a dismal wail would arise from the jingo camp if Minister Woodford should live up to his reputaion in Spain.

Boston Herald—Hereafter the apologists for clause 22 would have us know that the sneak act is to be known by the name of a "perfecting amendment." It is a smoother phrase, but it isn't quite so correct or so graphic.

Philadelphia Times—This is beyond doubt the farmer's year. With a wheat crop worth not less than $520,000,000, a corn crop worth $720,000,000, cotton that will sell for $320,000,000, oats worth $200,000,000, rye and barley adding $70,000,000 one to these figures, making a grand total of 2 billions, with hay, eggs fruits vegetables, and dairy and meat products yet to be heard from, there will be small chance for raising a calamity cry this year in the agricultural districts. These figures, showing only in part the enormous value of the agricultural products of the country indicate that the real Klondike of the United States is to be sought and found in tilling its fertile acres.

Manchester Union—The tariff managers assured us that $180,000,000 would be collected in customs the first year and $220,000,000 in subsequent years. About $7,000,000 will be realized in the month of August, leaving $173,000,000 to be gathered in during the next eleven months. It won't be done.

Boston Post—The Spanish consul at Chicago, it seems, has taken it upon hiself to notify the railroads that they must not carry material contraband of war which is intended for use by the Cuban insurrectionists.

This is nothing else than impudent interference and if it was inspired by or has the countenance of the Spanish minister, it should be promptly rebuked by the administration at Washington. Here is a case in which Secretary Sherman might properly use, in addressing Senor de Lome, the same pen with which he wrote the "shirt-sleeves" letter to Lord Salisbury.

New York Journal—President McKinley has been diplomatic enough to incur the displeasure of the Western reception committees to such an extent that they are now boycotting him. He is the lucky chief magistrate who manages to elude the handshaking ordeal.

Lawrence Tribune—Tammany proposes to steal the thunder of the Citizens' Union in New York by nominating Colonel George E. Waring for Waring is the one democrat connected with the present reform administration in New York who has made a name for himself by cleaning the streets and keeping them clean. The democratic leaders appear to be of the opinion that he could clean out all other candidates for the mayoralty.

Waltham News—Just see how these trusts progress! The sugar trust has downed the fellows who made up the coffee trust and now controls the coffee as well as the sugar output. But all is not lost. Sunshine and air yet remain free to all. How long, O Lord, how long?

Fall River Globe—If the carping critics who lose no opportunity to vent their malice on William J. Bryan can find no sounder argument for their condemnation than the fact that he travels on railroad passes, they had better give up the job. Men far wealthier than Mr. Bryan and occupying the very highest legislative, judicial, and executive positions in the land now ride or at least did at a recent date on railroad passes and neither they nor the critics seemed to be very much disturbed over the matter.

HOBAN'S PETS, 13—DOCTORS, 12

An exceedingly interesting game of base ball was played at Mountain Rock yesterday when the Doctors and Hoban's Pets met for the second time, the Pets coming out a winner by the score of 13 to 12. The battery work of Leary and Landers was very good, but the Pets had a better eye for the ball than last week. Cook and Cosgrove also pitched good ball for the winners.

The fat men of Hoban's team ran the bases with much more ease, evidently having gotten in training last week and indulging less heartily in refreshments.

F. Murphy and J. Murphy assisted in a fast double play, short to second, to first. J. Murphy marred the good work later by dropping a ball handed to him for another double.

Some of the other features were a rattling three-base hit by Alderman Cosgrove in the last inning with two men on bases, catches in the outfield by Roleau, Tim Leary, and Joe Donahue (with his white shoes) and a throw to the home plate by Conry with three men on bases, cutting off the runner and resulting in a double play when Charlie ran to a boulder in deep center field for second base. Tom Muldoon umpired and barring one or two decisions which did not materially affect the score, was good. The teams were made up as follows:

Hoban's Pets—Donovan, Cook, Cosgrove, Phillips, Hoban, Connors, Conry, Roleau, Leary.

Doctors—Landers, Leary, Ward, J. Murphy, D. Murphy, F. Murphy, J. Donahue, C. Donahue, Constantineau.

Score: Hoban's Pets 13, Doctors 12. Base hits—Hobans 19, total 25. Doctors 7, total 9. Errors—Doctors 11.

NOTICE TO COTTON MULE SPINNERS.

Brothers: There will be a regular meeting of the cotton mule spinners next Friday evening at your hall on Middle street at 8 o'clock when you will elect three delegates to attend the semi-annual convention to be held in Boston. There will also be other matters of importance to come before the body. Per order of the executive committee.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

ART DEPARTMENT

Will be Added to the Textile School.

VESPER L. GEORGE SELECTED AS PRINCIPAL.

He Has Studied in Paris and London.

The trustees of the Lowell Textile school have just completed arrangements for one of the most important additions to the operations of the Lowell Textile school that have been added since the school itself was first decided upon. This is the addition of an Art department.

Undoubtedl ythe application of art to fabrics add more value to the material than anything else ,and it is recognized that the chief object of textile schools is to encourage applied art, and thus encourage the manufacture of raw fibres into fabrics of many ties the value of a plain or standard fabric made from the same material.

It is in this line that the Lowell school can be of as much value to the city as in any other branch of its work.

For a long time, the trustees have had this department in contemplation but have had some difficulty in finding a suitable instructor. A principal for this department has now been found in Mr. Vesper L. George of Boston.

Mr. George is a native of Boston and with the exception of a few years study abroad, has resided in that city all his life.

Mr. George, on deciding to follow art, went to Paris and London to study, and in Paris became a pupil of the world renowned art masters, Messrs. Jules Lefebvre and Benjamin Constant. On returning to Boston, Mr. George followed decorative art principally as a profession and has designed many works of art in Boston, including stained glass window work and others. For six years he has been instructor in the Evening Drawing schools of the city of Boston. He has also exhibited pictures in the Academy of Design in New York, and at the Pennsylvania Academy in Philadelphia, Pa. Specimens of his work also hang on the walls of the Art club in Boston.

The committee of the trustees of the Lowell Textile school that have had the matter in hand are Agent Southworth, of the Massachusetts Cotton Mills, Hon. Frederick Lawton of this city, and J. T. Smith, Secretary of the Board of Trade; and these gentlemen have given very great care and attention to the establishment of this interesting branch of the school's work.

Mr. Smith, especially, at the time of his energetic advocacy of textile schools before the Lowell school was established, recognized the supreme necessity of an art department.

In order to make this department a thorough success, the trustees will require the support of the ladies of the city, and it is to be hoped that the art department of the Textile school will be taken advantage of by all the Lowell people of artistic tastes.

Director Brooks is preparing a special Art catalogue, which will be ready in a few days, and this will be mailed to any one on receipt of a postal, or may be had at the school.

SERIOUS ROW

OCCURRED ON A L. L. & H CAR IN HAVERHILL.

A serious row occurred on a L.L. & H. electric car on the Lawrence division a few evenings ago, in Haverhill, which will be brought into court. Local parties are involved and Peters & Cole have been secured as counsel. Two men say that they were treated outrageously at the hands of Conductor Wilmarth on an electric from Lawrence Sunday evening about 7 o'clock.

It seems that the men signalled a car for Lawrence in this city Sunday afternoon and that it did not stop. They gave chase and finally caught car, and soon after asked the conductor why he did not stop to take them aboard. The conductor, they say, did not like what was said, and it is alleged that he threw them off the car. Another car was boarded for Lawrence, where the men reported the affair at the transfer station.

The men boarded Wilmarth's car again later in the evening, this time for Haverhill. They say that in the course of conversation with him, he said that he would carry them half way to Haverhill or words to that effect. They boarded the car and started for home and the ride was uneventful until Pleasant Valley was reached at 7 or 7.15 oc'clock. It is alleged that the conductor then put one of the men off the car and then the two had a fistic encounter in the road a few feet away from the car. The man was badly injured in the head, and it said that he may lose the sight of one eye.

William S. Sargent, who lives near where the fight is said to have occurred heard a car stop in front of his house, and believing there was trouble, came outdoors. He was a special officer of Methuen, and seeing the two men fighting, interfered and was surprised to find one of them the conductor. He picked the other man up and saw that he was bleeding badly from a cut on the head. The conductor told Mr. Sargent that his number was 122. The man tried to board the car again, but was put off as were also two other men who expressed their views on the matter.

Mr. Sargent cared for the men at his house and they took a later car for Haverhill. It is stated that Mr. Sargent reported the affair to the road officials at Lawrence. The car was in charge of Conductor Wilmarth, who is a spare hand, and Motorman Tripp, who is well known.

The trouble commenced when one of the men asked Conductor Wilmarth if he was as fresh as when he came up from Haverhill and he answered that he was running the car, whereupon he was seized. He grappled with one of the men and pulled him from the car. The two other men followed and were about to assist their companion when Moterman Tripp arrived on the scene and cautioned the men not to interfere. They obeyed and after Conductor Wilmarth had given his man his due, the car proceeded to Haverhill. It is said that the man who attacked Conductor Wilmarth was "badly done up."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

THERE ARE DIAMONDS

And DIAMONDS. When you want the latter call on

J. D. GRANT,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,

64 Merrimack Street.

Also, if your watch is not pleasing you, we understand and can rectify any displacement at short notice.

FOOT BALL TEAM

WILL BE ORGANIZED HERE THIS FALL.

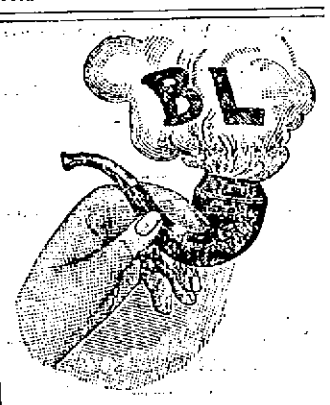
The great and booming game of football is to be renewed in Lowell this fall and those interested in it believe that it can be made to pay for itself at least.

Cricket club got together a fairly strong team and played a few mighty interesting games. The largest attendance of the season was at the Harvard Freshman game where on a chilly day there were nearly 600 paid admissions at the Cricket grounds. Al. Smith of the Y.M.C.A., Tom Whitehead and a few more enthusiasts started in lately to practice on the field near the Vesper Boat club house and they hope to get a strong eleven by the time the season opens.

THEIR FIRST "AT HOME."

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Callahan held their first "at home" at their new residence in Fourth street last evening. Many friends called to tender congratulations and to inspect the new and beautiful home of the happy couple. The evening was passed merrily with songs and music. The Fuge company catered. Mr. and Mrs. Callahan will take a trip to Nova Scotia next week.

Mr. Aloysius Malone who has been enjoying his vacation in this city, has returned to Mt. St. Mary's seminary.



It's 'World's Fair' that suits most smokers — the best cut plug sold—it's made from choicest leaf, like all

B-L

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For Both Sexes.

The Fall examination for admission to the Lowell Normal School will take place

Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 7 and 8

Beginning at 9 a. m. at the High School Building on Kirk Street.

$34 A Fine Piano, seven octaves, made by Lord & Co., I will sell for $34

GEORGE A. GARDNER, 26 Prescott Street.

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120 LAWRENCE STREET.

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PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on

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828 SUFFOLK STREET.

Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

Rosy Cheeks and Sparkling Eyes.

Follow the use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by The Turners, of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make

TU-MELLA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak.

TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

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Best Goods. Greatest Variety.

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NEW MUSIC HALL

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Saturday, Monday Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings, Sept. 4, 6, 7 and 8. Matinees Monday and Wednesday.

Nothing Old But the Name.

Everybody's Favorite Funny Show,

Peck's Bad Boy. Twelfth Annual Tour.

AFTER SUPPER GO AND SEE IT.

This year better than ever. New Specialties, Funny Comedians, Graceful Dancers, Pretty Girls. An extraordinary singing company.

SUCCESS BREEDS IMITATORS.

This is the original version.

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO Salisbury Beach via Str. Merrimack

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with steamer daily at 7.30 a. m.

On and after June 30, Half Holiday Excursion daily, except Mondays. Cars leave Lowell to connect with steamer at 12 m. 40-mile sail 25c. Steamer stops at Newburyport. Special rates for parties of fifty or more.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent, Haverhill.

Lakeview Park

Week Commencing Aug. 30, '97.

PETCHING BROTHERS'

HIGH CLASS

NOVELTY COMPANY

Picked Artists, Comedians, Singers and Dancers.

GLEN FOREST

3 Days: Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 2, 3 and 4, at 3 and 8 o'clock.

A company of Popular Artists

THE REED BIRDS

Presenting Their Latest Sketches, Topical Songs—Trios, Quartettes, Banjo and Bone Solos, Songs, Dances, Glees, Etc., Etc.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

3 Days: Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 30, 31 and Sept. 1.

EXTRA ATTRACTION.

THE BIJOU TRIO

This season with Gorman's Olympia

WITH

Theron D. Perkins' Band.

NEW SPECIAL ATTRACTION THE ZOO

DERBY & MORSE

72 MIDDLE STREET,

Keep everything in the electrical line. There are none in the city that do better work and their prices are as reasonable as many others for a cheaper grade of work.

PERSONAL.

Miss Harriet Woodworth of Chelmsford has returned to her summer home at Baker's Island, and will remain there during September.

Mrs. William Whitmore and daughter Eva of School street, have been rusticating for a few weeks among the pine clad hills of Vermont.

Mr. Paul Kenney, formerly with Undertaker C. H. Molloy, has accepted a responsible position with E. J. Clement, the grocer. He will manage a new store which is to be opened soon by this enterprising grocer.

Miss Clare S. Reed of Nesmith street is visiting the family of E. J. Noyes at Seaview.

Mr. John H. Kimball returned on Sunday from a brief visit to Europe which he greatly enjoyed.

Mr. John T. Raymond of the O'Donnell & Gilbride company has returned from a two weeks' trip to the White Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. F. U. Cambridge and weeks' vacation, spent in Vermont.

Rev. Thomas S. Sayers, Jr., and family, returned from their vacation yesterday.

Mr. Fred L. Balcolm, the well known engineer at the Tremont and Suffolk mills is at present spending a two weeks' vacation in the vicinity of Vanceboro, Me., hunting and fishing.

Miss Mary Eva McNally and her little neice, Miss Theresa McNally, guests of Miss Anna Donnelly of East Merrimack street. The younger lady, although but six years of age is already a successful and popular danseuse.

Orlon E. Gardner of this city has been granted a pension.

Mrs. William Tracey and son of Worcester are the guests of Mr and Mrs. Cleveland J. Cheney of Princeton street.

Orison H. Gardner of this city, has been granted an original pension.

Miss Maria Gilney and her sister Delia, have gone to New York city.

Mrs. G. W. Johnson and her children are visiting at Antrim and Wolfboro, N. H.

Mrs. Georgre S. Hull and children have returned from a six weeks' stay at Plymouth, Mass.

Mr. H. H. Dearborn of the firm of H. H. Dearborn & Co., of Seattle, is in Lowell for a few days and is just as enthusiastic about his part of the West as ever. Seattle is having such a rapid growth that he expects it will soon reach the 100,000 mark.

Officers McNabb, J. B. Crowley, Corcoran and Bumps, have returned from their vacations.

Fay Aldrich, the hustling ad. man, and bookkeeper for Cook, Taylor & Co., will leave Saturday on a trip to the White Mountains where he will pass the next couple of weeks.

Harriet E. Tweed, the wonderful magnetic healer, will be at the American house, September 2 p. m. Don't fail to try him for he cures when physicians fail.

Dr. James J. Connors of North Chelmsford has returned to New York where he will attend the Polytechnic previous to the opening of the Columbia.

Brother Alexius, provincial of the Xaverian Brothers, is a guest at the home of the Xaverian Brothers on Varney street.

MAN DROWNED

WHILE BATHING AT CRESCENT BEACH—HEART DISEASE THE CAUSE.

Revere, Sept. 2.—A man said to be Albert Thompson of 260 Park avenue in Worcester, died while bathing at Crescent beach about 4.30 yesterday afternoon.

He was a big man, well built, and with short, curly hair. No person noticed just when he went into the water or how long he had been in. There was a large number of bathers in at the time of the accident.

The screams of a woman who had stumbled against his body while wading in about two feet of water was the first indication of trouble that those near the spot had. Lifeguard William Murphy and Mr. Peter McNally, the noted swimmer were in the water at the time and were the first to reach the woman who had uttered the screams.

The body was quickly taken to the emergency room and Dr. Newton called but the man was dead. Dr. Newton said that heart disease was the cause of death.

POLICE COURT—PICKMAN, J.

There were nine drunks and quite a number of varied cases. Michael Damiaras, a Greek, and Benjamin Bernstein, a Hebrew, were tried for disturbing the peace last Friday night. The former is a fruit dealer and the latter a peddler. The evidence showed that Damiaras was plainl ythe aggressor, and was fined $10, while Bernstein was allowed to go.

P. J. Farley appeared for Bernstein who claimed that Damiaras took some fruit from his wagon and after examining it threw it on the ground. Bernstein remostrated, whereupon Damiaras called him vile names and it is alleged drew a knife. John Damiaras, a brother of Michael was under arrest for alleged assault but was allowed to go as being the wrong man.

Charles McCarthy, charged with the embezzlement of a horse and wagon was held in trial for September 9.

Frank Shaw, a young milkman was in on complaint of Mafor Allenfor alleged violation of the milk law and he was continued until September 9.

George Hantis for larceny gets three months in jail.

Adolphus Jugal and George Amon were on the list for alleged larceny.

DOYLE—James Doyle, aged one year and one month, beloved son of Thomas and Winifred Doyle, died today at his parents' residence, 4 Brown's court, off Lakeview avenue.

The committee on appropriations will meet at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY

Boarding and Day School,

LOWELL, MASS.

WILL BEGIN ITS 45TH YEAR SEPTEMBER 7TH, 1897.

This school continues the thorough work in English, Science, Classics, Music and Art, for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. Difference of Religion will not be regarded in admission of Pupils.

For further particulars, apply at the Academy or by letter to the superior.

BROWN AND PRES. ANDREWS

The Corporation Wants Andrews to Withdraw His Resignation.

Now Appear Unwilling to Part With Him—No Desire to Control His Views.

Providence, Sept. 2.—The corporation of Brown university voted yesterday, after a long meeting, to request of President Andrews that he withdraw his resignation as president of the institution. The request was embodied in a resolution containing the following letter:

To the President of Brown University:

"The corporation of Brown university has this day received, with the greatest regret, your resignation as president. It most earnestly desires that you will withdraw it. It conceives that it was written without full knowledge of the position of the corporation. With the earnest hope that a statement by it, bearing the formal sanction and approval of the governing body of the university as a whole, may bring us again into hearty accord, the corporation desires to assure you that it in no way sought the severance of our official relations, which, so far as it knows, have been most cordial from the time of your acceptance of the presidency of the university.

"The only vote and only expression hitherto made by the corporation bearing upon the question at issue was at the last June meeting and consisted of the appointment of a committee to 'confer with you as to the interests of the university.' The extent of authority thus given its committee was that of conference, which it fully believes you would unhesitatingly admit was a legitimate and friendly exercise of its privilege, relating, in the terms of the vote, to the 'interests of the university,' which you and the corporation have closely at heart.

"It is perfectly true that the vote in question was occasioned by the differing views entertained, on the one hand, by you, and on the other hand by most, and probably all, of the members of the corporation as to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by the United States, so far at least as affecting the interests of the university, and the fear that your views with reference to it, publicly known or expressed, might, perhaps, in some degree, be assumed to be representative and not merely individual.

"It was not in our minds to prescribe the path in which you should tread, or to administer to you any official rebuke or to restrain your freedom of opinion or reasonable liberty of utterance, but simply to intimate that it would be the part of wisdom for you to take a less active part in exciting partisan discussions and apply your energies more exclusively to the affairs of the college.

"Having, as it believes, removed the misapprehensions that our individual views on this question represent those of the corporation and the university, for which misapprehension you are not responsible, and which it knows you, too, would seek to dispel, the corporation, affirming its rightful authority to conserve the interests of the university at all times by every honorable means, and especially desiring to avoid, in the conduct of the university, the imputation even of the consideration of party questions or of the dominance of any class, but that in the language of its charter 'in this liberal and catholic institution ....all members hereof shall enjoy full, free, absolute and uninterrupted liberty of conscience,' which includes freedom of thought and expression, it cannot feel that the divergence of views upon the 'silver question' and of its effects upon the university between you and the members of the corporation is an adequate cause of separation between us, for the corporation is profoundly appreciative of the great services you have rendered to the university and of your great sacrifice and love for it. It therefore renews its assurances of highest respect for you and expresses the confident hope that you will withdraw your resignation."

The vote on the subject was practically unanimous, and was taken after speeches had been made by nearly every member of the corporation. Joseph H. Walker advocated the action in the following words: "The committee of conference report that they regard the paper they presented to President Andrews as a private paper presented as a basis of a private interview between the corporation and its president. I understood that the appointment of the committee of three was decided upon rather than that any written communication should be made to President Andrews in order that our action should not take an official aspect that might be misunderstood rather than a friendly conference on matters of grave import to the university.

"Every care was taken at the meeting of June 17 to so frame our action as to avoid anything that should in any way embarrass President Andrews before the corporation, before the alumni or before the general public. I gave no information whatever to any person of the action of the corporation, or any hint of it except one interview that was thoroughly misreported."

A letter was received by the corporation from Dr. Andrews explaining his views on the silver question and stating the position he had taken with reference to the request of the committee that was appointed last June to confer with him. This letter was presented previous to the general discussion.

OPPOSED TO LOW

Republicans Will Stand by the Machine.

BOSS PLATT IS NOT YET VANQUISHED.

Sketch of Mr. Low's Past Career.

New York, Sept. 2.—The boroughs committee of the Citizens' union yesterday nominated Seth Low for mayor of Greater New York.

John C. Clark left this city last night for Northwest Harbor, Me., with the letter of the union.

The Lincoln Republican club, which is presided over by Postmaster Cornelius Van Cott, put itself on record at its monthly meeting last night as being strongly opposed to the action of the committee in nominating Mr. Low.

Seth Low is a native of Brooklyn, and in his 48th year. His grandfather, after whom he was named, was the first mayor of Brooklyn. The second Seth Low was given a business training in the importing house of which his father was the head, and of which, six years after graduating from Columbia university, the son became a member. Mr. Low was elected mayor of Brooklyn in 1881 and again in 1883. He has been president of Columbia university since 1889. About two years ago he gave the university $1,000,000, said to have been about half of his fortune.

UNCLE SAM'S TREASURY.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Yesterday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $215,551,206; gold reserve, $144,216,370; net silver, $23,497,651; United States notes in the treasury, $28,973,702; treasury notes of 1890, $29,526,989; total receipts this day, $800,611; total receipts this month, $503,611; total receipts this year, $58,992,329; total expenditures this day, $2,813,660; total expenditures this month, $2,813,660; total expenditures this year, $86,101,986; deposits in national banks, $16,661,578.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

FAILED FOR $3,000,000.

San Francisco, Sept. 2.—The Evening Post says that private advices have been received here to the effect that Henry Mathou, the well known banker and promoter of several gigantic schemes in Central America, has failed for over $3,000,000. The cause assigned for the failure is the heavy depreciation of silver and the collapse of the real estate boom inaugurated by President Barrios several years ago.

It Is Easy

To keep looking well and advance in public estimation if proper attention is given to dress. Our Suits cost no more than the ordinary kind—but, oh, my, what a difference the wearer presents when dressed up—Fall Suits are ready. Hats also. The most desirable blocks.

Uncle Sam's Store

OLD POST OFFICE.

ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow.

Via Londonderry.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, Aug. 6, 11 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Aug. 20, 10 a. m.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Sept. 3, 9 a. m.
MONGOLIAN, Sept. 17, 8 a. m.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00. Steerage, $23.50.

Glasgow and Boston

Via Londonderry and Galway.

Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $23.50.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to

H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St., Lowell

WITH THE POLICE

Numerous Cases Now Occupying Their Attention.

CONSTABLE GATELY RECOVERS A STOLEN BICYCLE.

A Couple of Local Horse Cases.

Inspector Allen went to New Haven, Conn., yesterday, and brought Charles Carthy of this city who was arrested there two weeks ago for alleged embezzlement of a horse and wagon from his uncle in this city. Requisition papers were received yesterday.

DUCHARME FINED $20.

When both sides of the Ducharme-McGaskell assault case had been heard yesterday in police court, Judge Pickman fined the defendant $20.

STOLE 13 WATCHES.

The watch repairing shop of Thomas Barnes on Gorham street was broken into by breaking the glass in a door and 13 watches were stolen. No arrests have been made.

CHASE FOR FURNITURE.

Ello Delisle, the Tucker street furniture dealer, states that he was obliged to get up at 1 o'clock Monday morning to look after H. H. May, who the Nashua police attempted to raid. May was taking a load of furniture, belonging to Mr. Delisle from Nashua. Mr. Delisle drove to Nashua where he met May at the deserted house. Mr. Delise asked where the furniture was. May replied that the furniture was sent to Lowell.

Mr. Delisle knew May's statement to be untrue, and obtaining the assistance of two officers, he drove toward Manchester. When eleven miles from Nashua the load of furniture was overtaken and brought to Lowell.

Mr. Delisle arrived home at 5o'clock Monday evening. He had driven 65 miles, and his horse carried three men nearly all the distance.

"BRICK END" RAIDED.

Chief of police Jones of Methuen and a squad of officers raided the shanty adjoining the ruins of the Brick End house and found a quantity of liquor but no owner. The raid occurred on Sunday.

BICYCLE DETECTIVE GATELY.

Constable B. F. Gately appears to be meeting with success as a private detective in the bicycle line, for he has succeeded in recovering a couple of stolen bikes for local dealers with considerable skill. His latest is the recovery of a $50 wheel for T. B. Whitcher, the Shattuck street dealer.

Two months ago a woman named Mary Howarth, residing in Centralville obtained a wheel from Mr. Whitcher on a lease and a short time ago it is alleged, got out of town with her family and the wheel. Constable Gately was put on the case and he succeeded in locating the Howarths in Montreal where, he learned, the son of Mrs. Howarth had sold the wheel for $2.25. Today he received a letter from Silas H. Carpenter, chief of the Montreal detective bureau, to the effect that the wheel had been recovered.

ARRESTED IN LYNN.

Inspector Laflamme went to Lynn today to get John H. Harding of this city, who is under arrest there on complaint of Mr. Hanson, the local stable keeper. It is alleged that Harding sold a team on which Hanson held a mortgage to a man named Corcoran.

A Gambler's Luck.

A few weeks ago Leo Fulton arrived at Deadwood with a solitary $5 note in his pocket. He was not long in changing it for a couple of stacks of white checks. He manipulated these checks in such a manner that he soon had accumulated about ten times his original capital. Fortune seemed to smile upon him from his humble beginning, and he soon acquired sufficient funds to open up a bank for himself and get upon the inside.

The fortune which followed him as a player did not desert him as a dealer, and while many changed in against him but few pulled out winners. He seemed to have as good a thing as a Klondike placer claim and was coining money. He either got tired of winning or else sorry for the people who went against his game, so he "turned the box over" and skirmished around upon the outside. Again he was successful for a time, but ran up toward the last against a little piece of hard luck and dropped quite a roll before he dropped to himself.

He left for the east last evening and took with him something over $2,000. Before leaving, however, he paid several hundred dollars of debts, bought his brother a threshing machine, for which he paid $800, and the night before he left dropped $700 against bank and still had the amount stated above to the good.—Sioux Falls Leader.

False Teeth Take Root.

A Russian druggist has at length solved the problem of supplying us with false teeth which will grow into the gums as firmly as natural ones. The teeth are made of gutta percha, porcelain or metal, as the case may be. At the root of the tooth holes are made, and also in the jaw. The tooth is then placed in the cavity, and in a short time a soft, granulated growth finds its way from the jaw into the holes of the tooth. This growth gradually hardens and holds the tooth in position.

It does not matter in the least, according to this enterprising Russian dentist, whether the cavity in which the tooth is placed is one from which a natural tooth has recently been drawn or whether it has been healed for months or even years.—London Figaro.

Stole Bible and Boots.

Randolph Williams, colored, was presented by the grand jury for the alleged larceny of a Bible and a pair of rubber boots, all valued at $21, belonging to the Perkins Square (colored) Baptist church. The rubber boots were those used by the pastor of the church in the ordinance of baptism.—Baltimore American.

First class printing done at this office.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 5,000,000 boxes.

THE FAR GOLDFIELD.

WHAT UNCLE SAM FOUND OUT ABOUT THE KLONDIKE.

Interesting Record of an Official Investigation of the Great Gold Region—Surveyor Spurr's Account of His Adventurous Trip to the Headwaters of the Yukon.

The question of the veracity of the rumors from time to time reaching the government as to the mineral wealth, especially in gold, of the upper Yukon district of Alaska and the conditions under and months by and times of the year which the district could best be reached were in the early part of last year subjects of departmental consideration.

In order to gather reliable information on the geological questions involved and incidentally some others, Edward Spurr, a member of the United States geological survey, was officially requested to undertake a journey into the interior of Alaska. The records of this trip, published in the September number of Outing, make very interesting reading at this time, when all the world is wild to know all that can be known of the golden northwest.

The explorer prefaces his notes thus:

"Alaska is a most difficult country for traveling, even in the only available short season of its arctic summer, there being no roads, and even Indian trails, on account of the small number of natives, are very rare. The surface is rough, being traversed by many ranges of mountains. Even in the more level portions travel is hindered in the summer by the wet moss, which grows knee deep, and by the insect pests. In the winter it is made impossible by the intense cold. In view of all these difficulties, the peculiar relation of the Yukon river to the coast is such that one might fancy nature had arranged it especially for a highway through this inaccessible interior in partial compensation to man for the obstacles she has put in his way.

"The headwaters of the network of streams that ultimately drain into the Yukon river fortunately lie within about 80 miles of the sea, just on the northern or inland side of a range of mountains which runs along the southern coast of Alaska. From this point the river flows north, away from the sea, far toward the Arctic ocean; then, suddenly changing its mind, turns west, and finally, after traversing the whole width of Alaska, arrives at the Bering sea, its entire course being considerably over 2,000 miles. This little geographical explanation has been made so that the plan of our trip may be clearly understood."

He then plunges into a description of his journey over the Chilkat pass, a narrative long, but full of striking incident and interest. The narrative contains many vivid word pictures of the weird features of that peculiar region. Of the great glaciers he says:

"Here and there stood great, broad glaciers, stretching from the clouds nearly down to the sea. These glaciers, like all that I have seen in Alaska, have wonderful purity of color. The predominating tint is a beautiful robin's egg blue, which changes into pure white in the upper part, where the solid ice grades into the less compact frozen snow. Their surfaces are fantastically carved, pinnacled and turreted, and irregular masses stand out in relief, which the imagination can transform into strange groups of figures."

Dyea he describes as "a small trading post, kept by a white man, around which is gathered a village of Indians or Siwash, belonging to the Chilkat tribe. They are by no means ill looking people. The men are strong and well formed. The women—naturally, when one considers their mode of life—are inferior to the men in good looks. These women have a habit of painting their faces uniformly black with a mixture of soot and grease, a covering which is said to prevent snow blindness in the winter and to be a protection in summer against the mosquitoes. Some have only the upper part of their faces painted, and the black part terminates in a straight line, giving the effect of a half mask. At the time of our arrival the Indians were engaged very busily in catching and drying small fish. These fish are very oily and when dried can be lighted at one end and used as candles, and for this purpose they are stored away against the long winter night."

The writer pays his respects to the mosquitoes on various occasions and in language unmistakable and strong. "I do not think any description or adjectives can exaggerate the discomfort and even torture produced by these pests at their worst," says he, "for they stand peerless among their kind, so far as my experience goes, and that of others with whom I have talked, for wickedness unalloyed."

The hardships of the trip were excessive, but the information gained was well worth the outlay of bodily force that was necessary. Nothing in the narrative is more interesting than the part devoted to the Indians.

"These Indians," says Mr. Spurr, "all have some English name, which they have got from the mission, where they hang around when there is anything to be got by it. I find in my notes 'Tom' credited with carrying 110 pounds of meat and 'Jim' with 161 pounds of sundries. Tim's original name was Kuk-shon, and he claimed to be a chief of the interior, or Stick, Indians. He spent his spare time during the short space of my acquaintance with him in daubing vermilion around his left eye. Before starting across the pass he painted the rest of his face black with soot and grease, but carefully left the red around his eye, and this ornamentation, together with a smile, which I think he meant to be engaging and which he offered on all occasions as a substitute for conversation, made him a particularly villainous looking personage. Among the packers were also a number of women. These were mostly ugly old hags, and many of them plainly suffered greatly from fatigue, yet their patient endurance was remarkable. It seems to fall to the lot of the old women among these people to do the hardest work, but men, women and children are schooled to carry heavy burdens. We met on the trail a whole family packing, carrying out a sort of contract with some of the miners. The man carried 127 pounds, a boy of 18 carried 100 pounds, and the squaw and little girls had heavy loads. Even the dog, about the size of a setter, carried 40 pounds, with which he waddled along patiently enough."

The utter loneliness of these great wide wastes of snow and ice and rugged rocks is portrayed in the closing paragraphs:

"During our whole trip the country through which we passed was singularly lonely and uninhabited. After leaving the few huts on English lake, which I have mentioned, we saw a few Indians in a summer camp on Lake La Bargo, and this was all till we got to the junction of the Lowes and Pelly rivers, over 300 miles from English lake. At Pelly we found a log trading post, with a single white man in charge, and a few Indians. There were also three miners, who had met with a misfortune and were disconsolate enough. They had started up the Pelly river with a two years' outfit, intending to remain and prospect for that period, but at some rapid water their boat had been swamped and all their provisions lost.

"Although there are very few people in the country, one is continually surprised at first by perceiving a solitary white tent standing on some prominent point or cliff which overlooks the river. At first this looks very cheerful, and we sent many a hearty hail across the water to such habitations, but our calls were never answered, for these are not the dwellings of the living, but of the dead. Inside each of these tents, which are ordinarily made of white cloth, though sometimes of woven matting, is a dead Indian, and near him are laid his rifle, snowshoes, ornaments and other personal effects. I do not think the custom of leaving these articles at the grave implies any belief that they will be used by the dead man in another world, but simply signifies that he will have no more use for the things which were so dear and necessary to him in life, just as among ourselves articles which have been used by some dead friend are henceforth laid aside and used no longer. These dwellings of the dead are always put in prominent positions, commanding as broad and fair a view as can be obtained."

WONDERFUL CORN.

Two Hundred Bushels of It May Be Grown on an Acre of Land.

Remarkable as it may seem, there are two small fields of corn in Scott county, Ind., which will yield over 200 bushels to the acre. One is owned by Marion Harrod of Alpha, and consists of one acre, on which Mr. Harrod claims he will raise 250 bushels. The other is a field of seven acres owned by E. P. McCaslin, who introduced it, and it will yield fully as much per acre as the field owned by Mr. Harrod.

A description of this wonderful species of corn and a short sketch of its peculiar origin cannot fail to interest every farmer in the land, as it bids fair to supplant the cultivation of all other varieties. Last year Mr. McCaslin made scientific experiments in the culture of corn on his farm, seven miles north of here. He raised 23 varieties, many of which are wholly unknown to the farmers of Indiana and some of which are without a name. His experiments proved highly successful and are of great value, not only to the farmer, but also to science. Of all his experiments, however, the most notable and important by far was the species above referred to.

It is a remarkable specimen and is surely the acme in the cultivation of corn. It has no name other than that supplied by its producer, who has named it Cornucopia, meaning, as every one knows, horn of plenty. It may sound startling to say that 200 bushels of it can be raised to the acre, but it is true, and the poorest ground will produce at least 100 bushels. This wonderful corn was originated by a gentleman from Kentucky about four years ago, and Mr. McCaslin thinks he had last year every grain that remained of the first crop, which was the only one raised, it being the outgrowth of a long succession of experiments in crossing various species.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free, sealed, in plain envelope, on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Dominion Line (U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer) BOSTON SERVICE

S. S. "CANADA" (Now.)

upon Tuesday, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:

Sat., Sept. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Oct. 14, at 11 a. m.
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec. 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; round passage $78.37. Steerage passage $25.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to Local Agts, Wm. Burgess, Fall River, James Duckett, 92 Salem st.; Jeremiah Kelly, Fall River.

Sick Bicycles

No matter what the cause of the ailment, we guarantee a cure in every case. A corps of skilled physicians constantly in attendance.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.

Telephone 657-3.

ADVANCE STYLES

Fall Hats

This may seem a little early, but we guarantee that they are correct.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

Do You Know

A Good Place to Leave Your

Watch for Repairs?

GO TO

LEGAULT & CO.,

The One-Price Jewelers,

70 Central, cor. Prescott Sts.

ASK FOR COUPONS.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CYCLING NEWS.

The meet of the Spindle City Wheelmen Saturday, the last of the present season, is expected to be one of the best events of the kind ever held in Lowell. The entries sent in lead the managers to look for close races and fast time. The following are the men who will compete in the various events:

Novice race—Harry Cullen, J. J. Baker, Lowell; Robert Rawson, Cambridge; F. J. Metcalf, Leominster; A. W. Shattuck, Charles O. Schicke, Charles Wyman, Mark Bentley, Lowell; C. A. Blethen, Newton; Alex. P. Chadwick, Herbert Leefebvre, Lowell; Geo. W. Drury, Winchendon; Amos Savage, Leominster; E. McCormack, O. Allard, Lowell; Charles J. Holmes, Winthrop; Thomas McDermott, John Stackpole, Robert Hardman, E. Lynds, E. M. McKenzie, Wm. A. Webb, John Brodley, Oscar N. Walsh, and A. Brown, Lowell.

One-half mile open—Robert A. Lyon, Leominster; Martin Lindequist, Cambridge; Thomas Williston, Lowell; Dan Daley, Taunton; James J. Rutherford, Winchendon; A. H. Sawyer, Winchendon; C. W. Colburn, Leominster; Chas. Leighton, Clinton; Fred W. Harris, Irving C. Lewis, Lowell; Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; M. Murphy, Henry McArthur, P. Ferron, F. W. Stevens, W. A. Chase, Lowell; Frank A. Fish, Keene, N. H.

One mile open—Henry McArthur, F. Ferron, Lowell, Mass.; Frank Fish, Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; Robert A. Lyon, Leominster, Mass.; Dan Daley, Taunton, Mass.; James J. Rutherford, A. H. Sawyer, Geo. W. Drury, Winchendon; F. W. Harris, Lowell; Mass.

One mile handicap—Robert Hardman, E. Lynds, Arthur Rhodes, W. A. Chase, Lowell; Frank Fish, Keene, N. H.; Allie Orcutt, Hyde Park; Irving C. Lewis, Clifton Wilson, Charles Wyman, Lowell; Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; Robert A. Lyon, F. J. Metcalf, Auburn, Leominster; Chas. Leighton, Clinton; Geo. A. Dunham, Plymouth.

Two mile handicap—Robt. A. Lyon, Leominster; Charles Blanchard, Wakefield; F. J. Carley, Tewksbury; Clifton Wilson Lowell; W. J. Kelby, Clinton; Martin Linderquist, Cambridge; T. J. Metcalf, C. F. McCumiskey, Leominster; Patrick Keegan, Lowell; Wm. Daley, Taunton; J. J. Rutherford, A. H. Sawyer, Winchendon; C. W. Colburn, Leominster; George A. Dunham, Plymouth; Geo. W. Drury, Winchendon, Mass.; T. S. Murphy, Lowell; Harry Marden, Keene, N. H.; P. Ferron, M. Murphy, F. W. Stevens, W. H. Chase, Lowell; Frank Fish, Keene, N. H.

Club race entries—M. Murphy, Robt. Hardman, E. Lynds, E. McKenzie, Chas. F. McCumiskey, Leominster; Ferron, F. W. Stevens, Clifton Wilson, Chas. Wyman, Thomas Williston, Mark Bentley.

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Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS

A Member of the Associated Press.

We may expect life to be a little sweeter in Lowell. A wholesale candy factory has been established here.

With the high price of wheat and provisions it is expected that in a short time wages will advance. It should be remembered that when the purchasing power of the dollar is lessened, wages should increase.

The feat of Star Pointer last Saturday at Readville has turned the attention of a great any people to the race track who never thought of it before. The horsemen will now look forward to a repetition of the achievement, but it may not be accomplished for a considerable time.

The discovery of an infant two weeks old abandoned in the woods of Willow Dale reveals one of the most cruel cases of desertion ever heard of in this vicinity. It seems that not only the police, but the officers of the Humane society should make an endeavor to find the mother or to detect the parties responsible for such an inhuman act.

"The price of all kinds of products depends on the price of silver." How many times we have heard that within the past two years. Nevertheless, silver goes steadily down in price and farm products of all kinds are as steadily going up. Are you a little off your trolley, Mr. Bryan?—Beverly Times.

Nobody who understands the money question ever made such a statement. The price of all kinds of farm products depends upon the price of gold under normal conditions, but special causes may produce a variation, just as the shortage of wheat in Europe has caused an increase in the price of wheat, and other special causes have reduced the price of silver.

Captain Weyler is now endeavoring to convince the public that he never intended to punish Miss Cisneros, and that she was always treated with the utmost consideration. The fact that she was charged with luring the governor of Pine Island into her house for the purpose of having him assassinated is sufficient to show that she was in great danger of imprisonment for life, because many people have been sentenced to life imprisonment on a less serious charge than that. Weyler is trying to show that the representations of the American press in her behalf were unwarranted and that the appeals to His Holiness the Pope, and the Queen of Spain were premature and due to a prejudice against Spain.

But the light of publicity has been so turned upon the case of Miss Cisneros that she will soon be set at liberty.

The state committee of Pennsylvania has unceremoniously fired William F. Harrity of the National committee because of his failure to support the democratic candidate and party last fall. Mr. Harrity as secretary of the National democratic committee lent his aid to the republican party and by publishing interviews favorable to the gold standard, proved himself a traitor to the party that elected him. His expulsion from the National committee this year is a deserved rebuke for his recreancy. The letter of Chairman Garman of the state committee of Pennsylvania is right to the point in showing that it is wise and proper that the democratic party should so perfect its organization that every man from national chairman to vigilance committee should be a tried and true democrat who will battle for democratic principles in the face of the foe and not retire from politics while the battle is fiercely raging. Mr. Harrity has met his deserts and he should take his medicine gracefully.

CHANGING TEXT BOOKS.

The changes in text books made by the school board on Monday evening was perhaps necessary and perhaps not. It seems that under the present system there is no right method of deciding upon the merits of text books; the matter is left to the individual judgment of members of the school board who may know very little of the text books to be thrown out and still less of the new ones to be put in their place. The changes in text books were always expensive to the city, and we have reason to fear that they are to frequently made at the instigation of some book publishing concern without due regard to the city's interests. One thing certain is that some of the books used in the schools are not well adapted to the needs of the pupils. Some of the geographies for instance are too large and too cumbersome for small children to use. The attempt to have children study or master such text books generally results in utter failure, whereas the use of smaller, simpler and more condensed books would serve the purpose much better. By small books the pupils are usually enabled to climb up to larger.

MERIT is what has given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world and enables it to accomplish thousands of wonderful **CURES.**

SUNBEAMS

THE DUEL AT BILLVILLE.

Did you hear about the duel in Billville-on-the-Bend—
How two combatants cruel fought the fight unto the end;
How they set the women screamin at the deadly pistol's sound
And wounded all the barn doors for many yards around?

The sayer had told the major he was never in the war,
Had never heard a drum beat or a battle cannon roar,
But stuff at home hurrahing while his country fought and bled,
And the major in his anger broke a fence rail on his head.

Then the mayor he sent a challenge for to fight till they were blue,
And both selected pistols and a whisky jug or two,
And they got a dozen umpires and stood upon the square
And peppered everything in sight and wounded lots of air.

They shot a train a-runnin and left it in the lurch,
Broke six postoffice windows and winged the Baptist church,
And a funeral procession that was struggling through the throng
Had several mourners wounded and took one more corpse along.

They fired for an hour as fast as they could load,
They wounded all the wagons that were rumblin down the road,
They shot the sheriff in the leg and rolled him on the clover,
And then they hit the coroner and gently turned him over.

The people wired the governor, he called out the brigades,
And the boys here down upon 'em with muskets and with blades,
And the wild mayor and the major they left the town by stealth,
But not 'fore they had both shook hands and drunk each other's health.
—F. L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

The Professor's Mistake.

An amusing story is told about a professor. The learned gentleman has a wife and family; but, professorlike, his thoughts are always with his books.

One evening his wife, who had been out for some hours, returned to find the house remarkably quiet. She had left the children playing about, but now they were nowhere to be seen.

She demanded to be told what had become of them, and the professor explained that as they had made a good deal of noise he had put them to bed without waiting for her or calling a maid.

"I hope they gave you no trouble," she said.

"No," replied the professor, "with the exception of the one in the cot here. He objected a good deal to my undressing him and putting him to bed."

The wife went to inspect the cot.

"Why," she exclaimed, "that's little Johnny Green from next door!"—Tit-Bits.

Her Lungs Were Weak.

Mr. Johnsin—See heah, woman, don' yo' hollah laik dat. Ah ain't deaf.

Mrs. Johnsin—Yo' fule niggah, yo' know ah has to shout cayse mah lungs are so weak.—Up to Date.

Grappling With the Invisible.

"I don't believe in anything I can't see," said the young man who aims to be considered a skeptic.

The middle aged man with overalls on looked at him pensively for a moment and then inquired:

"Young feller, did you ever ketch hold of a 'lectric wire?"—Washington Star.

Politics In Brief.

"Politics don't pay," said a Georgia man yesterday. "I've been mixed up with 'em ten years, and I'm just ten years in debt."

"Had a good time though, didn't you?" he was asked.

"Oh, yes. I beat the other fellow occasionally."—Atlanta Constitution.

Those Summer Vacations.

"How delightful to think of so many people enjoying vacation trips paid for with money earned by hard work last winter!"

"Yes, but the people I know who are taking vacation trips expect to pay for them with money to be earned next winter."—Chicago Record.

How He Reasoned It Out.

Papa—Charley, please hand me that book on the table, there.

Charley (aged 9)—There he is, papa.

Papa—No, my son, you should not say "There he is," but "There it is."

Charley—Why, papa, it's a hymn-book, isn't it?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Realism.

A literary Bohemian is at work on a great naturalistic novel. "The marchioness," he writes, "became as white as a shirt. Glancing at that very moment at his own wristbands, he is seized by a scruple and adds, "whiter even than a shirt."—Masque de For.

Sand and Rocks.

Marie—So you are engaged to Mr. Specie! Was he the only man at the beach with sand enough to propose?

Edith—No, but he was the only man with rocks enough for me to accept.—New York Truth.

HIS ONE BET.

It Seemed Fair, but the Other Fellow Was Fooled.

"I never made but one bet in my life, and I won that," said a newspaper man as they began talking about bets.

"You see, it was this way," he went on. "I was in college, and a member of my class came in to call on me and my roommate. In the course of the talk I offered to bet our visitor a box of cigars that he was the biggest fool in the class, and I agreed to leave it to any three members of it we would select. He consented. I chose myself as one arbitrator. He demurred, but assented when I hinted that there was nothing to prevent his choosing himself for his representative, and then we two could choose a third. It was a rather roundabout way of choosing a single arbitrator, but it was necessary to work out the job my chum and I had put up on him. It was then suggested that we couldn't do any better than choose my chum as the third man. He was a good judge of fools or wise men, I argued, and would be as likely to be as fair as anybody. Our caller finally assented. We then proceeded to make our arguments. He called attention to various incidents in my college career to prove that I was at any rate a bigger fool than he was and that consequently he could not be the biggest fool in the class, and that was all he was called upon to prove.

"When it came my turn, I made short work of it by remarking that if he won the bet my chum would not have an opportunity to smoke many of the cigars, whereas if I won the box would stand where he could have access to it as long as the cigars lasted, and that a man who did not foresee such a position and argument in my favor in consenting to leave the matter to my chum must be the biggest fool not only in the class but in the whole college. Of course we got the cigars, and the loser acknowledged the justice of the decision."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Understood the Case.

Mrs. Lakeside—I wish to get a divorce from my husband for outrageous cruelty, inhumanity, brutality, non-support.

Chicago Lawyer—I must have $50 retaining fee first, madam.

"But I haven't got it. I spent the last $50 my husband gave me for this bonnet this very morning."

"Won't he give you any more?"

"Not for several days anyhow."

"Well, perhaps the gentleman you wish to marry will lend it to you."—New York Weekly.

Discouraging.

"It's jes' my luck," said Farmer Corntossel gloomily. "I'm the wust guessser a-goin. The only sure way for a man to git along is ter make up his mind what he's a-goin ter do an keep doin jes' that."

"Have you had bad luck?"

"Nothin else. Last year I raised wheat when I orter hev tuck in summer boarders. This year I tuck in summer boarders when I orter hev raised wheat."—Washington Evening Star.

Not In Time.

Myrtle—They say that you made a regular fool of Algy Piersons at the islands last week.

Maud—No, they are wrong. I might have done it but for one thing.

Myrtle—What was that?

Maud—Somebody had finished the job before I got hold of him.—Cleveland Leader.

Porter and Mark Twain.

General Porter tells a story of his farewell to Mark Twain once when Mark was going away. "I said: 'Good-by, Mark. May God be with you always.' He drawlingly replied, 'I—hope—he—will—but—I—hope, too, that he may find some leisure—moments—to—take—care—of—you.'"—Argonaut.

The Impediment.

She—I think Mr. Stone is just too mean and stingy for anything. He just won't buy his wife a wheel.

He—You misjudge him, my love. He'd be perfectly willing to buy it, only he's too fat to teach her to ride and too jealous to want any one else to act as her instructor.—Brooklyn Life.

Wouldn't Touch Him.

"Why don't you go in bathing, Mr. Softly?" she asked.

"A man eating shark has been seen near here," he replied.

"Man eating!" she repeated. "Oh, well, he wouldn't touch you then."—Chicago Post.

The Boston Cook.

Mistress—When you came here a few days ago, you said your name was Mary. Now I find in your book that it is Kittie.

Cook—Oh, madam, that's all right. Mary is my pseudonym.—Exchange.

A Beautiful Sight.

Galton—The Rev. Thomas Dixon of New York says the most beautiful sight in the world is a beautiful woman upon a beautiful horse.

Jastrow—He has probably never held a royal flush.—Cleveland Leader.

Affected by the Heat.

"Our janitor was sick all summer."

"What was the matter?"

"It prostrated him to see us getting all the hot air we wanted without appealing to him."—Chicago Record.

The Absentminded Professor.

Do you know, my dear, I was so busy remembering what you asked me to buy you, that I forgot to stop and get it.—New York Truth.

The Latest.

First Traveler—I'm an American.

Second Do.—And I, sir, am a Greater New Yorker.—Philadelphia North American.

THE TELEGRAPH.

A Louisiana Paper Indorses Government Ownership as Good Democracy.

"There are strong indications that the people of the United States will be called upon to decide whether it would be to their advantage for the government to own and operate the telegraphic system. This question is being discussed to some extent by the papers, some representing strong arguments in favor of the proposition and others claim it would be paternalism, a step that might lead to the stifling of individual effort, socialistic, and the Democratic papers opposed to the movement declare it undemocratic.

"The Press believes it would result to the advantage of the people and for this reason favors the government ownership of the telegraph.

"The government operates the mail system, and to deny that it is a function of our government to operate the telegraph, a more advanced and equally important mode of transmission, is a condemnation of the government's operation of the mails.

"The Western Union obtained its franchise from the government, which is proof positive that it is an inherent right of government to operate the telegraphic system. In granting it the right of expropriation the government delegated a privilege it should jealously guard.

"Foreign countries operate the telegraph lines to the great advantage of their citizens. Besides there is no reason why we should leave that paying and advanced mode of transmission of intelligence to a few individuals who are growing rich at the expense of the public and reserve to ourselves the right to operate the mails which is done at a loss.

"We do not see that it would stifle individual energy for the government to own a telegraphic system, for all companies would be permitted to do business, but, of course, would have to meet competition.

"The socialistic cry is one form of opposition that is not entitled to serious consideration. People who fear progress have and will always exist.

"That Thomas Jefferson opposed paternalism does not seem any reason why the necessities of the day should not be supplied, admitting for the sake of argument that this would be paternalism. He certainly did not oppose, if he did not favor, the government owning the mail lines, and it is an unwarranted assumption to say that he would oppose the transmission of intelligence by the government in a more expeditious mode.

"We believe the fundamental principle of Democracy to be that the people shall govern, and if the people declare that the government should own the telegraphic system it would be Democratic."—Lake Charles (La.) Press.

Teller's Objection.

In an interview with the Chicago Chronicle last week Senator Teller, in reference to postal savings banks, spoke as follows:

"It is my belief that the postal savings bank question is what each American should discuss, study and talk about. During the past year I have made a close study of this interesting question, and I cannot see what chance the poor man has in securing this great benefit. What if congress should pass a law tomorrow which would establish a government postal bank? What would the heads of the private savings banks do? What chance would the poor man have who has his all in these banks? It would only result in his losing all. It is my honest opinion, after careful study and searching for exact figures, that the savings banks of this country would not pay one-half of the deposits if congress should pass a postal savings bank law. The poor man would not leave his money in the hands of a state, national or private bank when he could put it in an institution run by the government."

In other words, the senator very truthfully assures us that the bank of today is a very uncertain institution. But the fact that bankers have made it a practice to loan and speculate with funds deposited with them for safe keeping to such an extent that very few could pay off their depositors upon demand, as the senator states, is no reason why this abuse should be continued. What the poor people want are postal savings banks where they can deposit their savings with the government and know that they will be safe. Let the bankers speculate and loan their own money. The poor have been robbed long enough.—Denver Road.

Bryan Must Broaden Out.

William J. Bryan is in the storm center of a great disturbance, but that storm center is going to move, and unless Mr. Bryan broadens out it will leave him high and dry. The silver question is not the only issue of importance which confronts the American people. It is not even the most important one. Free silver alone cannot accomplish anything more than give us a little more money. Before we agitate the financial question we must find work for the 1,000,000 and more men who are robbing and ruining our homes, tramping over the country and committing murder, in despair because they cannot get work to do.—Ex-Senator Peffer.

The Injunction Age.

The injunction business has reached an interesting stage. A federal judge sitting in Arkansas has commanded the state of Kansas to allow the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York to do business within its borders. The state superintendent of insurance of Kansas, acting under instructions from Governor Leedy, refuses to obey the decree of the foreign judge. So "bleeding Kansas" is once more bucking the United States government's court's decision, and there are those who are wondering whether the developments of long ago will be repeated.—Cleveland Citizen.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE STORY TELLER

TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE.

Oh, many a vision I've cherished,
To brighten the days of my life,
Of a home amid roses embowered,
Of some one to greet me as wife,
But to have such a home as you offer,
To have such a lover as you,
With a heart so devoted and tender,
Seems almost too good to be true.

I remember the times in my girlhood
I felt it my pride and my joy
To have your attendance at parties,
For you were the favorite boy,
And though there were handsomer maidens,
And others much richer than I,
There was none of the group so heart-broken,
When you left without saying goodby.

I heard of you then in the city,
And knew you were making a name,
Each day by the efforts of genius
Securing a permanent fame,
And I fancied you must have forgotten
The poor little girl you once knew,
And to have you come back as a suitor
Seems almost too good to be true.

I hoped to have cards to your wedding,
To the church and reception beside,
Where I might with tearful emotion
Congratulate you—not the bride,
But to stand by your side at the altar
To be solemnly married to you—
It seems, when I think it all over,
As if 'twere too good to be true.
—Josephine Pollard in New York Ledger.

AN AWKWARD FIX.

"Do you think two girls ought to be born so exactly alike?" said Charlie Dacre, ruefully twisting up a cigarette.

The other man laughed.

"Are you talking of those two Dennison girls? They're not exactly alike."

"It's all very well for you, but I haven't your long sight, and I declare to you if I see either of them at a little distance or in a bad light I can't tell which is which. I am going to a party tonight given by the respected parents of my Dennison, and I positively dread it."

"Perhaps they play tricks on you," said Ballantyne. "One of them is rather skittish."

Charlie got himself up that night with extraordinary care, and as he was a good looking fellow he presented a rather striking appearance as he entered Mrs. Dennison's drawing rooms. He had been detained, so that most of the guests had arrived when he came, and his inamorata was nowhere to be seen. But shortly after he had paid his respects to the host and hostess the daughter of the house, prettily dressed in white and blue, came up. Dacre begged for a dance—two dances.

"I'm so sorry," said she, "but I've nothing vacant till the lancers. You're a little late, Mr. Dacre, you see," with a slight accent of reproach as she gave him her card. Charlie apologized in the humblest terms, and the girl bestowed a smile on him as she was led away.

Dacre went to seek her in good time for his lancers. She sat on an ottoman in a distant part of the room, where the drooping folds of a curtain formed a shade from the glare of the lights. The blue and white of her filmy gown stood out against the dark background. Dacre hastened across the room to her.

"Miss Dennison—my dance," he said eagerly. "May I?"

She turned her pretty face and arched her eyebrows in surprise.

"Yes," said Charlie, "the lancers—you promised—oh, I beg your pardon. You're your cousin—I mean, the other Miss Dennison—and, of course, I haven't seen you before."

Then, recovering from his confusion before the young lady could speak, he added:

"I hope I'm not too late to get a dance, Miss Dennison?"

Having secured this, he sought the other Isabel.

"Why in the fiend's name do they dress alike?" he muttered in nervous fear of another mistake. He might be continually coming across the one he didn't want, like a recurring decimal. Several times he bore down on a fair girl in blue and white, but turned away, deciding that he had only come on an Isabel in another place. The lancers had begun. It was in full swing before he came suddenly on a sofa where sat the Isabel.

"Miss Dennison," he stammered, "I'm so sorry"—

"Pray don't apologize," said she coldly. "I assure you the delay is not of the slightest moment."

"Indeed, it was quite unintentional," said the unfortunate Charlie in despair. "I have been looking for you"—

"I have been sitting here the last ten minutes, and you passed me just now."

"I saw a blue and white dress," acknowledged Charlie, "but some people came between it and me. Won't you forgive me and dance this? It isn't too late."

"I think my mother wants me," said Isabel, rising with dignity.

"May I take you to her?"

"No, thank you."

Charlie only got pardoned when everybody was going. He was mad with himself, but could not bring himself to acknowledge the real reason of his apparent neglect. He was sensitive about these constant mistakes. They went on happening, of course, the one Isabel laughing at him, which he dreaded, the other turning haughty and offended. He offered some flowers to a Dennison girl one day and she said demurely, "Are you sure they were meant for me?"

"Whom else could they be meant for?" said Charlie sentimentally.

"My cousin, perhaps—she's over there," said the girl merrily. Dacre flushed in unutterable confusion and took back the flowers, scarcely knowing what he did. And when he turned away he met the scornful eyes of a girl who must be the Isabel he wanted because the girl he had left wasn't she. It was quite impossible to present the flowers, and he made a crestfallen escape as soon as he could.

"Hang it, I'll end all this!" he said angrily one day. "But I shall have to be careful, if I am happily successful, that I marry the right girl. It would be awfully awkward if I didn't."

His opportunity seemed thrown into his hands, for he was invited to spend a week at a country house where the Isabel was also going with her mother. He sat next her at dinner, and to his great delight saw no other Isabel.

"We shall be a larger party tomorrow," said the young lady. "My cousins are coming."

"The—the Dennisons?" Charlie almost gasped.

"Not all of them—only Isabel and Lucy."

This was comforting. And both Isabels had such an odious habit of dressing in the same colors! Why didn't they wear different colored ribbons, like French twins?

He got along fairly well, with great care and caution. One evening he saw Isabel Dennison entering the library. He knew it was his one because she had on a gray dress, whereas her cousin had worn a green one during the day. It was too dark to see her features. He followed her into the room.

"The nicest time for a chat," he said, and she made a movement as if to leave the room, flitting toward a further door.

"Yes, but I'm afraid I can't stay," she said. "I only came to fetch something I left here."

"Well—but don't go—stay a minute," said Dacre entreatingly. He had no doubt at all about his accuracy as to identity. Her desire to escape from him was a sure proof, let alone others, for it was precisely the desire she had shown in the last few days, and which he took as a favorable sign. "Miss Dennison—Isabel—am I mistaken in thinking—in hoping—you know—you surely must know that I love you!"

The girl had stood still for a second, while Charlie rushed on with his declaration, but she interrupted him hastily:

"Indeed, Mr. Dacre, I'm afraid"—

"Don't say that," said Charlie, going nearer. "All those weeks in town—down here, when we have been thrown so much together—I surely have not misunderstood?"

A stifled sound came from the dim figure before him, whether laugh or what he could not tell, but he suddenly started back, and in so doing came face to face with another Isabel in a gray dress.

If the earth had opened and swallowed him, Charlie would have been thankful. This was the crowning disaster. Neither Isabel stirred. Which, in heaven's name, was which? To whom had he proposed? How should he ever know he had got the right Isabel?

He recognized after the first wild movement that he must save the situation. He approached the newcomer, who eyed him disdainfully.

"Miss Dennison—Isabel," he began.

"Which Miss Dennison do you intend to address, Mr. Dacre?" she demanded stiffly.

"How the deuce should I know? It is nearly dark, and you both evade me."

"You had better pursue your conversation with the lady you seem to recognize best, and I will retire."

The other Isabel sprang forward.

"Don't be a goose, cousin," said she, half laughing, "and you, Mr. Dacre, wait a minute. You know very well, Isabel, it's all a mistake, and I'd have interrupted Mr. Dacre before only he was so impetuous I had no time. He didn't mean me at all"—

"Mr. Dacre doesn't seem to know whom he means," said the offended Isabel.

"I know very well when I can see them," murmured Charlie, nearly crushed. "Here goes for a light."

But when a blaze of light illumined the room only one Isabel remained. Dacre took her hand.

"You are the one," he said.

"Are you quite sure?" she asked archly.

"Ah, that's cruel! Of course I am. What will you say to me, Isabel—forgive me and"—

"Love you," whispered Isabel.

* * * * * * *

"I hope it's the right one," said Ballantyne when the marriage ceremony was over, "but upon my word he was almost taking the bridesmaid's hand instead of the bride's."—London Star.

How He Became a Cynic.

Some lovable traits of character in Prosper Merimee, the famous French novelist, who has left to posterity the reputation of a misanthrope and a cynic, are revealed in the pages of Augustus Filon's "Merimee and His Friends."

M. Filon tells us how this celebrated author devoted 100 louis of his salary as senator toward pensioning an old prefect of Louis Philippe who had been ruined by the revolution of 1848, and how for 20 years he assisted and protected a humble sculptor in whom he had become interested.

M. Filon relates an incident of Merimee's childhood that shows how susceptible his nature was to strong impressions, and how responsible older people, and particularly parents, are for the development of certain traits in children.

When the future novelist was 5 years of age, he was once punished by his mother for some naughtiness of which he was guilty. Mme. Merimee, who was an artist, and who was at the time engaged at her easel, put the culprit out of the room and closed the door upon him.

The little Prosper, already penitent, anxiously besought forgiveness through the closed door, expressing great contrition and promising good behavior, but the door remained inexorably shut. Finally, after much effort, he opened it and dragged himself upon his knees toward his mother. His piteous supplications and his pathetic attitude so amused Mme. Merimee that she began to laugh.

Instantly rising from his lowly posture he exclaimed indignantly, "Since you mock me I will never ask pardon again." He kept his word. Thus was sown the seed of a certain cynical philosophy that tainted his after life.

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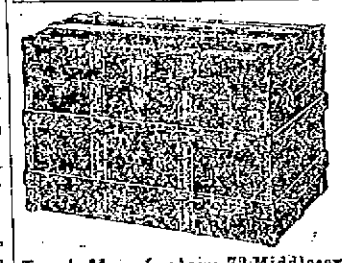

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COAL STRIKE NEARING END

Now a Prospect of Settlement in the Pittsburg District.

A Spirit of Compromise Shown—Suspicions of West Virginia are Aroused.

Wheeling, Sept. 2.—The news that a settlement of the strike of the coal miners in the Pittsburg district is near at hand has thrown a damper upon the leaders in West Virginia for it, in part at least, bears out the prophesy made by the operators to their men before the strike became effective in this state, that as soon as the Ohio and Pennsylvania miners got ready to settle, they would do so without consulting the West Virginia miners who came out purely through sympathy and with no formulated demand for better conditions. However, they will wait for positive information before taking action.

ALL AT SEA.

Pittsburg District Miners and Operators and the Strike Settlement.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—The striking coal miners and operators in Pittsburg are all at sea over the reported probable settlement of the strike. While both sides unite in the hope that the great struggle will soon be over, they all profess ignorance of the negotiations now said to be in progress with that end in view.

Cameron Miller, ex-vice president of the United Mine Workers of America, received a telegram from President Ratchford yesterday denying the statement that he had made a proposition to the operators, and saying that he had received an offer that he would submit to the executive board. This proposition comes from Thomas E. Young, who represents the M. A. Hanna interests.

The leading lake shippers who are in Pittsburg emphatically deny that Mr. Young is on the executive committee of their organization, or that he has any authority to represent them. The offer of 64 cents, they say, is higher than they are willing to make, but if it will bring about a settlement it would likely be accepted. Some of them said the proposition represented to have been made by President Ratchford to start the mines at 69 cents, 5 cents of which was to be retained until a decision had been given by the board of arbitration, would be satisfactory. They were inclined to believe that a settlement of some kind would be made within a few days. They will still contend, however, that if an agreement be reached at the miners' terms, the benefit will be only temporary, and the rate will go down as soon as lake navigation closes.

AN ULTIMATUM.

Big Company's Officials Refuse to Make but a Slight Concession.

Hazelton, Pa., Sept. 2.—The strike situation at Audenried last night indicated a prolonged struggle. Acting President Warren and Manager Lawall of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company in the afternoon handed to Alexander McMullen, chairman of the strikers' committee, their ultimatum. There is nothing encouraging in it, and it is a big surprise, as well as a disappointment, to those who have been acting as mediators. The company declines to make any concession, excepting to advance laborers from 90 cents to $1 per day. They decline to discuss the company store question or to consider the removal of Superintendent Jones.

The letter was explained to the men at a mass meeting and the greatest excitement followed. On the vote to accept the proposition to go to work on the basis offered the result was unanimously in favor of continuing the strike indefinitely.

The Van Wickle officials were more successful at Milnesville. The men there decided to accept the terms, which grant them an advance in wages to equal the average of the region. It is an immediate concession. The Colraine workmen of the same company declined to accept. Whether the latter will prevent the Milnesville men from working remains to be seen. Altogether the situation is serious.

SIXTY-FIVE CENTS A TON.

Columbus, Sept. 2.—President Ratchford of the United Mine Workers returned from St. Louis yesterday, and several members of the national executive board are also here to attend the postponed meeting. The board will consider a proposition from the Pittsburg operators, miners to return to work at 64 cents a ton pending arbitration of differences. President Ratchford has extended an invitation to the operators to have representatives present and explain their position fully. None of the operators had arrived during the evening, and none of the resident Ohio operators had been advised of their intentions. President Ratchford refuses to talk on the probable outcome of the national board meeting until more is known of the proposition of the Pittsburg operators. The miners' officials are not disposed to regard favorably any proposition for an agreement for the remainder of the present year only. If any agreement is made they desire that it shall be for a full year.

ENTERS PROTEST

Judge Putnam Against Behring Sea Commission.

RESENTS THE IMPUTATION OF BAD FAITH

Against England and United States.

Halifax, Sept. 2.—The Behring sea commission continues its work from day to day, and although the addresses of counsel are necessarily uninteresting to the general public, yet a goodly number attend every session and follow the arguments of the speakers with apparent enjoyment. The usual business of the proceedings was slightly varied yesterday when Mr. Belque, who was addressing the commission, referred to a lack of good faith on the part of the United States in seizing sealing vessels. He regretted that in further discussing the subject he might have occasion to use words which would appear harsh and offensive, but he wished his words to be known in the strictly legal sense, and as applicable to officers of the United States for the time being and not to the United States themselves. The United States officers had acted contrary to the rulings of the secretaries of state, and the claims were not presented in good faith.

Judge Putnam—I can't sit here and hear that either Great Britain or the United States has not acted in good faith, especially to hear any argument touching the good faith of the United States. The convention does not permit that question to be raised at all.

Mr. Dickinson—As the matter has been referred to in the brief, I would prefer that it be discussed here.

Mr. Belque—I am referring strictly to the acts of the officers of the government and not to the government. I shall have occasion to refer to the argument of Mr. Carter before the Paris tribunal, when he said that he would not defend the seizures, and my only purpose is to show that it is a case where aggravated damages should be granted.

Mr. Belque, continuing, said that he did not desire to be offensive to the United States, and he merely wished to refer to the facts as they occurred to support the claim for aggravated damages.

Judge Putnam said he took no exception to any statement of law offered, or to any question raised by the record as to those acts, but he could not sit and listen to comments on the graciousness or ungraciousness of the United States.

Mr. Belque made an elaborate argument to establish Great Britain's right to claim for loss of prospective catch.

LEUTGERT'S TRIAL

Two Witnesses Were on the Stand.

FRANK BIALK'S TESTIMONY REMAINS UNSHAKEN

More Damaging Evidence by Another Employe.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—But two witnesses were on the stand in the Luetgert trial yesterday and when the court adjourned the evidence of one of them was not completed and will be resumed today. Frank Bialk, the watchman of the factory, who was on the stand Tuesday giving his direct evidence, was turned over to the defense for cross-examination. His testimony was in the main unshaken, although the defense drew from him the fact that it was by no means an unusual thing for Luetgert to be around the factory at all hours of the night. The other witness was Frank Odorofsky, an employe of the factory, who placed the caustic potash in the vat on the order of Luetgert. He had been working around the vats for a long time, but that night was the first time that he had ever seen any caustic potash in the factory. He testified to finding in the morning near the vat into which he had put the potash on the night before a mass of slimy brown matter in which he found pieces of bone and pieces of a substance which he took to be flesh. Luetgert told him to take the stuff away and throw it around the yard, but instead of doing this he dumped it all in one place and afterwards showed the police where he had put it.

IRISH CUBAN HERO

To be Set at Liberty Next Week.

CAPT. MURPHY RENDERING GREAT SERVICE TO CUBA

As Filibuster and General Purveyor.

Boston, Sept. 2.—A passenger on the steamer Barnstable, from Jamaica, states that Captain Murphy, who was convicted and sentenced to 30 days in prison at Kingston for non-compliance with the customs regulations while captain of the filibustering steamer Laurada, will be liberated on Sept. 6. Captain Murphy is treated well by the prison officials, and is permitted to receive visitors and also delicacies from the outside.

This passenger, however, states that the crew of the steamer were outrageously treated by Collector French of the port of Kingston. The crew were without the necessaries of life, and before they were sent to the United States some two weeks ago they were obliged to obtain assistance from outside parties.

Of the fine of $500 which was imposed on Captain Murphy, and which owing to his failure to pay he was sent to jail, one-third of the amount was to go to Collector French. It was principally on this account that Captain Murphy decided to serve his sentence rather than pay the fine.

There was a rumor afloat in Jamaica that immediately upon Captain Murphy's release from prison he would be rearrested on another charge in connection with the steamer Bermuda, which is now held by the authorities at Kingston. An effort will be made, however, to get Captain Murphy from the island before action can be taken.

The steamer Bermuda was to have been sold at auction by the government some two weeks ago, but before the sale could be arranged parties in New York and also in Halifax put in a claim as owners of the vessel, and the sale was deferred pending the arrival of their agents at Kingston.

BICMARCK'S SUCCESSOR.

London, Sept. 2.—The Daily Mail's Berlin correspondent says it is stated that it has been practically settled that Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor, will retire in October. The Berlin correspondents of The Daily Telegraph and The Post both declare that the reports of the removal of the chancellor are unfounded. They say, however, that it is generally believed that Baron Von Buelow will be definitely appointed to the post of minister of foreign affairs in October.

GOLF MATCH PLAYED.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Sept. 2.—The final match in the open golf tournament took place on the links here yesterday afternoon when Phillip S. P. Randolph, president of the Point Judith Country club, played J. G. Hazard for the handicap cup. Mr. Randolph's handicap was 16 and Mr. Hazard's 30. After excellent playing, Mr. Hazard won, 105 to 113, winning the cup. Mr. Randolph and Mr. Hazard were tied for the cup in Monday's game, each scoring 80.

TAX COLLECTOR ROBBED.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The safe of the tax collector of the District of Columbia was robbed Tuesday night of all its contents, amounting to about $9000 received during the day for taxes. The police believe that Varrick Hawkins, the negro messenger of the tax collector, learned the combination and robbed the safe after office hours. He failed to report for duty yesterday, and it is said he has been living beyond his means for some time.

WINNERS ON A PLAYOUT.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 2.—The winners in the playout at the New England Veteran Firemen's league muster on Hampden park yesterday were the Baw Beese of South Gardner, who took the first prize of $200 in gold; the White Angels of Salem, second prize, $150, and the Nonantums of West Newton third prize, $150.

FEARS FOR TRAVELERS.

Arolla, Switzerland, Sept. 2.—A terrible accident to a party of Alpine tourists has occurred at Lasalle, near Mount Pleuer, by which four travelers, whose nationality is unknown, are feared to have been killed.

TWELVE LIVES IN PERIL.

White Hall, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The boiler of the yacht Winona, owned by Del Halloway of Lansingburgh, burst on Lake Champlain. There was a party of 12 persons on board. J. C. Debaun and wife, Miss Libbie C. Sullivan, Mr. Halloway and Herbert Brewster were severely burned, Mr. Halloway being hurled over 40 feet into the lake. Through the heroic efforts of Mr. Brewster the party were kept safe until help reached them. They were taken to the hotel at Fort Ticonderoga, where medical aid was rendered.

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FILIBUSTERING FOR CUBA

Spain's Legal Adviser on Attitude of United States.

He Says the Laws are Sufficient for all International Purposes—Wants Law Enforced.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The report of Attorney Calderson Carlisle of this city, the legal adviser of the Spanish government in this city, to Senor Dupuy de Lôme, the Spanish minister, on the subject of the Cuban question in this country, with particular reference to filibustering expeditions, is made public. It is an exhaustive document of over 600 printed pages, and abounds in copious extracts from judicial opinions and documents of various kinds bearing upon the relations of the United States with Spain as regards the Cuban insurrection. Special reference is made to the laws of the United States and proceedings thereunder to prevent expeditions against the lawful government of Spain in Cuba leaving the United States.

This is the second report on this line by Mr. Carlisle, the former one having reviewed the attitude of this government towards all nations on the subject of neutrality. The present report deals particularly with the municipal laws of the United States and their construction by the courts as furnishing the means at the command of the government to fulfill what is termed the international duty of the United States "admitted in principle at least by the proclamations of the president." It says that while the practical results of the supreme court decision in the The Three Friends case have not been as immediate as might well have been expected, it has a far-reaching importance.

In summing up the conclusions of the investigation which Mr. Carlisle has been engaged in, the report says: "A continued study of the neutrality laws of the United States and their application to the existing emergency convinces the undersigned that in spite of the various failures of justice which have occurred the laws are sufficient in themselves to enable the United States to come up to the full measure of international duty which they required of Great Britain. To accomplish this it is not necessary that the executive should attempt any interference with the judiciary, but only that the executive should, by its own example in preventing and prosecuting violations of the law, impress both the courts and juries of the country with the gravity of the matter in hand.

"As to criminal proceedings against persons, while many prosecutions have failed, yet the convictions, by juries of our citizens, in the cases of Wilbork, Luis and Hart, demonstrate that under proper, efficient and vigorous prosecution of the law there is no public sentiment sufficiently strong deliberately to encourage its violation or defeat its enforcement, and that the people can be depended upon to respond to every earnest demand of the government for the enforcement of all its laws.

"As to proceedings against vessels and arms and munitions procured for the equipment thereof, the government has, by law, the right to seize and detain them to prevent violations of the statutes, and, in addition, by proceedings in admiralty against the things themselves tried before the court and without a jury, to effect their condemnation as forfeited.

"'Our government,' says Attorney General Harmon in his opinion, 'possesses all the attributes of sovereignty with respect to the present subject, and has for their exercise the appropriate agencies which are recognized among civilized nations, but our constitution forbids the arbitrary exercise of power when the liberty or prosperity of individual citizens is involved. No exercise of arbitrary power is suggested or required, but the vigilant and vigorous exercise of the exceptional powers which are given by our own laws may be rightly expected, when it is remembered that these laws are passed to enable us to fulfill a duty under the law of nations, the violation of which duty, through the permitted acts of lawless citizens or inhabitants, may entail vast and distressing consequences.'"

The evidence here submitted leads to the following conclusions:

First, that the United States owes to Spain all the international duties which one friendly nation owes to another in time of peace and can owe no international duty to the insurgents.

Second, that by admitting officially and proclaiming to its citizens and inhabitants knowledge of the insurrection in Cuba, the United States admits knowledge of a fact which increases its duty of vigilance in detecting, and diligence in preventing the beginning or setting on foot, or providing or preparing the means for, military expeditions or enterprises by its citizens or inhabitants within its territory against Spanish territory.

Third, that as to mere commerce, Spain can, under present conditions, claim no right under the law of nations to interfere with it outside her own borders; which fact, however, does not lessen, but increases, the obligation of the United States to prevent military expeditions and enterprises against Spain from being begun or set on foot, or the means for such being prepared and provided within the territory of the United States by the organized and authorized agents of the insurgents under the false and fraudulent pretense of mere peaceful and lawful commerce.

Fourth, that even admitting that in the present state of the law citizens of the United States may sell arms and munitions of war to anybody wishing to buy them and able to pay for them, and within the United States may thus obtain large quantities of arms and munitions of war to aid the insurrection, the commercial transaction must end here, because it is impossible, in fact and in law, by mere commerce for the insurgents' emissaries in the United States to get these arms and munitions to the insurgents in the field for whom they are purchased; but in order to accomplish this, or to attempt to accomplish this, a military expedition or enterprise must be begun or set on foot, or the means must be prepared and provided by the insurgents, or their agents within the territory of the United States.

Fifth, that the municipal laws which in themselves or by reason of the method of their administration by municipal, judicial or executive officers, permit the repeated consummation of hostile enterprises against a friendly nation can furnish no justification or extenuation for any international wrong or damage as against such friendly nation.

SOCIETY OUT IN FORCE.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 2.—Miss Edith Blight, daughter of Atherton Blight, and granddaughter of Richard Greenough the well known Boston sculptor, was married yesterday to William P. Thompson of New York. The ceremony took place in All Saints' church, which was crowded with summer residents, and was a most brilliant affair. The bride wore a gown of white satin, with a veil and orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids were the Misses Blight, Miss Gerry, Miss Hall and Miss Fair, while the ushers were Messrs. E. H. Bulkley, George Work, J. L. Stevens, L. R. Beekman, Andrew Sage and George Bachelor. The groom's brother, Louis S. Thompson, was the best man.

DECREASE IN IMMIGRATION.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The treasury department has prepared the figures showing the immigration for July. They show a total of 14,756, against 21,476 for the corresponding month last year. This decrease is considered rather remarkable in view of the stimulus in business conditions in the United States during the past few months, experience having demonstrated that the tide of immigration follows closely the opportunities which exist here for those seeking better conditions under which to make the struggle for life. During the past few years of depression immigration steadily decreased. Last year the total was less than the number which came in a single year from Germany alone.

CAMPFIRE OF VETERANS.

The Weirs, N. H., Sept. 2.—The campfire of the veterans in the grove last evening was largely attended. A pleasing feature of the meeting of the First New Hampshire cavalry association was the presentation of a gavel made of cyprus wood, bound in silver, to the organization from the First Rhode Island Cavalry association by E. D. Guild of Rhode Island. The wood was taken from a tree in front of the rifle pits at Kelly's Ford, where, on March 17, 1863, the First Rhode Island cavalry charged the river and drove the Confederates from their position.

AT CHARTER OAK PARK.

Hartford, Sept. 2.—Seven heats were trotted by the 2:30 horses at Charter Oak park yesterday without a decision being reached. After capturing the second and third heat, Georgianna looked like a sure winner. On account of a break in the next heat she dropped to last place, and two breaks in the fifth caused her to be shut out. Town Lady was doing the steadiest work in that class, though she got only one heat. There are many who look for her to win today.

STABBED A MAYOR.

Toulon, Sept. 2.—As the members of the municipal council were leaving the town hall last evening an attempt was made upon the life of Mayor Pastoureau by a Corsican, who approached the mayor and stabbed him in the groin, inflicting a dangerous wound. At last accounts Pastoureau was in a serious condition.

SULLIVAN MEANS BUSINESS.

Belfast, Me., Sept. 2.—The John L. Sullivan Comedy company began its season here last night amid considerable enthusiasm from a big house. Sullivan says he weighs 259 pounds and cannot train for another fight, but he means business in the Boston mayoralty fight.

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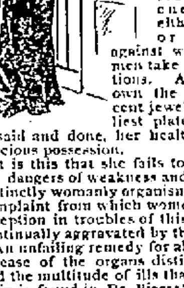

With the coming of night women are careful to bar the doors of their homes against the intrusion of robbers and assassins. There are more dangerous enemies than either the burglar or murderer against which few women take proper precautions. A woman may own the most magnificent jewels and the costliest plate, but after all is said and done, her health is her most precious possession.

It is this that she fails to guard against the dangers of weakness and disease of the distinctly womanly organism. Nearly every complaint from which women suffer has its inception in troubles of this nature, and is continually aggravated by them.

An unfailing remedy for all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine, and the multitude of ills that follow in this train is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on these organs and makes them strong and healthy. It prepares for happy, healthy wifehood and capable, almost painless motherhood. Over 90,000 women have testified to its wonderful merits. No honest druggist will offer something else as "just as good."

"While I was living at Eagle Rock, Botetourt Co., Va.," writes Mrs. G. A. Connor, of Alleghany Spring, Montgomery Co., Va., "a lady friend came to me and said: 'My daughter, aged 15 years, has repeated hemorrhages at the nose, and she has never the necessary indispositions of womanhood.' I advised her to get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The lady purchased one bottle and it cured her daughter. She was well and happy when I left there."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is a physician that is always in the house, ready to give advice and assistance any moment, day or night. It contains 1,008 pages, 300 illustrations and several chapters devoted to the reproductive physiology of women. Over a million women own and value it. A new edition is just out and for a limited time copies will be given away absolutely FREE. If you want a copy in a heavy manilla cover, send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If you prefer a fine cloth binding, send 10 cents extra, 31 cents in all.

Are You Bilious? THEN USE "Best Liver Pill Made."

Parsons' Pills

Positively cure biliousness and sick headache, liver and bowel complaints. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find relief from using them. Price 25 cts.; five $1.00. Pamphlet free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

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Originated in 1810, by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its great power. It is safe, soothing, satisfying; so say sick, sensitive sufferers. Internal and External. It cures every form of inflammation. Pleasant to take dropped on sugar. Cures colds, croup, coughs, cramps, burns, bruises, all soreness.

We have used your Anodyne Liniment in our family for years, and it is about the only medicine we do use, and we use this for almost everything. I have used it as an external application with astonishing results. HIRAM ORLIN, Bangor, Me.

Our Book on INFLAMMATION Mailed free. The doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 35 cents. Six bottles, $2.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE KLONDIKE OF CALIFORNIA.

Wonderful Gold Discoveries In Trinity County.

Many Rich Pockets and Giant Nuggets Found on the Pacific Coast.

IN YEARS to come generations now living will sing of the days of ninety-seven even as the gray bearded pioneers of today sing of the golden days of forty-nine. Trinity county, Cal., is the newest and richest El Dorado of them all. Fabulous reports of riches found there are attracting hundreds and thousands of fortune hunters.

There are nuggets of gold in Trinity county that are fortunes in themselves. There are golden bowlders near the head of the Salmon river on the divide between the Trinity and Siskiyou mountain ranges. The excitement caused by the finds has almost dwarfed interest in the Klondike region, and scores of searchers for virgin wealth who were unable to secure the coveted passage to Alaska this season have turned their steps in the direction of the new El Dorado. Before snow begins to fly in October the now thinly populated country where the new fields have been made will be overrun with prospectors.

The town of Redding, in Shasta county, which adjoins the county of Trinity, is already filled to overflowing with prospectors and inexperienced gold seekers. The Redding storekeepers are coining money by supplying tools and outfits. Old time miners have had the youthful fires of enthusiasm rekindled within them, and the number of them starting out for the new fields is increasing daily. They are bent on securing a metal which the government mint pronounces worth $18.67 an ounce, or about $3 more an ounce than the gold of the Klondike. Every day there are reports of fresh and more astounding finds.

The excitement began in earnest one day recently when Richard Graves entered Redding with a golden nugget worth $12,000 reposing under the seat of his buckboard. His arrival clinched the stories that had preceded him and which were previously believed to be largely imaginary, the outgrowth of the excitement that had been caused by the discoveries away up in Alaska. Now there are no doubters in the California foothills, and there is an exodus from all the old mining camps toward the new fields in Trinity county.

The new El Dorado is located a bit more than 300 miles from San Francisco, and is comparatively easy of access the greater portion of the year. There are no frozen mountain passes to follow, as in the land between the Alaskan coast and the Klondike, where hundreds of persons are now blockaded. There is small danger of starvation on account of no provisions within hundreds of miles, and altogether the allurements of Trinity county far outnumber those of Alaska.

Coffee creek is the stream along which the recent big strikes have been made. It is about 30 miles in length, emptying into the Trinity river, from the old channels of which so much gold was taken in the early days. Nearly its entire course is through a gravel bed. The gold in the gravel beds is found near bedrock, the richest gravel being below the bed of the creek, so that it is easy for the miners to raise the gravel to their sluice boxes.

The mining machinery seen on every hand is of the most primitive character, and the miners operating it are for the most part men who started with no capital except that which nature gave to them. All, however, report wonderful success.

The rich finds in Trinity county are the fulfillment of the prophecies made by the geologists and mineralogists. These scientific men long ago claimed that some day discoveries would be made there which would amaze the world. It seems that the world is about to be amazed. It is being developed that the scientists were right when they said the fountain head of the riches that were taken from Trinity river and its tributaries years ago was located at Coffee creek and in the divide between the Trinity and Siskiyou ranges.

Nuggets worth from $40 to $50 each are common products of the new diggings along Coffee creek and the tributary creeks and gulches. Packers' gulch, the first gulch flowing into Coffee creek, is producing a large amount of coarse gold. Adams creek, two miles below, offers a rich prospect, but has not yet been worked to any extent. Hickory creek, still farther down, and all the confluent streams are, according to all indications, literally lined with the precious yellow sand and nuggets.

Confirmation of the reports of marvelous finds is given by G. L. Campbell, an experienced miner sent to learn the facts. He thus writes from Trinity Center, near Coffee creek:

"Although some of the stories that have reached the outside world have been somewhat exaggerated in passing through many hands, the truth is good enough and is in itself a full explanation of the absence of the Alaska fever from Trinity and surrounding counties.

"In the first place, there is hardly an instance of absolutely unrewarded effort in this part of the state. The properly directed efforts of the miner have paid him at least excellent wages and in a great many cases provided him in a few years with a life competency. Since the Graves brothers struck their $12,000 nugget there has been another strike about 20 miles away, on Hickory gulch, where the discoverers are said to be on a streak of dirt that goes $100 to the pan.

"The big nugget was taken from a ledge several hundred feet up on the hillside which shows plenty of free gold. The nugget was found lying snugly against the foot wall, imbedded in manganese."

PROSPECTING FOR GOLD.

The claim of the Graves brothers, R. R. and J. B., the new gold kings, from which gold to the value of $100,000 was taken out in a little more than a week's time, comprises 96 acres. The brothers have refused princely offers to part with their claim. It is so rich that its owners are devoting themselves to getting out simply the nuggets that are secreted in pockets. When the pockets are exhausted, they have fortunes still untouched in the milling ore, which is now being piled in dumps to await its time.

The Graves nugget was before it was broken about the shape of a beaver's tail. It was 3 feet long, 16 to 18 inches wide at the wider part, 6 inches thick at the big end and an inch at the smaller.

"I am sorry I broke the nugget when I got the drill under it," said J. B. Graves recently, "for I wanted to get it out in the solid piece in which we found it. However, when it did break we got mad and broke the rest. The biggest piece we have now is worth about $10,000. The gold has been minting $17.60 and $17.67 an ounce.

"We were two greenhorns when we commenced. We had never mined and didn't know anything about it. Our recent discovery was by an open cut 25 feet long. There is soft porphyry on the hanging wall, and there is green on the foot. The gold lay right on the foot, wall on the right hand side. We had to stope a little and get to the upper end of it.

"We got out at once 163 pounds avoirdupois, or about 200 troy, of gold, and there is more in the face of the mine yet. I estimate that there was from $12,000 to $13,000 in this compact mass.

"Besides all this there is another ledge 25 feet farther away that I am sure is just as rich. We have 96 acres in our claim. These Klondike mines are not as rich, from all I can learn, as the claims in Trinity county."

There is no lack of interest and romance in the story of the Coffee creek discoveries as compared with the struggles and success of Klondike fortune hunters unless it be that the heroes and heroines of Coffee creek went in without sealskin coats and with one or two days' "grub" and worked and toiled on American soil and in a climate such as "God's country" only can boast of.

The ups and downs of the Graves brothers, resulting in their sudden Monte-Christo-like jump from poverty to affluence, demonstrates that truth is stranger than fiction.

In 1889 the brothers, then residents of Tehama county, pulled up stakes and started for Trinity. The only available assets of the brothers was a small band of cattle, all but one of which they lost shortly after reaching Trinity county. They located on adjoining farms and found ranching in the hills an up hill business. R. B. Graves, the elder brother, married a Shasta county girl, and a few years thereafter the younger brother led a Trinity county girl to the altar as a poor man's wife.

Through thick and thin the brothers stuck together, and they found during the days of their adversity, when the wolf of hunger stalked ever and anon near their doors, that they had drawn prizes in the matrimonial lottery.

In 1890, discouraged almost to despair, the brothers sought to better their condition by wooing Dame Fortune by way of a quartz ledge. This investment cost them but a trifle, a location notice being the foundation and a hundred dollar annual assessment the yearly investment.

In 1895 they located the Blue Jay mine on Coffee creek and well nigh exhausted their meager supply in opening up the claim.

Six children were added to the household expenses of the elder brother, while J. B., the handsome but less strong younger brother, had a wife and one child to remind him that it cost more to keep three than it did to live alone.

An epoch in their lives occurred a few months after investing their all in the Blue Jay. A pocket out of which $600 was taken lifted the curtain of poverty temporarily from the door of the two families, and then it gave out as quickly as it came in. Despairing of getting any more out of the Blue Jay, they abandoned it and took up a placer claim lower down Coffee creek. After a few months' work they were offered $250 for their new claim, which they accepted more on account of their depleted treasury than from their lack of faith in mining.

With the $250 they paid their bills as far as possible and went back to the ranch.

On Aug. 2 of the present year the brothers held a consultation, and after their cabinet had met and discussed the situation the wives urged them to go back and try the Blue Jay once more.

R. R. Graves, the elder, who is a typical matter of fact husband and father, said to his younger brother, "John, I move that we take the women's advice for awhile anyhow." John said, "I'll go you." And back to the Blue Jay they went.

They found evidences of much prospecting on their claim. On Saturday, Aug. 7, they cleaned out the cut and 20 foot tunnel and found themselves back where they left off.

John said, "Bob, I'll take a pan out of this rotten seam and go down to the creek and wash it out."

He had gone but a few minutes when Bob, with two blows of his pick and within two inches of where they had quit work before, uncovered a pocket that almost made him think he was in Klondike.

"What did you do?" asked a friend as he watched his animated countenance as he told of the find.

"Do? Why I yelled like h—l and am hoarse yet. I gathered up a pan and rushed down to the creek, where John was, yelling like an Indian. In fact, we both yelled ourselves out. When I came in sight of John, he and Henry Carter, who was working for us, were bending over a $400 pan, and when I yelled, 'John, I've got enough for us all!' he smiled and said, 'I've got a gold color here myself.' There was $800 in the pan I brought out."

"How did you feel when you found you had struck it for sure?"

"I felt just as I did when the fellow who tied the knot for me and Mrs. Graves said, 'I pronounce you man and wife, so help me God, sit down.' You fellows who never were married to one of the best women on earth have no idea how it feels when you strike it."

Bob said: "I don't know how I did feel. I kinder felt all over in spots. We took a bucketful of the stuff home that night, arriving there about 8 o'clock. Maybe you think there wasn't a hot time in the Graves cabin that night," said Bob, and John nodded approvingly."

"The next day we took out the gold by the hatful. The largest piece was 3 feet long, about 9 inches wide and 4 inches thick and weighed within a few dollars of $10,000.

"We shipped about $23,000 and the next night started from home for Redding with nearly $22,000 in two sacks."

In response to a comprehensive inquiry, the question being, "In the event that a big rush is made to your county from the east or San Francisco, what are the chances to find unclaimed government land subject to location and mineral entry, and can persons get in and out in winter time, and, if so, can work be carried on during the winter, and what will it cost to get in, and which is the most direct route?" the brothers answered:

"There are lots of vacant claims. The climate is the best in the world the year round. It will cost from San Francisco by way of Redding, which is the only way in, and an excellent way, about $20. You don't have to bring in grub or fuel to keep you warm, as our merchants furnish the one, and God has a big supply of the other on every hillside in Trinity."

R. McLeod, a mining man of San Jose, and William Vollmers, a hotel man of Trinity Center, have visited the Graves brothers' property and, omitting the discovery of the great pocket which yielded $12,000, pronounce it one of the richest mines they have ever seen. Both of these men say that, from present indications, there is small doubt that in proportion to the size of the Yukon goldfields and the Coffee creek district the latter will prove by far the richer. The probable value of the ledge of the Coffee creek region is perhaps best demonstrated by the extensive placer diggings adjoining Trinity Center, where there is supposed to have been the original bed of the Trinity river. The most extensive is the Bloss and McClary mine, recently purchased from the owners, whose name it still bears, by J. Ellery and L. Reel, experienced miners. The property comprises 600 acres of patented land completely encircling Trinity Center, and the purchase price was $56,000. A recent clean up of the mine is reported to have yielded the present owners over $1,000 a day. Only 20 acres have been worked. The remainder is similar wash and more favorably located.

Trinity Center, occupying a central position in the gravel area, is virtually upon a foundation of gold bearing gravel running many thousand dollars per acre. The lack of capital to properly develop the property has heretofore been its greatest drawback, but the proceeds of the investment are being promptly used by the new owners in bettering the equipment of their property, and a long flume for hydraulic purposes will at once be built. A good head of water is now playing on the formation, but the facilities which can be easily acquired for a larger supply will soon be utilized for washing down the large banks. It is said that 5,000 inches of water can be secured from Swift creek throughout the summer season, having a fall or pressure of over 500 feet.

The old Tom Coyle mine, adjoining this property on the south, is a similar gravel property and is now owned by a rich syndicate of Chinese, who employ only coolies, and, although the water supply is poor, their mine nets its present owners $25,000 a year.

Mining experts who have visited the region pronounce it without doubt the richest section of country in the United States. The character of the country, the lay of the land and the general topography would indicate that mineral wealth and untold millions of gold have for ages lain beneath Trinity's surface, only waiting some such upheaval as is now taking place there.

For years past Trinity has been considered one of the richest gold producing counties in California, and capitalists and mining men of means have had their eyes turned in that direction for some time. The only drawbacks have been the base quality of the ore and the trouble and expense of getting the necessary machinery into the various camps with which to work the ore. Now that the exact value of the mining property in the county is known miners will be more encouraged in their work of developing and will be more willing to spend money in the pursuit of gold.

The Coffee creek excitement is reviving the mining interests throughout entire northern California or at least in that portion through which the great mineral belt is known to traverse. The delightful climate, the prolific mountain streams and the beautiful scenery have been obstacles more or less in the way of development work. Prospectors would fit themselves out with expensive outfits and enter the country with honest purposes and enthusiastic intentions to seek the hidden riches. They would strike camp in some favorable spot and become so infatuated with the fishing, the hunting, the climate and the country generally that all their mining enthusiasm would be lost in their eagerness for the wilder sports.

Thus it has been that numerous prospectors have gone and returned without having secured any favorable results and without giving to the outside world any idea of the richness of this new wonderful country.

For years past, however, miners and prospectors living in California have at various times taken out rich pockets of gold ranging from $50 to $5,000. These finds hardly ever were brought to the attention of the public for the reason that Trinity miners, as a rule, do not seek notoriety and rest content in sitting down, calmly smoking their pipes and congratulating themselves on the fact that right at their very cabin doors they have gold enough to last them throughout the course of their natural lives.

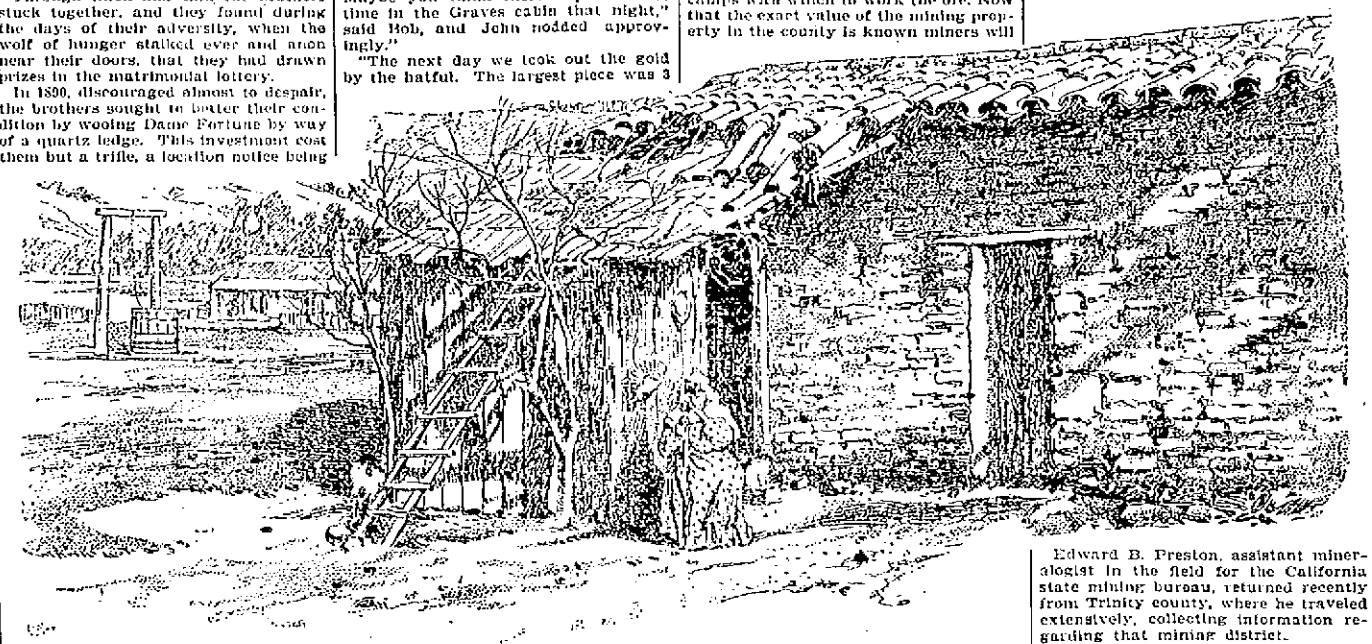
These resident miners are a sturdy lot. Straightforward and honest in their dealings, they have made for Trinity a reputation that is very seldom enjoyed by a mining camp. This reputation is one they are proud of and consists of the fact that, although it is a typical frontier region in many respects, it has thus far been free from the usual disturbing elements of a mining camp. No bloodshed, no bitter rivalry and no quarreling has been known in this county, and especially in the Coffee creek section have the miners been law abiding.

There are thousands of people flocking to the Coffee creek country. From early morning till late at night prospecting parties with pack mules, blankets, picks and shovels can be seen wending their way toward Trinity from the town of Redding, and with each incoming train and stage come more people eager to dig for gold and willing to encounter all kinds of hardships.

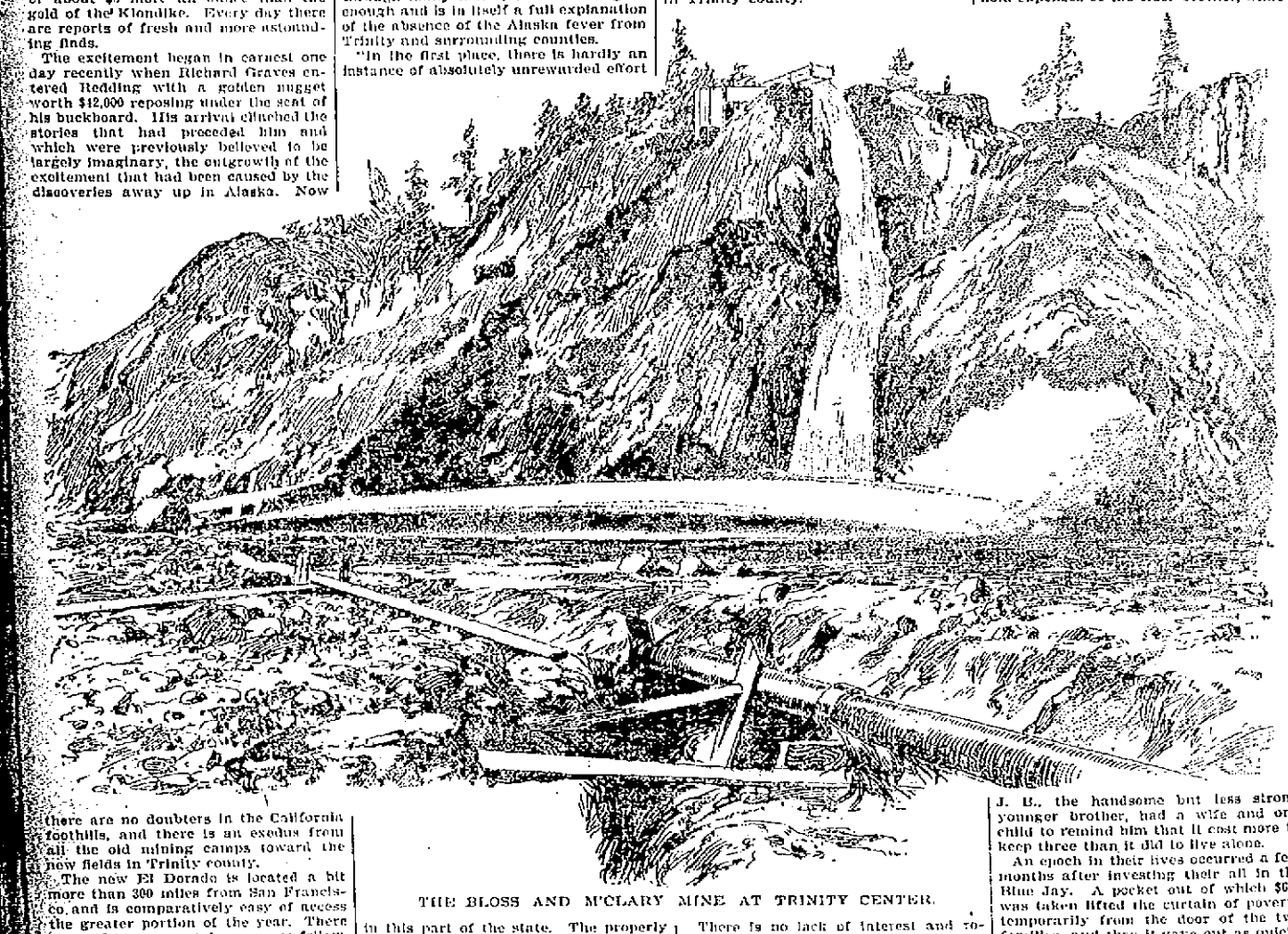
Edward B. Preston, assistant mineralogist in the field for the California state mining bureau, returned recently from Trinity county, where he traveled extensively, collecting information regarding that mining district.

"I went through Weaverville and the surrounding country," said he, "and I also took in Hall's City, a new mining camp that has sprung up, and investigated the headwaters of Stewart's creek. Last year I was at the head of Coffee creek. Then the mines there were mostly hydraulic. In fact, the whole of Coffee Creek canyon is placer ground. Desultory prospecting has been going on all over that country for some years, but nothing to amount to much. It is an extremely wild and rugged country, all rough and steep mountains covered with brush and timber.

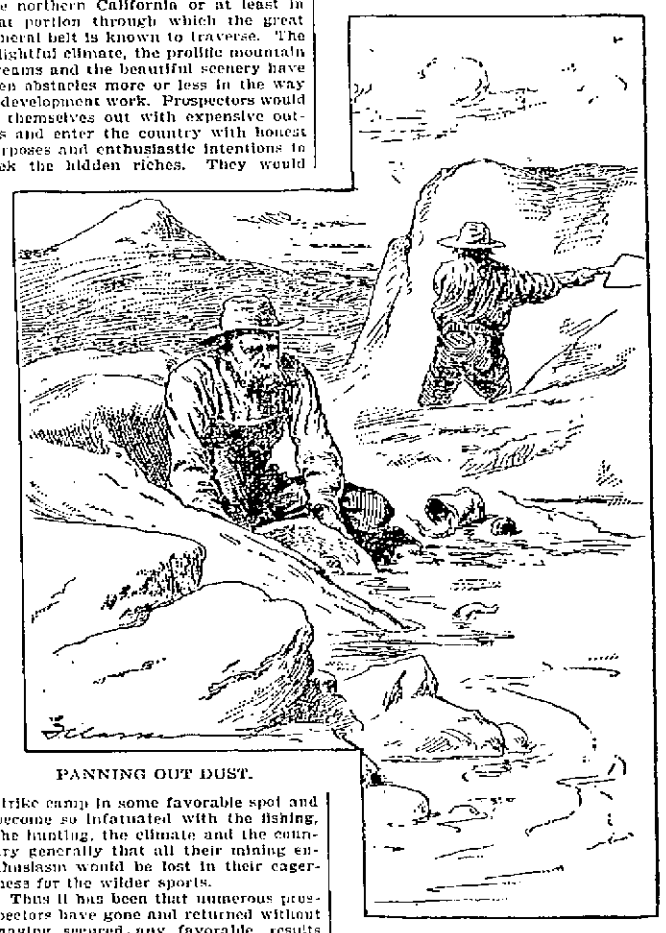
"The last report of the mining bureau contains a complete resume of the mines and geological aspects of this region. There are numerous mines in Trinity county, very many of them being operated by big companies on a large scale. The Trinity Gold Placer syndicate, limited, an English corporation, has bought up the headwaters of Coffee creek and opened hydraulic and drift mines. This property extends seven miles along the creek and embraces 4,000 acres of rich land at an elevation of about 5,000 feet. On the creek traces of glacial debris are found."



A SCENE ON COFFEE CREEK.

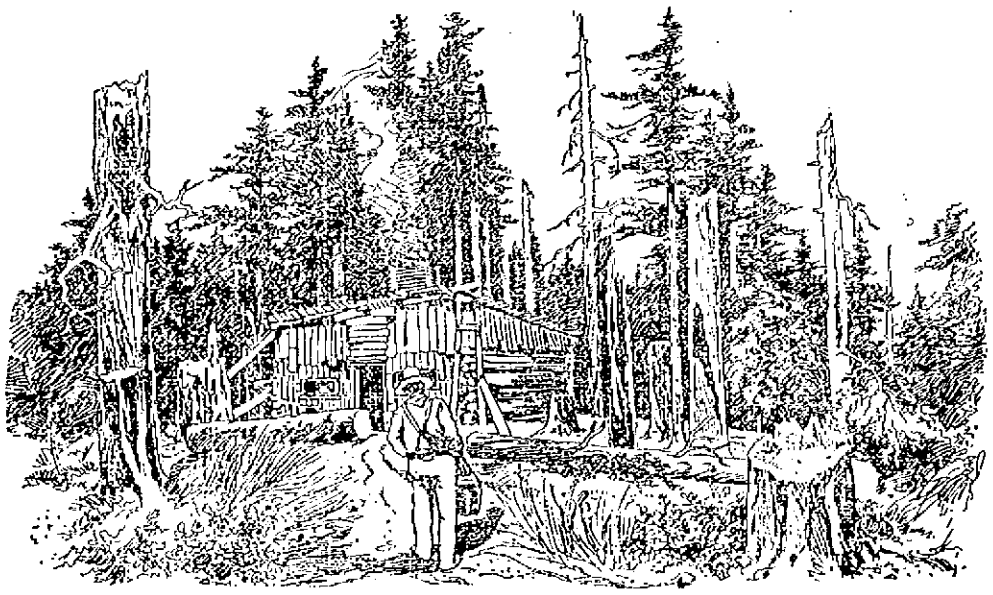


THE BLOSS AND M'CLARY MINE AT TRINITY CENTER.



PANNING OUT DUST.

AT WORK WITH THE ROCKER.



A MINER'S CABIN AT COFFEE CREEK.

CURRENT EVENTS

BONES IN PICTURES.

X RAYS DISCLOSE SKELETONS IN ORDINARY PHOTOGRAPHS.

Remarkable Discovery of a Baltimore Physician—Doctors May Now Diagnose Cases of Distant Patients—The Revelation Was Purely Accidental.

Dr. Robert Xavier Gioring, a well known young physicion of Baltimore, claims to have made a remarkable discovery by means of the Roentgen rays.

Dr. Gioring states that by means of the X ray he can develop any ordiinary photograph of a human being, showing plainly all the internal organs, and the bony structure of the body, of the original of the photograph. In other words, the doctor maintains that an ordinary photograph is not only a likeness of the outward appearance of the individual, but that it contains a reproduction of everything in the body, and that all that is necessary to make all visible to the naked eye is to put the photographs through a series of developments under the X ray. Dr. Gioring was busily engaged in experimenting in his office when questioned on the subject of his discovery. He said he was developing photographs of various persons with the object of reproducing their internal organs.

In speaking of his investigations he said:

"Of course I cannot disclose the process which I employ, but I do not mind relating how I made the discovery. Six months ago I was employed as a lecturer by the Edison company of New York to give illustrated lectures on the Roentgen rays. I went to most of the southern and middle states in my work and have been constantly engaged in experimenting with the X rays.

"About two weeks ago I was testing a new apparatus in my office and made an X ray photograph of my hand. I placed a plate on the table directly under my apparatus. It was necessary in order to produce a clear picture to place some article between my hand and the plate. For this purpose I generally used a piece of cardboard, but on this occasion I was unable to find it and instead picked up a photograph from a pile of pictures that lay on the table. While developing the photograph later on I was interrupted and went away from my office for several hours.

"When I returned, I proceeded with the development of the picture of my hand, and to my astonishment I found that across it was the picture of a man's body. It never occurred to me that I had reproduced the picture on the photograph which I had used in place of the piece of cardboard, and as my curiosity was thoroughly aroused I proceeded anxiously with the development of the picture. To my further astonishment I found that the picture of the form on my hand was being revealed perfectly naked. In the course of half an hour I had developed the strange picture sufficiently to see every rib in the body.

"I had not up to that time considered whose photograph I had used, but this was made clear to me when I noticed a bullet wound in the right arm. I saw at once that I had used one of my own pictures, and was astounded to find that the negative thus produced was my own body, absolutely naked. I made another negative from this, and the second negative showed all the outer tissues of the body. Continuing, I made a third negative, and this showed plainly the heart, lungs, liver and kidneys. In this negative was also plainly shown the bullet lodged in my right arm, where I had already seen the mark. More than this, even the small arteries were visible.

"When I had succeeded thus far, I concluded that I had made a great discovery by mere accident, a discovery which establishes a great fact hitherto unknown to scientific men—namely, that a photograph is a through and through likeness of the body of the individual, and that all that is needed to display every portion and organ of the body to the naked eye is to put the picture through a series of developments under a powerful light. It must be considered that the X ray is immeasurably stronger than any other light we know of. I have no doubt that the result of my experiment will lead others to make further investigations, which may lead to greater and more startling developments. The benefits of this discovery to the medical fraternity and to men of science generally can be readily appreciated. A man residing far from a physician can now send in his photograph, have it put through the course of development and when the last negative is reached, showing the internal organs, the physician can proceed to develop each organ separately and can finally ascertain whether they are diseased or not."—New York Journal.

Interesting Railroad Statistics.

Poor's Manual for the current year, the thirtieth annual number, has just been issued. In the preface are the usual tables of statistics of the operations of the railroads of the United States. They show that there was an increase of only 1,788 in the number of miles operated. Compared with the previous year the tons of freight moved increased 2.40 per cent, and the freight mileage 6 per cent. The number of passengers carried increased 1.01 per cent, and the passenger mileage 3.46 per cent.

The earnings from freight increased 2.58 per cent, from passengers 1.68 per cent, and miscellaneous earnings increased 2.52 per cent, making the increase in gross earnings 8.04 per cent. The net earnings increased 3.23 per cent. The earnings per ton per mile were 0.821 cent, against 0.899 cent, a decrease of 2.15 per cent. The share capital increased 3.7 per cent, and the funded debt decreased 3.17 per cent, these changes being the results of reorganizations.

TO BURY THE DEVIL.

Thousands of Negroes Assembled For That Pious Purpose.

Over 5,000 colored people in the vicinity of Mountville, S. C., quit work recently in answer to a call to assemble for the "burial of satan," who, they say, has just been convicted by a jury of 12 angels and sentenced to everlasting burial in that place.

These people have been holding a revival meeting in the town, and as a result of a collection they bought a bell to adorn their church. It was upon the first ringing of this bell that some of them said they detected the announcement that the burial of satan was at hand and that the ringing must be kept up continuously. The ringing has since been kept up, and the colored people have been thrown into a high pitch of fervor, in which they forget all things of earth and rave like lunatics.

Every day the number of the devotees is being added to from the surrounding country, and the result is that the cotton is standing unpicked in the fields while this wild demonstration is in progress. The attending colored ministers say they have attended the court of heaven in person, where God, the judge, after satan had been convicted by a jury of 12 representative angels, passed sentence on him, turning him over to the colored people of Mountville to bury once and forever.—Baltimore Sun.

CURED BY WIRE.

A Remarkable Long Distance Faith Cure Vouched For by Many.

One of the most remarkable faith cures on record is reported from Austin, Tex. Not long since William Lockridge, a prominent merchant, was lying prostrated with paralysis of his lower limbs, which were so badly affected that they had to be lifted every time he turned in his bed. So critical was his condition that his family physician had given up all hope of his recovery. Today he is walking about the streets, apparently as well as if he had never been crippled with the disease, and his recovery is attributed solely to his being treated by telegraphic direction by a lady faith healer of Illinois.

One evening Mr. Lockridge, who was speechless and so low that he seemed to take no notice of anything, intimated by means of his hand that he wanted a pencil and paper, with which he made known that he was feeling better. It was about this time the healer wired that she had begun her treatment. The patient had been sick nearly three months, during which time the paralysis had crept up his legs from his feet to his body as far as his waist. He is practically cured and is rejoicing with his family.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

SHE WAS NOT DEAD.

A Wife's Successful Ruse to Win Back Her Husband.

Mrs. Charles Schlur of Stephentown, N. Y., has cleverly effected a reconciliation with her husband, from whom she had been separated for several months, because of a quarrel.

Since they parted the woman has been at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. W. Roberts, in Dalton, near Pittsfield, Mass. On a recent afternoon, a woman, apparently in a half hysterical condition, entered the telegraph office at Pittsfield and filed a telegram to Charles Schlur, at Stephentown, stating that his wife had committed suicide and asking him to proceed to Dalton at once.

The woman told the operator she was the sister of the alleged suicide, who had ended her life by taking laudanum because she was tired of being separated from her husband.

The reported suicide was published in the newspapers far and wide. Mr. Schlur bit at the bait, and hurried to Dalton. Then he learned that it was his wife who had sent the dispatch.

So gratified was he to find her alive and well that he seized her in his arms, and the quarrel was ended.—New York Journal.

He Was Loaded.

"Stand back! If you value your life, don't approach a step closer!" said Director Abbott of the city hall when a reporter entered his office one afternoon recently.

It was learned that the object of terror was a workman who carried a pocketful of dynamite cartridges. Besides he brought with him a box of staff somewhat weaker. He wanted police protection to do blasting on the foundations of the old historical building on the square.

"What do you mean by bringing all that stuff up here anyway?" demanded Director Abbott. "I'd rather you would call me up next time, if you cannot come without it, for it's preferable to have the explosives at the other end of the line. Do you want to blow up the whole city hall?"—Cleveland Leader.

Feared She Would Be Lonesome.

A queer proceeding was had in the mayor's court at Piqua, O., recently. Walter Tinsley and wife were arraigned for an assault on an 80-year-old man. Tinsley pleaded not guilty and his wife pleaded guilty. She was fined $10 and committed to the workhouse for 20 days. Her husband then changed his plea to guilty, saying that he felt his wife would be lonesome without him. He was given the same sentence.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Back to Business.

The hours of vacation are waning,
And the townsman will soon come back
With a courage that scorns complaining
O'er the things he henceforth must lack.
He must struggle to meet new conditions
As gracefully as he can,
Talking politics with politicians
Instead of the hired man.

He must drink from a cool soda fountain
Instead of a lukewarm spring.
No more can he climb up the mountain.
A swift elevator's the thing
That takes him aloft every morning.
And he's kept busy dodging just now
The cable car, loud in its warning,
Instead of the silent cow.
—Washington Star.

SIX-FINGERED FOLK.

PROFESSOR STARR WANTS THEM TO COME TO SEE HIM.

Mysterious Advertisement of a Chicago Scientist—May Be on the Eve of Some Important Discovery—Theories as to the Probable Purport of His Quest.

Professor Starr of the University of Chicago wants to make the acquaintance of the six fingered population of the land. He also would like to be on speaking terms with those who are blessed with more than nature's usual allotment of toes.

The purpose of the noted anthropologist's desire is a mystery, and the professor refuses to divulge the secret before he has had some tangible returns from the "want ad." that was inserted recently in The Times-Herald. One of the professor's friends hinted that the scientist might be interested in having a congress of the overdigitous people in the interests of science. This is how the call has been extended:

"Wanted.—Information regarding cases of persons with six fingers on one hand or six toes on one foot. It will be to the interest of such cases to address F. S., 5800 Jackson avenue."

Professor Starr was sought out at the address given and pleaded guilty to the insertion of the "ad." He was not disposed to divulge any of his plans, but was more prone to discuss the recent rise in wheat.

"I am waiting for developments," he said, "and until I get some answers from those for whom I have advertised I have really nothing to tell you. I admit that I am after people who have physiological peculiarities as indicated in the advertisement."

"Have you not designs of a scientific nature on six fingered people?" was asked.

"If I should tell you that, I might give away the whole story," he replied. "That might be the case, or the other alternative might be that I am getting ready to start a circus."

The professor laughed heartily at this suggestion and excused himself from further going into the subject.

As an afterthought he assured the interviewer that the object he had in view was in every way legitimate, and he hoped that the census of the six fingered persons would be large, and that they would respond without reserve.

The professor's assistants and pupils were also curious to know the import of the "ad." The unanimous opinion among them was that the anthropologist was on the road to an important discovery, and he had called the newspapers to his aid.

One suggested that nothing had interested the professor more than the study of heredity, and that it was most likely that this was the cause of bringing out the "ad." The student in question remembered that heredity has frequently been the topic in the classroom, and in this branch of study the anthropologist has gained worldwide eminence. Cases of six fingered persons have played an important part in that branch of science and caused extended discussions in the scientific world. Professor Starr, he ventured, would soon be ready to upset the theories of the new French school, which contends that heredity is a myth and has no place in science. The new experiments would be in the same line with the professor's theory that the race was degenerating and that Americans were rapidly turning into Indians. It was a link in a chain to confute the new theorist.

Professor Starr has in the past made the most extensive experiments on the question of heredity, and his conclusions have been favorably received by the greatest scientists of the world. He is original in all that he undertakes, and his friends at the university are awaiting with interest the outcome of the investigation.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Captain Ray's Record.

The commander of the new military post at Circle City, Alaska, Captain Patrick Henry Ray, has a fine record as a soldier and explorer. He took part in many of the battles of the civil war. In 1872-3 he was a member of General Stanley's expeditions to the Yellowstone. In 1881 he was assigned to the command of the international polar expedition. He established and commanded the meteorological station at Uglamie, Alaska. He made expeditions into the interior in that time, traveling over more than 1,000 miles with dogs and sledges in an unexplored region. After discovering and partly surveying Meade river he picked up Lieutenant Schwatka and party.—New York Tribune.

Outwitted the Caterpillars.

J. J. Wilkinson, a Georgia farmer, noticed caterpillars getting into his crop. They appeared first at the west side of his field, eating the grass, fodder, etc. He succeeded in getting his fodder gathered, however, before they did much damage to it. He feared they would get into his turnips and devised an ingenious plan to prevent the onslaught. He dug a ditch about six inches deep all round his turnip patch, keeping the side next to the turnips perfectly square, and he says it is simply impossible for the insects to cross it. He has known them to eat up potato and turnip leaves and, after they were gone to burrow into the root and devour that.—Waycross (Ga.) Journal.

The Smallest Book.

Italy has produced the smallest book in the world, a volume of 208 pages measuring 10 millimeters by 6, or fourtenths by a quarter of an inch. Each page contains 9 lines and from 95 to 100 letters. The text is an unpublished letter written by Galileo in 1615 to Mme. Cristine of Lorraine. The printers are the brothers Salmin of Padua, who in 1870 produced the microscopic edition of Dante's Divina Commedia, 33 by 22 millimeters in size, with 31 lines to the page.

DOGS FOR KLONDIKE.

RUMORS OF A SCHEME TO PURLOIN WEST COAST CANINES.

Pound Masters Alleged to Have Created a Trust Whose Purpose Is Peculiar—Demand For Dogs In the Yukon Country Responsible For the Movement.

Dog owners on the Pacific coast are in a panic of fear respecting their pets, for there is a well defined rumor that a combination has been formed to corral the wandering dogs of California and send them to the Klondike at so much per head. It is a gigantic dog trust, and the projectors have every reason to believe that it will be a howling success.

From the day that the first bit of news of the Klondike reached San Francisco up till the present time it has been made apparent that dogs are most valuable adjuncts to the outfit of the gold seeker. In fact, it has been demonstrated time and again on the trail over the Chilkat that the dog is about the only thing on earth by which the packs of the prospective miners can be got with any certainty over the treacherous pass.

In consequence the demand for dogs has been enormous, and many is the stray canine that has been reft from the bosom of a San Francisco family for transportation to the golden north. This demand naturally came to the notice of the poundkeeper of San Francisco, and apparently has not escaped the notice of his fellows in other cities of California. As a result, the poundkeepers' trust, which threatens to depopulate local and circumjacent dogdom, irrespective of pedigree or price.

The existence of this combination was learned recently when it was stated that the poundkeepers of San Francisco, Stockton, San Jose and Oakland had entered into a secret compact to gather up the bowwows in their neighborhood, assemble them on a given day in San Francisco, herd them aboard an outgoing steamer and start them, with plenty of dog meat, for the Chilkat and White's passes, where they will bring prices that, it is hoped by the planners of the scheme, will enrich them beyond mere dreams.

This rumor proved to have a solid foundation. Thomas Horton is the pound master at Stockton. He was interviewed by a reporter and admitted that he was one of the parties to the plan.

"We have been keeping the matter very quiet," said he, "because, of course, it might ruin the enterprise if generally known, but it is a fact that the company has been formed and all the contracts signed.

"Our idea is to gather as many dogs as we can in the usual run of our business, and we expect to get at least 500 by the time we are ready to start. The poundkeepers of Oakland, San Francisco and San Jose are with me in the scheme, and each is pledged to furnish as many dogs as possible by Sept. 15."

Pound Master Osborn of this city could not be found last night, but his alleged collaborator in the trust, H. L. Weitzell of Oakland, was easily reached. Weitzell denied that he had made any such agreement as had been stated by Horton of Stockton.

"I don't know anything about it, but I think it is a pretty good scheme. Out of 200 dogs that I captured here there were not more than two that would be any good up in that country. I have been all over it as far north as the Mackenzie river, and I know what I am talking about. No, I'm not in the combination, but I have sold a couple of dogs to send up there."

From all of the above, therefore, it might not be unwise for the owners of good dogs to keep on the watch. There is no telling when the bogy-man may make a call.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Starving to Death.

Park Policeman Shea of the New York squad saw a well dressed man drop to the pavement at Fifth avenue and One Hundred and Twentieth street shortly before 2 o'clock one morning recently. He appeared to be starving and near the point of death. Shea sent him to the Harlem hospital, where the patient was cared for until noon, when he was sent in an East river boat to Bellevue hospital.

At Bellevue it was learned that the case of the man was diagnosed as one of insanity. He refused to say a word as to his identity or how he came to be at Mount Morris park. He is of medium height, has brown hair and mustache and a week's growth of beard. He is said to be so terribly emaciated that the skin has cracked where drawn tightly over joints. His clothing contained only a key.—New York Herald.

A Musical Clerk.

The hotel register at Willard's in Washington is decorated daily by Clerk Coffin with several bars of music of popular and appropriate tunes. The recent scarcity of arrivals suggested no more appropriate tune than "He Never Came Back," but the clerk, for obvious reasons, did not insert that in the register. A recent day preceding it bore a few bars of the song, "Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot," in honor of the arrival at Willard's of Cornelius Van Cott, postmaster of New York city, who is well known in Washington.—Washington Post.

A Human Spinwheel.

Convict Painter, serving in the Ohio penitentiary for burglary and larceny, had a thrilling and exhilarating experience recently. He came too close to a couple of set screws on a flywheel. The screws caught the seat of his trousers, and for about a minute made a perfect human spinwheel out of Painter. The trousers couldn't stand the strain long, however, and Painter fell to the ground, badly bruised but not fatally injured.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PROPHESIED BY SEWARD.

The Former Secretary of State Foresaw the Fame of Alaska.

Mr. W. H. Smith of Washington, who accompanied Secretary William H. Seward on his trip around the world, when asked why Mr. Seward never made known his reasons which led to the purchase of Alaska, said: "Mr. Seward had suffered enough abuse and ridicule from the press. The manner in which President Jefferson had been criticised and abused when he attempted to set forth the advantages of the Louisiana purchase had been a sufficient object lesson for him to know that if he had attempted to announce what he knew of this newly acquired territory the derision would have been greater. Suppose he had made the statement that the territory contained gold, silver, copper and valuable minerals. Such a statement would have been ridiculed as puerile. He was determined that his advocacy of the purchase should justify itself."

Referring to Mr. Seward's trip to Alaska after his retirement from public life, he said: "When we reached Alaska, the ex-secretary, in company with his intimate friend Mr. Samuel Hooker of Massachusetts, was standing in the bow of the ship gazing at the shore. Just before landing Mr. Seward placed his hand on the shoulder of his friend and said: 'Hooker, here is the land that I have been so much abused for acquiring for the United States. Mark my words, the day will come when it will prove a greater sensation and far more remunerative than California. The American people will yet retract what they have said in abuse of my action in regard to this territory and eulogize me for its purchase.'"—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"DOG DAYS" A MYTH.

Authoritative Announcement From a Well Known Society.

The leaflet just sent out by the American Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals contains some interesting information. Among other things, the pamphlet says that "there are no dog days, because there is no time of the year when dogs are especially liable to rabies. There are no more cases of rabies in July and August than in December and January. Moreover, rabies is one of the rarest of canine diseases." It further states that "in the 30 years since the American Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was established our officers and agents have been constantly on the lookout, but no undoubted case has ever fallen under their observation or within their knowledge, and of over 100,000 dogs and other small animals which have been cared for at our shelter during the past three years not one single case of rabies has been found." The writer denies the truth of many generally accepted symptoms of rabies. Among other things he says that it is not true that a mad dog dreads water, because he is very likely to plunge his head into water if he has the opportunity.

WILL BORE FOR GOLD.

New Machine to Be Used in the Frozen Klondike Placers.

William Schwarzweber, a St. Louis inventor, has obtained letters patent for a prospecting machine that will obviate all difficulties arising from the frozen grounds of the Alaskan placer fields.

Thus far it has been necessary for the miners to build fires on the frozen gravel of the rivers in order to remove even a few inches of dirt. Six inches deep is considered a good thaw, and fire after fire has to be kindled to make any kind of an impression on the ground. Mr. Schwarzweber's invention will enable two miners to prospect to a depth of 30 feet or even more without the necessity of building a fire.

The device consists of a steel screw which is worked into the ground like a post hole auger. A cylinder of the same diameter of the screw and two feet in depth follows the screw into the ground, and within the cylinder is a well bucket which has an open bottom into which the detached dirt and gravel are forced. When full, this bucket is elevated by a windlass attachment and can be washed out and pumped while the bucket is returned into the well for another load.—Exchange.

New Commander For the Pope's Guard.

Don Pedro Altieri, Prince of Viano, has just been appointed by Pope Leo coadjutor and future successor of his father, Prince Emilio Altieri, in the command of the pope's Noble guard. The post is becoming hereditary in the Altieri family, as it has been held by some member of it since the beginning of the century and may be added to the other five hereditary positions held by princely families at the papal court. There are two princes assistant to the papal throne, the heads of the Orsini and Colonna families; a marshal of the holy Roman church and of the sacred conclave, Prince Chigi Albani; a standard bearer of the holy church, the Marquis Patrizi-Montoro, and a grand master of the sacred hospice, Prince Ruspoli.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

BETTER THAN KLONDIKE OR ALASKA

A $215,000,000 GOLD FIELD AT HOME.

Green, Excelsior and Mount Vernon Gold Mines

CAPITAL STOCK IS 500,000 SHARES EACH. PAR VALUE OF SHARES, $1.00.

OPENED, DEVELOPED AND PROVEN PROPERTIES.

EQUIPPED AND OPERATING MINES.

The Green, Excelsior and Mount Vernon Gold Mines are situated in Tuolumne County, California, in one of the richest gold fields in America, and contains some of the most valuable mines: anywhere, which have paid monthly dividends for years. They are under one management by mining men who are personally interested, and will work them for the benefit of the Stockholders. The mines are in a climate where work can be done every day in the year, easy of access, and in a forest of timber where wood, lumber and mining timber are cheap. A portion of the Capital Stock of each Company is offered for sale.

Gold mining is a safe business, as hundreds of mines in California, which are paying regular monthly dividends, and the wealth of well-known mining men testify. The Green, Excelsior and Mount Vernon are not prospects, but are developed and proven properties.

GREEN GOLD MINE.

The Green Gold Mine is opened and equipped with a ten-stamp mill hoisting works, and buildings for the workmen. It has a double compartment shaft about 240 feet deep and a tunnel run in on the vein of ore 420 feet, and hundreds of feet of drifts. The mill is capable of crushing 30 tons of ore a day. The hoisting works are sufficient to work the mine 6 to 8 hundred feet deep. The ore has averaged $40 per ton. The mine has produced $70,000, paying the entire cost of opening the mine and erecting the plant at a cost of $30,000. At the same rate per ton, as the ore worked and the mill supplied with 30 tons per day, it would surely earn from $150,000 to $200,000 a year or from 20 to 10 per cent. on the par value of the stock. Sufficient ore can be mined to run twenty stamps and double the returns. The Green is near the Confidence mine, which produced $1,250,000, and the Saulsby, which has yielded $5,500,000, and is similar in character and is 400 x 1500 feet.

A portion of the stock of the Green Gold Mine is offered for sale at 50 cents per share, to further develop the property and increase the output.

EXCELSIOR GOLD MINING AND MILLING COMPANY.

The Excelsior Mine, like all the great dividend paying mines in California, was worked to great profit many years ago, and from one cause or another abandoned. The Utica, which is the largest paying mine in California, was first opened fifty years ago, worked a while, abandoned, and afterwards started. It has since paid millions of dollars in dividends. The same history applies to the Rawhide, Quartz Mountain, Saulsby, Confidence, Kennedy, Texas, Georgia, and scores of other great producing mines. The same result will follow the Excelsior. The Excelsior is opened by a shaft, tunnel and drifts and produced $114,000, as shown by Wells-Fargo and two other banking houses. The ore averaged $60 per ton. It has only been worked 255 feet deep, or merely scratched compared with what remains. Reports and estimates show that the mine contains many times the amount of gold taken out, and that it is a very rich mine. The vein is 2 feet thick. It is 600 x 1500 feet, U. S. Patent.

A portion of the stock is offered for sale at 50c. per share, for the purpose of further developing the property.

MOUNT VERNON GOLD MINE.

The Mount Vernon is near the Green and Excelsior and with the same history. It is opened by three tunnels, 600 tons of ore were taken out and milled, which yielded $53,000 or $85 per ton. The vein is about 14 inches thick. The openings in the mine and the tunnels already driven leave little to be done to put it on a paying basis. Small veins of rich ore have proven the most profitable in mining. It is much cheaper to crush 10 tons of $85 ore than 100 tons of $8.50 ore, the average of many paying mines. The Mount Vernon was carefully examined with the Green and Excelsior, before purchasing, and selected upon its merit. The Mount Vernon is not a large mine, but the ore is very high grade. It is in the right section, and, like the Green and Excelsior, is near the Confidence and Saulsby. Mr. Fred Sutton and Jos. H. Jose, M. E., of California, reported favorably on this mine property. It is a valuable mine. It is 600 x 1500 feet, U. S. Patent.

A portion of the capital stock is offered for sale at 25c. per share to further open and develop the property.

E. R. GRANT, Transfer Agent, 57 Broadway, New York.

Make remittances to, and address or call for further information, prospectus and maps of either or all the mines, upon A. P. Minear, Treas., No. 2 Wall St. New York.

WANT COLUMN.

LOST 10.—ON COBURN STREET SATURday. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to 75 Coburn street.

WANTED—TWO MEN FOR PERMANENT situation. $60 per month. Call at 25 Central street, Room 2. P. J. R.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING Inquire at Sun office.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 402 Merrimack street. John W. Kisman, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

BARN TO LET IN BELVIDERE. APPLY at 5 Everett street.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 79 Chestnut street.

LADY WITH GOOD REFERENCE TO work at home in spare time. Can make $8 to $12 a week. No books or canvassing, work light and respectable. Permanent position to right party. We furnish work and teach you free. Send 10c for sample and instructions. The Carter Chemical Co., 150 So. Second St., Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN—REMEMBER THE CHEAPest place to have your clothing cleaned and repaired is at L. W. Baldwin's, Room 9, Associate Building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets.

JUST THINK OF IT, YOU CAN BUY A house for $700, and easy terms, or any kind of a place you want. Very cheap. G. L. HUBBARD, 44 Central Street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or brilliant printing rooms. Apply at Leggett & Co., Old Price Jewelers, 70 Central street.

FOR SALE NEAR MILLS, COTTAGE HOUSE and barn, large lot of land. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENnyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE, ONE OF THE BEST RESTAURants and lodging houses in Lowell. Rooms always rented, lots of boarders and transient. This is a good place. Price $700. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 91 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE, SMALL FARM OF 15 ACRES, cottage house, barn, some fruit, wood for home use. Price $600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Noonan's Sure Death to Bugs. 25c at Dowe's, Central street. A. Moore's, Gorham street, pharmacists.

FOR SALE ON HAMPSHIRE STREET, A good cottage house, good location, good repair. Price only $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE IN CENTRALVILLE, NEAR Bridge street, 7 room cottage house and good barn, large lot of land. Price $1700. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

WANTED—A COMPETANT GIRL TO DO general housework. References Required. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, SHOP, STOCK AND fixtures at 158 Lakeview avenue for $200.

WANTED—A KITCHEN GIRL AT 46 MERrimack Square.

FOUND—A WHITE BULLDOG IN THE Highlands. Call at No. 1 Sumner street, Molloy's Court. M. Souza.

FOR SALE NEAR BRANCH STREET, TWO tenement house, pays 15 per cent. Price $1400, and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central Street.

WANTED—A MAN WHO IS WILLING TO learn a paying business. Steady work. Good pay. No canvassing. 40 Middlesex street, room 10.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED BASQUE trimmer and finisher, 467 Merrimack street, room 4, Miss Cook.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, singularly or in suites at 52 Tyler street.

LOST—AN ENGLISH LIGHT COLORED bull dog on Central street. Collar marked "J. S. Veiza, Prince—Holton, Me." Return to 107 Appleton street.

WANTED—EVERYONE TO KNOW THAT shorthand and typewriting are thoroughly taught by great competent instructors at Miss Hard's school. Hundreds of graduates employed. Call for catalogue, 31 Hildreth Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPerty. Address P, Look Box 785. Will call if necessary.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let, singularly or in suite at 52 Tyler street.

WANTED—PARTY LOOKING FOR BUSINess where small capital safe as a government, will bring large returns. Call and investigate at 39 Middlesex street.

TO LET—FLAT IN THE NEW "BELLEvue" apartment house, No. 137 Stackpole street, fitted with all modern conveniences. Finest location in the city.

HERE'S VALUE

That will make your dollar do double service: Children's Olive Tan, in Button and Lace, Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 8 1-2 to 11, were $1.25, now 85c.

Little Gent's Dark Tan Lace shoes, were $1.50, now $1.05. Ladies' $1.00 Dark Vici Oxford Shoes, now $1 a pair. Men's Calf Lace and Congress Shoes, worth $1.50, yours for $1.35.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

"NAPTHA SOAP"

Washes everything washable. Cleans everything cleanable. We are carrying this new and popular Soap in stock, only 5c. per cake.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers
413 MIDDLESEX STREET.
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Tel 144-4 Wamesit Bank Block.

Bicycle Repairing

Is Our Specialty.

No matter what part of your Bicycle bends breaks or becomes disabled we can repair or replace it at short notice.

Our shop is the largest and best equipped in Lowell.

ALL WORK FULLY GUARANTEED

When you want rims, tires, gears, saddles, spokes, forks, chains, pedals, handle bars or any part of a bicycle,

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GET OUR PRICES.

RING'S Big Repair Shop,
221-223-225-227-229 Dutton St.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	§7 05
6 25	7 45	6 25	7 50
8 43	7 55	8 40	9 36
§7 05	8 02	7 15	8 10
§7 20	8 19	§8 30	§9 10
§7 25	8 18	§9 00	§9 55
§7 35	8 50	9 15	§10 25
8 45	8 57	§9 30	10 07
§7 50	8 55	§10 00	11 15
§8 00	9 49	10 45	11 38
9 15	10 35	11 30	§12 07
9 49	10 40	§12 00	§12 50
11 00	12 04	§1 00	§1 35
§11 42	§12 35	§1 15	1 52
§12 16	1 05	2 00	3 01
1 40	2 50	§3 01	§3 46
3 00	4 25	3 17	6 03
§3 47	4 30	4 14	§6 32
§4 04	4 45	4 47	5 55
4 25	5 30	§5 04	5 45
§5 22	6 18	5 35	6 35
5 44	7 10	5 47	6 57
§5 22	7 05	6 14	7 30
§7 40	8 33	§7 30	§8 05
§8 40	9 42	§8 00	§8 55
		10 15	11 20
		11 23	12 25

Western Division

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 00	8 03	7 30	8 33
7 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 00	11 50	1 15
12 05	1 27	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 58	3 45	4 55
2 30	3 41	4 25	5 45
3 55	4 02	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 23	6 04	7 13
5 10	6 42	6 35	7 45
6 15	7 26	9 40	10 37
7 00	8 05	11 15	11 12 10
9 25	10 50		

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
5 15	9 27	8 03	9 17
12 05	1 20	11 15	12 08
4 15	6 28	6 00	6 15
5 30	6 55	8 40	9 40
8 43	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‡ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 20	8 18	2 15	§3 00
§7 55	8 10	8 00	§3 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§4 55
§9 19	10 10	5 01	§5 59
§4 25	5 52	7 35	§8 15
§5 55	7 00	8 00	§8 55
		9 00	10 05

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton st.

A USEFUL PRESENT.

For a few days, with a pound of Tea, a big grey enamelled tea or coffee pot is given away. Dickson Bros., the Big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack st.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 323 Central st.

Lost—A St Bernard pup, about ten months old. Last seen on Middlesex street. Reward at 321 Market street.

If your coal does not suit you, try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone.

James T. Cowley of this city, assignor, by mesne attachments to the American metallic cushion company of West Virginia has received a patent for a pillow or cushion.

Catch on to the fact that Uncle Sam's store advertises the new fall suits and hats in this issue. Catch on to the fact that they don't ask more than the prices of ordinary goods this season.

LOWELL HORSES ENTERED.

"The Flying Duke" owned by J. A. Gregobio of this city, E. C. Laporte's "Dan L.," and P. E. Fitzgerald's "Needmore," are entered in the running race at Nashua next Monday. In the free-for-all, the Lowell entry is C. B. Bank's "Conemar".

MUSIC HALL

Peck's Bad Boy is looked at today as one of our sterling farce comedies. The company which will present it at Music Hall, commencing next Saturday afternoon, is composed of exceptionally strong comedians and specialty artists and the result is an entertainment of surpassing excellence. The engagement will continue Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday evenings, with matinee Monday and Wednesday afternoons.

MATRIMONIAL

The marriage of Mr. James Kennedy, the popular employe of the Lowell & Suburban street railroad, and Miss Mary Rourke, an estimable young resident of Centralville, occurred yesterday afternoon at St. Michael's parochial residence, Rev. Fr. Gilday performing the ceremony. The bride, who wore white organdie over silk and carried white roses, was attended by her sister Miss Bessie Rourke, who was attired in figured organdie over silk. The best man was Mr. Eugene Malone. After the ceremony a very pleasant reception was held at the future residence of the happy couple on Jewett street, where they very modestly received the congratulation of numerous friends. They were also the recipients of many beautiful and useful wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy will enjoy their honeymoon in Atlantic City.

COLEMAN—MULLEN.

The marriage of Patrolman Thomas F. Coleman and Miss Mary Mullen, cashier at O'Donnell & Gilbride's, occurred yesterday morning at St. Peter's parochial residence, Rev. Michael Ronan uniting the happy couple.

Thomas F. Harrington was best man and Miss Mary E. Maguire acted as bridesmaid. The ceremony was private and the couple departed on their wedding trip. Among the presents received were a dinner set of Haviland china and a china closet from the clerks and members of the O'Donnell & Gilbride company.

FRASER—SANBORN.

A pretty home wedding occurred last evening at the home of the bride, 1251 Middlesex street, when Mrs. Melvena S. Sanborn was united in marriage with Mr. George W. Fraser of the Merrimack engraving shop. The house was beautifully decorated and the ceremony was performed under a floral arch. The bride was attended by Mary Knapp as bridesmaid, while Mr. T. W. Fraser, a brother of the groom, performed the function of best man. The couple were preceded by two little flower girls as they entered the room, daughters of the contracting parties, Misses Mabel Sanborn and Ethel Fraser. The bride was given away by her mother, Mrs. S. E. Walcott and Rev. George F. Kenngott officiated. The bride was attired in white muslin with satin trimmings and carried bride's roses, while the bridesmaid was similarly attired, carrying pinks instead of roses. The ushers were Messrs. John J. Fraser and James A. Fraser, brothers of the groom.

RUSH—BROWER.

Mr. Albert H. Rush and Miss Lucy Brower were married Wednesday morning, at No. 8 Goward place, off Appleton street. Rev. W. A. Bartlett performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Rush after a wedding breakfast, left for New York city, where they will reside.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

CRISP GOSSIP

Some of the answers given at examinations in Boston this year were ludicrous in the extreme. In a training school for girls, one maiden said that a robin had web feet and that a sparrow had eyes on both sides of its head to enable it to see around a corner. In political and legal lore the pupils were all at sea. One said a "bill" was permissible when it is allowed to pass for the first time; it is retrospective when it has to be considered again. Charlestown was said to be a naval arsenic. Children, too, give some queer definitions. Backbiter was said to be a flea. Blacksmith is a place where they make horses because you can see them nailing the feet on. A horse is an animal with four legs, one on each corner. Ice is water that went to sleep in the cold. Little sins are cracked commandments. The best egg is the one the hen measures by. The four seasons are pepper, salt, mustard, and vinegar, and stars are the moon's eggs.

The post office department in Washington admonishes the post office employes throughout the country, particularly those at the stamp window, to be larly hose at the samp window to be more polite in the discharge of their duties. That admonition, it is needless to say, is unnecessary in the case of the local post office employes who are fully alive to the requirements of their work and their duty to the public.

A man was arrested in New York for laughing at a woman who was learning to ride a bicycle. He was no gentleman, that fellow; but please mayn't we laugh at a woman who looks funny on a wheel.

Trouble is expected at Spring Valley Ill., with the opening of the public schools. Two sets of teachers have been engaged and both will attempt to teach. The two factions of the Board of Education are bunching their respective teachers, and each side expects to be on the ground early in the morning on the opening day to see that there is no interference from the other side. A clash can hardly be avoided. The fight between the members of the Board of Education dates back to the spring election, and is the outgrowth of a feud between the Spring Valley Coal company and its supporters and a faction of citizens who are opposed to the company.

All newspapermen will appreciate the felowing in regard to the newspaper man's wife:

"But her life, so full of many delights,
Has one dark cloud, alas!
Though she shares his tickets to the circus and play,
To lectures and negro minstrels gay,
She can't use his railroad pass!"

Mgr. Conaty of the Catholic University, was present at the convention of the Catholic Young Men's National Union Tuesday and was given a warm welcome and upon invitation of the president made an eloquent address. He called special attention to the work which the young mens' societies in the Catholic church have done for the cause of temperance in Massachusetts. After eulogizing the Catholic university, he stated that he had learned with pleasure of the proposed founding of some memorial to the great Brownson. "Whatever you will do," he said, "will be welcome." He offered as a suggestion, however, that the memorial take the form of a scholarship for the benefit of the laity since the departments open to the layman have not received much assistance in this line as yet.

When the city of Boston finishes its its park system, upon which it is now spending millions, it will be one of the finest cities in the country. Time was when the common and the public gardens were the principal breathing places of the city. Later Franklin park sprang up, but now, in addition, there are the Charlesbank and Marine Park, with its grand piers and Fort Independence at the pleasure of the public. Now it is contemplated connecting Marine park with Franklin park by the Columbian road, which will be a "straightaway" park one hundred feet wide, with accommodations for carriages, bicyclists and electric cars. The West End street railroad company, not to be outdone, has opened the beautiful Norumbega park in Newton on the Charles river, which is reached by electric cars along the picturesque Newton boulevard, passing Chestnut Hill reservoir and St. John's seminary in Brighton and forming one of the most beautiful rides in the state.

A democratic lawyer who was evidently "knocking" said to me yesterday day, "In the course of a few days you may announce my candidacy for the mayoralty on a non-partisan ticket. My platform will be "No city employes to get less than $2 and a fend between myself and every man who votes against me." He failed to explain his point to me, however.

A story is told about one of Superintendent Fowler's men who recently becoming tired of his work took a piece of paper and began scraping the mud from his wheelbarrow, appearing to be working quite hard. His boss, a new one, upon seeing him said "Here, what are you doing?" "Sure, I'm cleaning my machine, responded the lab- "Well, get away from there," said the boss. "What do you know about machinery, anyway?"

A suggestion to Messrs. Poore, Marble and Miller: "Blessed are they who expect nothing, for they shall not be disappointed."

Not a day passes but over a dozen women jeopardize their safety by alighting from electric cars in the square while they are in motion and invariably jumping backward. Well, perhaps they couldn't find a better place for in the square are doctors, drug stores, and a florist, while the undertakers are on Prescott street, nearby.

As I watched the Boston-Chicago game Tuesday, I was surprised at the attention given Captain Anson by the Boston people. They urged him to kick at every decision, and when he followed their advice they all laughed. Even Tom Lynch, the greatest umpire on the diamond, enjoyed Anson's kicking and shook with laughter when the captain made a "vigorous protest." Anson is a big man with the Boston base ball public and no one can deny that.

Mrs. Harry Habrouck and son of Passaic, N. J., are visiting at the home of her mother and brother, 67 Powell street. She will visit friends in northern Vermont before her return to New Jersey.

AYER'S PILLS

"Having been subject, for years, to constipation, without being able to find much relief, I at last tried Ayer's Pills, and testify that I have derived great benefit from their use. For over two years past I have taken one of these pills every night."—G. W. BOWMAN, 20 East Main St., Carlisle, Pa.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL.

Very enjoyable talks were held last evening at Posts 42 and 120, the experiences of encampment furnishing a fund of good stories. Post 42 was represented by six members, Commander W. H. I. Hayes, Capt. Chas. H. Kimball, Chaplain Charles Cowley, and Comrades Ballou and Worthley.

Post 120 had a large delegation, including the following officers: Commander S. C. Smiley, Sr. Vice Commander C. H. Stickney, Jr. Vice Commander A. J. Hall, Adjt. F. E. Butler, Quartermaster W. W. Tuttle, Chaplain R. S. Ripley, Surgeon J. W. Carter, Quartermaster Sergeant B. H. Fife, Sergt. Major E. A. Turner, and other comrades of the post to the number of 23.

Comrades Butler, Tuttle, and Ripley returned by way of Albany and the Hudson river.

One of the best of the season was last night's meeting of Granite lodge, I.O.G.T., of Graniteville.

The committee consisted of Clara Decatur, Harry Ingalls, Zina Mitchell, Bertha Kierstead, and Carrie Farrow. The good of the order was of an interesting nature and consisted of remarks by Chief Templar William Saunders of West Medford, James L. Moss of Mt. Zion lodge, Mrs. Caroline Prinn; readings, Zina Mitchell, Ella Kierstead, Fred Dane, Hiram Dane; songs, William Decatur, Cora DeHoehn and a piano solo by Miss Gladys Reed of Lowell. A few remarks by George Deland and Mrs. Jennie Dugdale brought a very pleasant session to a close.

Peace Temple (juvenile) I.O.G.T., will open its meetings at Manchester Unity hall, Runels' building, Friday afternoon at 4.30.

The Misses McHugh of Moore street gave a delightful "Flag Party" at their home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. A. E. Blanchard entertained a select party of friends at her home, 80 Moore street, last evening. Whist prizes were distributed as follows: First, ladies' Mr. Hugh Walker; first, gentlemen's, Frank Tobin; ladies booby, Miss Jantzen; gentlemen's booby, Joseph Gormley. The D. L. Page company catered and at the conclusion of the game there was an enjoyable impromptu musical program.

William F. Elvin opened his season last season by giving a complimentary party to his friends at St. Joseph's hall. There were about 50 couples present.

Mrs. John Barr of Manchester, N. H., formerly of Lowell, is visiting at the residence of Gardner W. King 655 Westford street. She is in her 94th year.

The only remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body, that is absolutely safe and never failing, is Doan's Ointment. Get it from your dealer.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

THERE is no getting away from the fact that Pure White Lead (see list of *brands* which are *genuine*) and Pure Linseed Oil make the best paint.

Properly applied, it will not chip, chalk or scale off, but will outwear any of the mixtures offered as substitutes. It is, therefore, by far the most economical.

FREE By using National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, any desired shade is readily obtained. Pamphlet giving valuable information and card showing samples of colors free; also cards showing pictures of twelve houses of different designs painted in various styles or combinations of shades forwarded upon application to those intending to paint.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., BOSTON BRANCH, Cor. Congress and Purchase Sts., Boston, Mass.

Splendid Business Opportunity

A CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED IN LOWELL.

Stock and Fixtures of one of the Most Attractive Shoe Stores in Lowell For Sale.

Well established business; fine location; reasonable rent; great corner for shoe repairing and a grand opening for the right man. Apply at Sun Office if you are interested.

NEW COAL YARD

NEW COAL, NEW BUILDINGS, NEW LOCATION, IN SHORT EVERYTHING NEW AT

JOSEPH MULLIN'S

953 GORHAM ST., OPP. MOORE ST.

The business formerly carried on in the old Mollohan coal yard is all removed to our new yard where everything is better than ever before. Coal, Wood and Grain will be delivered promptly and at the lowest prices.

HONEST GOODS
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We have no middleman to divide profits with and can always give you the advantage of this. You can order Coal, Wood or Grain either in person, or by postal or telephone, and remember the new yard,

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COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

Some Special Bargains in

COTTON CLOTH

Which we have placed on sale in our Basement Department for the remainder of this week.

2 bales extra heavy Unbleached Cotton, 40 inches wide, in remnants of from 1 to 20 yards in length, worth 10c. yard, at 6 1-2c. Yard.

Remnants of Fruit of the Loom Bleached Cotton, 36 inches wide, at 6 1-4c. Yard.

20 pieces 9-4 Bleached and Unbleached Cotton for this sale only at 14c. Yard.

10 pieces Bleached Cambric Muslin, regular price 12 1-2c. yard, at 9c. Yard.

2 cases of 36-inch Bleached Cotton in Remnants, worth 10c. yard at 5c. Yard.

2 bales of heavy Unbleached Sheeting, 36 inches wide, worth 8c. yard, at 3 1-2c. Yard.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

LADIES' VESTS

MARKED WAY DOWN.

We found that we had bought too many of

Ladies' Sleeveless Jersey Vests

which was our line to sell 19c. a garment, very nice, prettily trimmed and fine quality in both plain ribbed and Richelieu ribbed, full bleached and cream color,

But we shall not carry any over for we shall offer them at a big sacrifice at once and sell them

10c. Each

Or 3 for 25 Cents.

It will pay any lady to buy even for future use if not wanted now as they are very nice vests and at this low price are a good bargain.- Sale in

Bargain Department, Basement.

A. G. Pollard & Co.